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STREET SALE

HIGHER TAX RATE FOR ATLANTA BEATEN; VOTERS FAVOR $1,000,000 ISSUE OF BONDS

EUFAULA WRECKED BY TORNADO

DEAD BEING TAKEN FROM THE DEBRIS BY RESCUE PARTIES

Four Corpses Have Already Been Recovered and Others Are Known to Be Under Wrecked Buildings.

S. F. LAWTON, ATLANTA, BURIED IN THE RUINS

Rev. W. P. Dickinson, Methodist Pastor, Among the Victims — City in Darkness and the Rescuers Work by Lights From Autos.

Eufaula, Ala., March 5.—Four bodies have been taken from the ruins of the McRae building, which collapsed during a storm of tornado proportions that struck Eufaula this afternoon. Two others are known to be buried in the ruins of this building.

The bodies recovered are those of E. J. Searcy, a broker, and Rev. W. P. Dickinson, and two unidentified men.

S. F. Lawton, a traveling insurance man from Atlanta, is known to be buried in the ruins, according to Eufaula people, as is Dr. J. L. Adams, an optician. Both men are believed to be dead.

Rescue parties are trying to clear the debris, working by lantern light and by the lights from automobiles.

Several Negroes Killed.

Several negroes are known to have been killed during the storm by the collapse of downtown buildings and other buildings.

Among the injured are:

J. C. McRae, proprietor of the Mercantile business operating in the McRae building; Mrs. Emma Willie Northrup, Miss Alice Wells and John Whitlock, a jeweler.

Rev. Dr. Dickinson, one of the victims, was a Methodist pastor.

Until daylight permits a survey of the city, it will be impossible to accurately estimate the damage in today's storm, no one tonight being in position to estimate except on structures known to have been wrecked.

Nearly Every House Damaged.

Practicaly every house in the city was damaged and a number of business houses entirely wrecked.

The city is in darkness. There is no telephone connection and only one railroad wire in operation. Trees are strewn over the streets.

The catholic church is a total loss.

Lampley's three store buildings and an automobile warehouse are a total loss.

The Bluff City inn, the Ross Hardware company's store, and J. Oppenheimer's store are badly damaged.

S. F. Lawton, reported killed in a tornado at Eufaula, Ala., late today, was a traveling representative of the Southeastern Underwriters' association, it was said at headquarters here tonight. Lawton's home was New Bedford, Mass.

POLLARD SWEPT BY CYCLONE.

Mobile, Ala., March 5.—A cyclone which struck Pollard this afternoon at 12:45 o'clock did considerable damage to the business section, railroad depot and other buildings, including a church. The cyclone, which came from a southwesterly direction, was accompanied by a heavy downpour of rain. All wires leading to Pollard were prostrated. The only town heard from here was Flomation, Ala., which, it is reported, had a severe windstorm. No lives are known to have been lost.

The following buildings were destroyed or badly damaged:

Telephone Exchange building blown off foundation and almost completely wrecked, all wires leading into it being down.

H. D. Finlay's brick store unroofed; his storage and warehouse building was blown down.

The hotel building was completely wrecked.

Numerous smaller buildings were wrecked or damaged.

Louisville and Nashville depot unroofed.

Plant of Lindsey Lumber company damaged considerably.

Negro church, which was also used as a negro school, was destroyed.

Brick store building, formerly oc-

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Vandy Students Go Out on Strike Against R.O.T.C.

They Demand That Course Be Optional and Refuse to Attend Drills. Chancellor Says Strike Must Cease.

Nashville, Tenn., March 5.—Chancellor Kirkland, of Vanderbilt university, tonight refused to take any action in regard to the demand of the student body that the Reserve Officers' Training corps course be made optional. He told the committee of students that so long as the students remained on strike he would take no steps to arbitrate the trouble.

In the meantime, practically the entire student body is refusing to attend the drills or to take any part in mass athletics under direction of Major Glen Anderson, U. S. A.

CHURCH DEACONS ISSUE STATEMENT

Tabernacle Debt Canceled in Will of James M. Smith, According to a Well-Founded Rumor, Say Officials.

Asserting that the administrators of the James M. Smith estate have not dealt fairly with the indorsers of the Tabernacle Baptist church note, the board of deacons issued a statement Wednesday, covering the struggle of that institution to liquidate the indebtedness.

In this card, which was authorized at a recent meeting of the board, it is set forth that information received from reputable citizens, shows that Colonel Smith cancelled the debt of the church in his will, and that a former administrator of the estate had asserted "that the church would never have to pay the debt, if the truth were known."

Only Payment Was Delayed.

"After the close of the dollar campaign," says the statement, "the officials of the church were advised by eminent counsel, connected with the James M. Smith litigation, not to make payment until all contest of the probate of the will had ceased.

"At that time a caveat was pending to the will, which has since been established, and an effort was being made to set up an alleged will by the terms of which the tabernacle debt had been cancelled by bequest of James M. Smith.

"There was current rumor testified to by many reputable citizens going to show that Colonel Smith gave the debt to the tabernacle in his will. A very prominent citizen, at one time one of the administrators of James M. Smith estate, stated to one of the official board of the tabernacle: 'If the truth could be known your church would never have to pay that debt. Colonel Smith never intended to make the church pay it.'"

The statement was accompanied by affidavits by three members of the Tabernacle Baptist congregation, who claimed that M. P. McWhorter, counsel for the plaintiffs in the suit, had assured them that the indorsers of the church note would not be held individually liable for the shortage.

The Deacons' Statement.

The statement follows:

Editor Constitution: At a recent meeting of the board of deacons of the Tabernacle Baptist church of Atlanta the following brief statement was authorized to be given to the public by way of answer to the cards, paid and otherwise, that have recently appeared in public print concerning said church.

It is true that for some years the financial affairs of the Tabernacle have been more or less before the public. Since the completion of that great building three financial drives have been made. First, the subscription of some $85,000 was raised shortly after the building was completed and a short time before the pastor of the church accepted a call to London.

The second drive was an effort to lift the mortgage in order to secure as pastor Frank Norris, of Fort Worth, Texas, who conditioned his acceptance of the call upon the liquidation of the debt.

The third and last drive was what we called the "dollar campaign" in the fall of 1917. These are the only subscriptions raised by the church since the building was finished.

The building cost $146,000 and the only funds available when it was commenced was $9,000. The hospital building was sold and the proceeds applied on the debt. The $85,000 subscriptions, which, if collected

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BITTER ROW RAGES IN THE CONFERENCE OF THE GOVERNORS

Over Adoption of Resolutions Regarding Public Questions — Gov. Cox and Mayor Rolph Lead Opposing Sides.

SECRETARY HOUSTON LEAVES CONFERENCE

When Rolph Urges Immediate Call of Extra Session — Rolph Says Washington Is Responsible for Labor Situation.

Washington, March 5. — Bitter controversy raged in the conference of governors and mayors today before the report of the committee on resolutions, making a great variety of recommendations on public questions, finally was adopted. Even after the viva voce vote, delegates from the west, led by Mayor Rolph, of San Francisco, attempted to force a record vote to show that they dissented from the majority, but were overruled by Secretary of Labor Wilson, who presided.

Adjournment was taken after Mayor Rolph and Governor Cox, of Ohio, chairman of the committee on resolutions, had risen on questions of personal privilege concerning their championship of opposing sides in the debate.

Gist of the Resolutions.

The resolutions, which Governor Cox announced were submitted unanimously after elimination of all partisan subjects, condemned doctrines which inveigh against God and government. They also recommend that the government should not only prepare for the transportation necessities of prosperity, but use the railroads as the means of helping private industry by carrying out the program of improvements.

Expressly disclaiming approval of fixing of costs, the resolutions sanctioned government approval of price schedules as a step toward establishing a new basis of values. Reduction of freight rates on all building material, especially road material, was suggested. It was declared that reduction of wages should come only as a result of reduced living costs.

Recommendation was made that the federal government continue its "helpful offices" with the view to averting "serious consequences" in the financial affairs of public utilities. Settlement of government contracts, lifting of governmental restrictions on industry and materials as soon as possible, and continuation of the federal survey of natural resources started during the war were asked. The conference also deplored discontinuance of federal employment agencies and urged demobilization of the army by local draft boards.

Utilities Section Attacked.

The section relating to public utilities was attacked vigorously by Mayor Hoan, of Milwaukee, who moved that it be stricken out, the motion being supported by Mayor

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IRISH OF BOSTON TO HONOR COHALAN BANNED BY WILSON

Boston, March 5.—Delegates of four Irish societies at a meeting here tonight of the Associated Branches of the Friends of Irish Freedom voted to extend an invitation to Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, of New York, to be the guest of honor at a banquet in this city on March 17.

A resolution which was adopted declared that "Americans of Irish blood were grievously offended at the action of President Wilson at the Metropolitan Opera house in New York last night in refusing to meet a committee named by the Irish race convention at Philadelphia until Justice Cohalan has withdrawn from the room.

The resolution expressed confidence in Justice Cohalan and praised him for his work in connection with the friends of Irish freedom.

Matthew Cummings, who presided at the meeting, announced that Justice Cohalan was one of the three men who had been selected by the national organization of the Friends of Irish Freedom to go to France to press its demands at the peace conference. Justice John W. Goff, of New York, he said, also would be a member of this commission.

VOTE ON TAX RATE INCREASE AND BONDS

ITEMS VOTED ON—		Ward 1 (A)	Ward 1 (B)	Ward 2 (A)	Ward 2 (B)	Ward 3 (A)	Ward 3 (B)	Ward 4 (A)	Ward 4 (B)	Ward 5 (A)	Ward 5 (B)	Ward 6 (A)	Ward 6 (B)	Ward 7 (A)	Ward 7 (B)	Ward 8 (A)	Ward 8 (B)	Ward 9 (A)	Ward 9 (B)	Ward 10 (A)	Ward 10 (B)	TOTALS.
TAX RAISE—	For	55	19	270	33	273	82	127	38	91	54	206	99	228	77	254	28	290	40	56	91	2411
	Against	144	139	252	56	227	73	74	232	155	51	146	61	155	53	251	39	190	67	40	140	2545
WATERWORKS BONDS, $500.000—	For	126	26	468	63	490	135	173	46	178	89	337	137	345	126	444	52	462	94	77	179	4047
	Against	81	129	88	22	71	20	29	217	58	16	50	18	44	8	57	39	27	9	13	46	1042
CREMATORY BONDS, $300,000—	For	119	126	438	62	455	138	73	37	175	82	319	138	318	121	342	49	421	92	82	172	3859
	Against	86	28	118	23	96	21	29	227	60	14	63	15	72	11	151	16	66	7	15	51	1169
FIRE DEPM'T BONDS, $100.000—	For	121	127	445	62	477	136	68	41	179	86	338	133	337	121	105	48	458	92	83	179	4036
	Against	85	28	111	22	84	19	34	220	57	20	47	12	53	10	91	16	31	9	14	42	1012
CYCLORAMA BONDS, $100,000—	For	122	27	459	62	483	136	166	35	170	89	329	137	325	122	402	47	449	90	78	170	3898
	Against	86	134	97	22	78	19	35	228	68	15	57	16	65	11	96	17	66	13	17	53	1167

PORK EMBARGO GOES BY BOARD

All Export Restrictions Lifted by Government. Price of Hogs and Pork Expected to Increase.

Washington, March 5.—Removal of pork and pork products from the export conservation list was announced tonight by the war trade board, effective tomorrow. At the same time the board rescinded the regulation by which all applications for licenses to export these commodities to European destinations were required to bear a certificate from the food administration showing that the administration had approved the sale price.

The food administration, in an announcement issued simultaneously, said this action would destroy its ability to further stabilize the price of live hogs and that it probably would result in the price of hogs and pork increasing beyond the stabilized prices which the administration had desired to continue to March 21.

Export Commission Dissolved.

The war trade board's announcement also said that it had been advised that the allied provisions export commission had been dissolved and that purchases of foodstuffs for shipment to Great Britain, France and Italy would no longer be made by that commission. This commission was organized early in the war and all foodstuffs for the allies bought in America were purchased through it.

With removal of pork and pork products from the conservation list, the board announced that these commodities could be exported freely to the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Belgium, Japan or Greece or their colonies, possessions or protectorates under the special export license issued February 26.

Officials of the food administration had expected to reach an agreement before the first of the month on the continuance of the minimum prices for hogs, but after conferences with the war trade board and President Wilson it was announced that no decision would be possible until the president could consider the whole matter of export embargoes.

Two statements were issued tonight by the food administration. One dealt entirely with the effect of the war trade board's order. The other said former Governor Stuart, of Virginia, chairman of the national agricultural advisory committee, has sent to "his committee and to the swine producers' committee a statement indorsing and warmly commending, the earnest but unavailing efforts of the food administration" to maintain the minimum price for hogs.

Statement by Board.

The statement regarding the board's action said in part:

"The practical effect of this action of the war trade board is to destroy the ability of the United States food administration to further stabilize the price of live hogs. It was the desire and has been the endeavor of the food administration to continue this stabilization as heretofore and until March 31, when the normal marketing period of hogs farrowed in the spring of 1918 would have terminated.

"The whole program of stabilization of prices was the outgrowth of the imperative necessity for stimulated hog production for war needs at a time when a dangerous shortage of fats threatened the entire allied world.

"The obligation with respect to the pigs farrowed in the spring of 1918 began with the marketing of September, and would have been terminated March 31. From 85 to 90 per cent of these hogs have been sold. The European demand for hog products will increase rather than diminish. The supply of live hogs coming to market in March and April will be greatly reduced in numbers. The European markets are opening rapidly to free trading in hog products, and the area to be supplied is being made increasingly accessible. The enemy countries are to be given opportunity to secure hog products and other foods.

"It is possible that as a consequence of the general situation the price of hogs and pork may go higher than the stabilized prices which have been maintained and which the food administration desired to be continued to March 21 next."

Officers Accused Of Sending Troops To Needless Death

Sir Sam Hughes Says Canadian Troops Were Ordered to Certain Slaughter So That Officers Might Get Promotion.

Toronto, March 5.—All Canada has been stirred by charges made in the house of commons by Sir Sam Hughes, former minister of militia, that officers commanding the dominion's forces in France had needlessly sacrificed the lives of their men in order to advance themselves. Although his allegations were assumed to refer to Sir Arthur Currie, commander-in-chief of the Canadian forces, there is apparent tonight a strong inclination in many quarters to disagree with him. Soldiers who served overseas already have taken up the cudgel in support of General Currie.

Waste of Canadian Lives.

Sir Sam opened his attack with the announcement that he had protested several times to Premier Borden against "the waste of Canadian boys' lives in unnecessary stunts on the battle field." He then read a letter he had sent to Sir Robert protesting against what he termed needless slaughter at Cambrai and stating that he had drawn attention of the prime minister on previous occasions to the "massacres at Lens, Passchendaele, etc., where the only apparent object was to glorify the general in command and make it impossible, through butchery, to have a fifth and sixth division and two army corps."

He declared that any general who would undertake the attack at Cambrai by suburban or street fighting should be court-martialed. The same was true, he said, of the officer who had ordered the storming of Mons four hours before the signing of the armistice. This he characterized

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Charles Barrett Talks Cotton To Clemenceau

Georgian Is Received by the French Premier, and Lifting of Embargo Is Discussed.

Paris, March 5.—Charles Barrett, head of the delegation of the national board of farm organizations in the United States, was granted an interview with Premier Clemenceau Tuesday afternoon. He discussed the restriction of cotton importation with the premier. Mr. Barrett said later:

"M. Clemenceau seemed extremely attentive and agreeable and said 'the world needs cotton. The world should have cotton, and it should go everywhere.'"

Wilson Spends Time on Liner In Diversion

President Plans to Do as Little Work as Possible for Several Days. Smooth Seas for George Washington.

On Board the U. S. S. George Washington, March 5.—(By Wireless to the Associated Press.)—President Wilson laid aside his work this afternoon after several hours at his desk and spent the remainder of the day in various forms of diversion.

The president expects to do as little as possible for the next two or three days and is looking forward to a brief vacation after the busy days since he landed at Boston.

The George Washington this evening was plowing ahead at sixteen knots over smooth seas.

BARNES MAY KNOW HIS FATE TODAY

Judge Hammond Rushes Trial at Thomson, Holding Night Session and Completing Testimony First Day—Much Interest in Trial.

Thomson, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) John H. Barnes, charged with the murder on February 3 of his brother-in-law, J. O. J. Lewis, will know his fate in all likelihood before sunset tomorrow. The taking of testimony was concluded at the first day's session, court not adjourning until after 11 o'clock tonight. The arguments of counsel and the charge of the presiding judge, Henry C. Hammond, will be made at the morning session Thursday, the case in all probability going to the jury before the noon recess.

The first day of the trial was devoid of sensational features, although the injection of personalities livened the proceedings considerably, and at times approached the point that a rebuke from the court was necessary.

Thomas E. Watson, advisory counsel for the defense, around whom a great deal of the interest centered, did not take an active part in conducting the case for the defendant. In fact, he was absent from the courtroom during a great part of the time spent in the examination and cross-examination of witnesses. He was twice placed on the stand by the defense, the first time to testify to Barnes' physical condition on the day of the shooting and previously, and the second time as a character witness. His tendency to stray away from the subject at issue and ramble into accounts of his own personal and political affairs brought him two sharp calls from the court.

Jury Selection Prompt.

Anticipated delay in the selection of a jury did not materialize to any great extent, the box being filled in sixty-two minutes. Fifty-three veniremen out of a total of one hundred and forty-eight summoned, one hundred of these being drawn by the judge immediately after the case was called, were examined. The state exhausted all of its ten strikes, while the defense used nineteen of the twenty strikes to which it was entitled. Nine veniremen were declared incompetent because they admitted prejudice, and three because they declared they were opposed to capital punishment.

The prosecution, represented by Solicitor General A. L. Franklin,

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BACK TO SALOONS SWING THE TOWNS IN VERMONT STATE

Montpelier, Vt., March 5.—Revision tonight of the votes cast in town and city elections in Vermont yesterday on the liquor license question showe dthat the numbers of communities voting for license was more than double that of last year. Twenty-five cities and towns sent in returns showing that they favored a license policy, as against eleven last year.

Changes from no license to license were made in Burlington, Montpelier, St. Albans City, St. Johnsbury, Northfield, Roxbury, Mount Tabor, Benson, Hubbardston, Danby, Fairfax, Highgate, Swanton, Hartford and Wardsboro. No changes from license to no license were reported.

FOR CHEAPER AUTO PLANS ARE MADE BY HENRY FORD

Los Angeles, March 5—Henry Ford left for his home in Detroit today after announcing that on his arrival there he would perfect plans for the manufacture, by a new corporation, of a cheaper automobile than any now extensively marketed. Mr. Ford said he had designed the car while "resting" at Altadena, near here.

WITH BULLETS SOLDIERS STOP BERLIN RIOTERS

Government Troops Fire on the Spartacans in the Neighborhood of the Police Headquarters.

UNREST IS GROWING THROUGHOUT GERMANY

Spartacans Are Driven From Halle After Bloody Fighting—All Transport Stopped in Berlin by the Strike.

Berlin, March 5.—Government troops at police headquarters fired on rioters in the neighborhood Tuesday evening and several casualties are reported to have resulted. The troops had been called to disperse the crowds which were gathered in increased numbers around the headquarters.

Reports were current that a Spartacan marine division had seized police headquarters, but this proved to be incorrect.

The Spartacans have inaugurated a movement to seize Koenigsberg, East Prussia, and thereby open a route of communication to Moscow so that Bolshevik armies from Russia might move to the assistance of the Spartacan forces, according to an official government bulletin today.

The government, however, the bulletin states, has sent forces into Koenigsburg with the object of putting down the Spartacan strike movement for the seizure of the town.

These troops, adds the bulletin, which was issued under date of Tuesday, March 4, disarmed the Spartacan home guard in Koenigsberg after considerable fighting.

Government Troops Take Halle.

Government troops occupied the city of Halle, between Berlin and Weimar, late Monday after sanguinary street fighting in which thirty civilians were killed, according to an aviator who has arrived here by airplane from Halle. The troops also suffered casualties.

During the fighting, the aviator reports, the rioters seized officers of the government forces and threw them into the river Saale, where they permitted them to drown. There was much looting prior to and during the fighting, and the property loss is said to be heavy.

The Spartacan leaders fled from the city and are reported to have taken a large amount of city funds with them. The government troops have proclaimed a state of siege in Halle.

Halle, an important railroad junction between Berlin and Weimar, had been in the hands of the Spartacans most of last week. It was one of the first cities in central Germany to be affected by the Spartacan movement, which since apparently has spread throughout the country.

The occupation of Dusseldorf by government forces has been accomplished without opposition, according to an official bulletin issued today.

The radicals, the bulletin adds, are endeavoring to extend the general strike movement to southeastern Saxony.

Advices from Bremen state that the political prisoners there have been released by insurgents. The electric and gas works are in insurgent hands.

The attempt to call a general strike in Dresden was a fiasco.

STRIKE PARALYZES BERLIN TRANSPORT.

Copenhagen, March 5.—According to The North German Gazette, of Berlin, the strike in that city embraces all means of transport with few exceptions, and also the electricians, post and telegraph officials,

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ARTIST CHRISTY FILES PETITION TO DIVORCE WIFE

Zanesville, Ohio, March 5.—Howard Chandler Christy, famous artist, has filed a petition for divorce from Mrs. Maybelle Thompson Christy, his wife and former model. The artist charges gross neglect of duty, wilful absence and embarrassing him by her mode of living.

Christy filed suit for divorce three years ago, but the action was dismissed.

The Christys were married in 1898. They have one daughter, Natalie, aged 19, who is a student at Wellesly college.

BONDS AUTHORIZED UNDER THE RULING OF CITY ATTORNEY

Money Will Be Spent for Waterworks Plant, Motorizing the Fire Department, Cyclorama Building and Electric Plant.

TAX RATE FIGHT MAY GO TO LEGISLATURE

Increase Was Defeated by Only 134 Votes Out of Approximately 5,000 Cast--Many Negroes Opposed Plan.

Under the ruling given out by City Attorney James L. Mayson, the citizens of Atlanta yesterday authorized the issue of $1,000,000 in bonds to be used in various municipal improvements. They refused, however, to restore the tax rate from $1.25 to $1.50 per hundred dollars, defeating the proposal by a narrow margin.

The total vote cast on the bonds, with reference to each item upon which the people voted, was as follows:

Vote on Bonds.

For waterworks, 4,047, against 1,042; crematory, for 3,859, against 1,169; fire department, for 4,036, against 1,012; Cyclorama, for 3,898, against 1,167.

The vote on the tax increase question was 2,411 for and 2,545 against, making a majority of 134 against the increase.

According to the ruling of City Attorney James L. Mayson, the bonds went over the top by a good margin, and it is believed that, in view of the fact that the tax increase was defeated by such a small vote, and that a solid negro vote was said to have been polled against it, that it stands a good chance to be passed by the general assembly.

The big negro vote polled against the bonds and the tax increase was due, it is believed, to a misapprehension.

The fact, however, that the vote was so close, when considered with the solid opposition of the negroes, served to show that many of the Atlanta people desire the change in order that more revenue may be provided the city, and leaders for the proposal freely predict that the proposition has more than a fighting chance before the legislature.

Close Vote a Surprise.

The closeness of the vote came as a surprise even to the backers of the tax increase, as predictions were emphatically made all during the day that the increase question would be snowed under.

Questions arose with reference to the number of votes necessary to carry the bonds, opinions varying with reference to the comparative number of votes that would be necessary with reference to the registration; but according to the ruling of City Attorney James L. Mayson, who declares two-thirds of the voters voting in the last municipal election are necessary to put the bonds over, there seems no doubt of the bonds having won the day.

Mr. Mayson's Opinion.

The opinion delivered by Mr. May-

Weather Prophecy

CLOUDY.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Cloudy and colder Thursday, preceded by rain on the coast; Friday probably fair.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	69
Lowest temperature	53
Mean temperature	62
Normal temperature	49
Rainfall in past 24 hours, ins.	.72
Deficiency since 1st of mo., ins.	.05
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches.	.20

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain (24 hrs Inches
ATLANTA, cldy.	53	69	.72
Birmingham, cly	42	68	1.72
Boston, rain ...	52	62	.01
Buffalo, snow ..	22	32	.16
Charleston, p. c.	66	70	.00
Chicago, clear ..	18	26	.66
Denver, cldy ..	38	42	.00
Des Moines, clear	24	26	.00
Galveston, clear.	50	52	.24
Hatteras, clear .	62	66	.00
Havre, p. c.....	18	..	.02
Jacksonville, clr	74	82	.00
Kansas City, clr	28	34	.00
Memphis, clear .	38	38	1.22
Miami, clear	76	80	.00
Mobile, clear ..	60	66	.66
Montgomery, cly	58	74	.93
New Orleans, cly	66	72	.92
New York, rain.	52	54	.10
N. Platte, cldy..	22	32	.00
Oklahoma, clear.	40	46	.00
Phoenix, clear..	66	68	.00
Pittsburg, snow.	28	52	.28
Raleigh, rain .	56	72	.20
S. Francisco, clr	56	60	.00
St. Louis, clear.	28	30	.10
S. Lake City, cly	30	32	.06
Shreveport, clear	40	40	.12
Tampa, p. c. ...	74	80	.00
Toledo, clear ..	24	28	.28
Vicksburg, cldy.	40	52	2.66
Washington, rain	58	58	.16

C. F. von HERRMANN, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

son with reference to the bond election is as follows:

The city of Atlanta requested the legislature, at its last session, to submit an amendment to the constitutional provisions referring to bond elections asking that it be so amended that two-thirds of those voting will be sufficient provided it was a majority of the registered voters.

The legislature put this amendment in the constitutional provision, but provided a repeal of the provisions calling for special registrations for bond elections.

In my opinion, this leaves us without any municipal system of registration for bond elections and, therefore, we must return to the law as it existed before such registrations were provided for.

Under this law, which is still a statute, we arrive at the number of voters required by referring to the tally sheets of the last municipal election. Under this, if two-thirds, in number, of the vote recorded at the last municipal election, vote in favor of the bonds in the present election, I think they would be passed. In other words, we arrive at the number of qualified voters by referring to the tally sheets at the last municipal election.

However, there is a difference of opinion on this subject and some attorneys hold that, notwithstanding the repeal of special registration for bond elections, the language retained in the amendment which provides that two-thirds must be a majority of the registered voters means that a majority of those registered must vote for the bonds and this majority must be two-thirds of those voting.

We Have No System.

The reason I have not adopted this view is that we have no system by which to arrive at the number of registered voters, our municipal system being abolished, and it certainly would not mean a majority of all those who have heretofore registered because all those, who have heretofore registered, are not qualified to vote unless they have paid their taxes up to the present year. In other words, being registered does not qualify for voting without the payment of such taxes and, hence, the provision would not be enforcible, if given this construction.

Another view is that the registration used in city elections can be used as the method of arriving at the qualified voters in the bond elections but, again, this could not be accepted for the reason that many cities have no system of registration and, hence, there could be no vote on bonds in such cities at all, under this construction. Besides the amendment does not say so, but negatives special registrations for bond elections and impliedly all municipal regulations with reference to registration so far as it affects such elections.

Therefore, under the constitutional amendment, supposing the legislature intended to amend the former constitutional provisions, I have adopted the construction first stated, as being the most reasonable and as giving force to all the parts of the amendment. Under this construction, all voters must be registered, and we arrive at the necessary majority by the law as it stood before our special registration was repealed.

Vote in December Election.

The total vote in the December election was 3,571, two-thirds of which is 2,380, and the smallest vote cast for any of the bonds in Wednesday's election was 3,859 for and 1,169 against, making a majority of 2,680 given the crematory bonds, or nearly 300 more than necessary under the city attorney's ruling.

The vote in the bond election was a very large one when the heavy downpour of rain is considered. The rain fell in torrents a greater part of the afternoon, which kept many of the 11,056 registered voters away from the polls.

The big parade that was scheduled to take place at 2 o'clock, on which much dependence had been planned for rallying the voters, could not be held because of the weather, the rain falling in heaviest showers just before the time for the parade to "fall in" at Baker and Peachtree streets.

Half-Holiday Declared.

A half-holiday had been proclaimed by the mayor, and all city employees left their regular work to assist at the polls in putting over the financial program. The schools were dismissed at 11 o'clock, and the children went to their homes to remind "daddy to vote for the bonds and better schools."

Hard work had been done by Councilman A. J. Orme, and the bond committee of council, over which he presided as chairman, and Mr. Orme last night expressed much gratification over the result of the bond election. He also expressed hope that the legislature would consider favorably the tax increase measure in view of the fact that so many people had expressed favor toward the proposed measure. The members of the city council, many of whom spent the entire day at the polls, did faithful work to save the day for bonds and prevent the remaking of the finance sheet in such manner as to cut off many of the vitally needed city departments.

The passage of the bond issue of $1,000,000 will provide $500,000 for new pumps and improvements at the waterworks, making it perhaps the finest and the best paying water plant in the south. Three hundred thousand dollars will be raised by the bond issue for the installation of boilers and a generating plant at the city garbage disposal plant, where much steam energy is being wasted and which will be harnessed and utilized. One hundred thousand dollars will go toward the construction of a new concrete building in which to house and care for the great battle picture in the cyclorama at Grant Park, and a like amount will be used to pay for the motor apparatus which is now in use, and which has made the Atlanta fire department one of the most efficient in America.

Passed by Legislature.

The law under which the present bonds will be issued was passed by the last general assembly. The statute, in part, reads as follows:

The Bond Law.

Bond Elections; Number of Votes. No. 498. An act to amend Paragraph 1, Sec. 7, Article 7, of the Constitution of the state of Georgia by inserting between the words "thereof" and the word "at" as they occur in the tenth line of said paragraph, the following, "voting" so as to authorize any county, municipal corporation, or political division of this state to incur any new debt with the assent "of two-thirds of the qualified voters of such county, municipal corporation or political division voting at an election for that purpose, to be held as may be prescribed by law.

Section 1—Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by the same, that Par. 1, Sec. 7, Art. 7, of the constitution of this state be, and the same is hereby amended by inserting between the word "thereof" and the word "at" as they occur in the tenth line of said paragraph, the following "voting, provided said two-thirds so voting shall be a majority of the registered voters, and provided further that all laws, charter provisions and ordinances heretofore passed or in action providing special registration of the voters of counties, municipal corporations and other political divisions of the state, to pass upon issuance of bonds by such counties, municipal corporations and other political divisions are hereby declared to be null and void and the general assembly shall hereafter have no power to pass or enact any law providing for such special registration, but the validity of any and all bond issues by such counties, municipal corporations or other political division made prior to January 1, 1918, shall not be affected thereby."

The bond issue will be certified to and when ratified by the superior court, according to law, the bonds will be sold and the money applied to the various improvements.

EUFAULA SWEPT BY GREAT STORM

Continued from First Page

cupied by Jernigan & Walton, badly wrecked.

Louisville and Nashville train No. 5 was delayed some time on account of telephone poles falling across the tracks.

The path cut by the cyclone was about a quarter of a mile wide.

Pollard is a prosperous town of about 3,500 population. It is seventy miles from Mobile.

Slight Damage at Flomaton.

Mobile, Ala., March 5.—A cyclone struck Flomaton, Ala., shortly after noon today. The damage was of a minor nature, amounting to about $2,000. Small houses were destroyed and the roof of the Louisville & Nashville depot was also damaged.

STORM AT LUMPKIN RESULTS IN DEATH OF TWO PERSONS

Columbus, Ga., March 5.—A heavy windstorm at Lumpkin, Ga., near here, caused two deaths and did property damage estimated at $20,000, according to reports received here tonight. A negro school building was demolished late today and two of the students killed. In addition, the postoffice, depot and courthouse were considerably damaged.

Divorce Decree Is Given Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks, Wife of "Movie" Actor

White Plains, N. Y., March 5.—A final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks, wife of the motion picture actor, was signed today by State Supreme Court Justice Young. The papers mentioned a co-respondent as an unknown woman. Under the terms of the decree the custody of a child, Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., is given to the mother with the provision the father shall be allowed to see him at frequent intervals.

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Girl and Three Boys Adrift Thirty Hours In a Wrecked Launch

New Orleans, March 5.—After being tossed about on storm-swept waters, in a heavy rain, without oars, food or equipment with which to face an emergency and expecting many times through the day and night to be swallowed by the waves, three youths and a girl late today were rescued from a wrecked gasoline launch by a life saver on Lake Pontchartrain, near here, having been lost in the lake's marsh grasses for nearly thirty hours. The engine became disabled, the launch had drifted twenty-one miles below West End, on the lake, from which the party early yesterday left for a day's fishing trip. The engine went out of commission soon after the party quit the shore.

Miss Leah M. Babylon, a school teacher, her two young brothers and Edward C. Zebal, all of this city, formed the party.

Following the failure of the would-be fishers to return home late yesterday the mother of the Babylons, frantic with anxiety, for many hours watched the waters from the lake shore, eager for a trace of the lost ones. Her vigil was conducted in a heavy rainstorm.

The rescue was made by Captain Tom Bruning in his launch, the Lillian.

With the exception of physical strain, none in the party suffered any ill effects from the experience.

12,000 PHONE PEOPLE TO STRIKE ON BURLESON

San Francisco, March 5.—A strike of 9,000 telephone operators and three thousand linemen in California, Washington, Oregon and Nevada has been ordered by the executive committee of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers in the event that Postmaster General Burleson does not speedily grant wage demands of the brotherhood, it was announced here today by T. C. Robbins, representative of L. C. Grasser, vice president of the organization.

Mr. Robbins received a telegram from Charles P. Ford, secretary of the brotherhood, indicating that a referendu mof the workers in the four states mentioned favored a strike.

Robbins said he understood that the strike order would apply to all portions of the United States where recent referendum votes followed demands made on Burleson.

The executive committee of the brotherhood now is meeting in Springfield, Ill.

FINANCES DISCUSSED BY FRENCH DEPUTIES

Paris, March 5.—The chamber of deputies today discussed the bill proposing the ratification of an agreement made by Minister of Finance Klotz and the Bank of France putting at the disposal of the state three billion francs and raising the bank's advance to the government from 21,000,000,000 to 24,000,000,000, the issue of paper money having passed from 33,000,000,000 to 36,000,000,000 francs.

Deputy Barthe argued that the increased circulation of paper money was one of the principal causes for the high cost of living. M. Bon, socialist, proposed an amendment to the bill, abolishing interest on advances. This was rejected by a vote of 349 to 124.

After much discussion, the government bill was ratified by a show of hands and the chamber then turned to a discussion of the pension bill.

Debate on the general financial situation will begin Friday and during the discussion M. Klotz' program will be made known.

In the lobbies of the chamber yesterday, M. Klotz said the debate would be most useful, and that he was convinced it would strengthen his position. He added:

"I must be sustained fully by parliament in order to propose to the peace conference a tax on German capital. How could I think of demanding heavy sacrifices from our victorious country, if first I had not exacted them from the conquered?"

BRITAIN NOT TO CENSOR BUSINESS MESSAGES

Paris, March 5.—As a result of representations by American officials, the British government has consented to the removal of all censorship on business ,commercial and all other messages. The censorship, it is said, has been greatly delaying the resumption of American business relations with Europe.

RUMANIA WAR LOSSES FIXED AT 332,000 MEN

Paris, March 5.—The Rumanian press bureau announces that 332,000 Rumanian combatants in the war were killed or died from wounds.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic which is simply IRON and QUININE suspended in syrup, Restores Vitality and Energy by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. So pleasant even Children like it. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 60c.—(adv.)

PRODUCERS OF MILK GETTING LOWER PRICE

It became known yesterday that the milk depot men, those who sell to the distributors, are bringing pressure to bear upon the producers to cause them to reduce the price of milk from 45 to 40 cents, while they are maintaining the same price.

A prominent milk dealer of the city stated Wednesday that this effort to bring down the producers' price was being made by both the retailer and the wholesaler who buy direct from the producer.

Many producers, the dealer stated, especially those living at a distance from Atlanta, with whom the cost of transportation of milk to Atlanta is a considerable item of expense, are finding it practically impossible to furnish milk at 40 cents per gallon. In the opinion of this dealer, the surburban producers, who constitute the source of a great part of the city's supply, will probably, therefore, be forced out of business, and instead of cheaper milk, there will be a shortage.

Forced to Take Low Price.

A woman who conducts her own dairy told the story of how she had been forced to sell her milk at 40 cents a gallon by the manager of the large milk depot to which she sells. When she was getting 45 cents she hired a man to take the milk to the depot for her, but now she is forced to dispense with his services and attempt to get it to the wholesalers herself.

Mrs. Newton C. Wing, committee chairman, said of this state of affairs: "We do not wish to bring on unjust conditions upon anyone, and we have never taken the stand that the producers are getting too much for their milk. In fact, it seems to be the opinion of those in a position to know that at present 45 cents a gallon is not an unfair price for those who produce the milk. We hope that an investigation will bring about a more satisfactory adjustment all around."

The necessity for all small children to have milk and hence the necessity for milk being sold at a price within the reach of the poorer families was brought out in the following letter from Dr. Charles Boynton, written at the request of the committee:

Dr. Boynton's Letter.

"In reply to your letter of recent date, I would say that physical growth and development during the first six years, and especially the first three years of a child's life is the most important asset that child can possess.

"If a child reaches adult life strong mentally and physically, I have no fear for the future of that child.

"If a child receives a poor start during the first three years, the future development will always be up-hill work.

"The essential things for this development are—(1) Inheritance (which is out of our control); (2) Nourishment; (3) Surroundings, both of which are largely controllable.

"Whenever possible all babies should be nursed during the first few months at least, and should not be weaned under one year if it can possibly be avoided.

Artificial Food.

"In case nursing is impossible, then some artificial food must be provided.

"Repeated examinations of mother's milk have shown us fairly definitely what food elements nature intended the infant should have.

"The most easily obtainable food which fulfils the requirements is cow's milk. Of course this milk must be pure, clean, fresh and then modified or adapted to suit the requirements of the individual child.

"At the present time there are entirely too many parents in moderate circumstances desiring to change to this or that artificial food or are actually feeding young infants on a little of this or that from the family table, because 'milk costs too much.' Others are straining every point in order to obtain milk. This is wrong. None of the artificial foods can take the place of fresh milk. They can not be diluted with water so as to obtain a liquid equal to mother's milk.

"Those artificial food companies which advise the addition of cow's milk to their 'food' and then publish such beautiful results, are stealing the reputation of the cow.

"These artificial foods are all sterilized or dead foods. They all lack the 'live or fresh' elements which is found in mother's or cow's milk.

"This 'fresh element' is absolutely essential to proper growth and development. If the 'fresh element' is left out of an infant's food for any length of time, that infant is very likely to develop rickets or scurvy or both.

Can't Stand Disease.

"In addition all foods which are used without fresh milk contain entirely too much of the sugars and too little fats and proteins. In other words they are unbalanced foods. They often produce fat babies, but they are soft, flabby and lacking in resistance. Should these babies contract a severe illness, they do not 'stand fire.'

"As to giving solid food from the table—babies under nine or ten months were not intended by nature to be fed on solid food—if so they would have had grinding teeth much earlier. Unfortunately bad feeding does not always show its bad results at once. Many babies stand digestive abuse in cold weather, but 'go all to pieces' at the first onset of hot weather. During the second and third years, children still require a large amount of milk in addition to the solid food they are capable of digesting, and should have some milk even through the sixth year.

"During these years of active growth they require a larger amount of protein food which is essential for growth and development, than they are able to digest in the shape of meat. Cow's milk furnishes a large amount of protein in an easily digestible form. If their food was better balanced and given at regular specified hours there would be less begging for crackers, bread, etc. between meals. This constant eating of starchy food in quantities at meal time and especially between meals too often lead to a starch indigestion followed by malnutrition as shown by many children even of school age. If they had more protein food in the shape of milk with each meal, this constant hunger would not be present, the indigestion would not follow and the children would be much better physically and mentally.

"Hoping you will have all success in your great work."

It has been reported that certain dealers are using milk powders and selling artificial milk along with the cow's products. These charges will be taken up following the campaign for lower prices, and an energetic crusade will be made against those violating the pure milk requirements in any way.

WILSON COMMUTES DEATH SENTENCES

Washington, March 5.—Commutation by President Wilson of death sentences passed in three cases by military courts-martial was announced today by the war department.

Private Frank J. Burke, a conscientious objector at Fort Riley, Kan., was sentenced to death after conviction of refusing to obey a command of his superior officer. Major General Wood, who was in command at the time, recommended commutation to twenty-five years' confinement. President Wilson ordered this reduced to fifteen years.

Private Arshag Ashbahain was sentenced to death at Newport News for refusing to fall in with his command, the Fourth infantry, for departure to a point of embarkation. President Wilson ordered the sentence reduced to ten years' confinement.

Private Aaron H. Smith was sentenced to death at Camp Greenleaf, Ga., for refusal to obey orders. Major General Henry G. Sharp, commanding the southeastern department, after reviewing the case, recommended a sentence of twenty-five years' imprisonment, and President Wilson ordered this reduced to fifteen years.

PLEA FOR RUSS WOMEN BY WOMEN OF FRANCE

Paris, March 5.—Madame Jules Siegfried, president of the national council of women of France, has addressed a letter to Premier Clemenceau as president of the peace conference, asking him to use his influence to have measures taken "to save thousands of innocent victims in Russia from the suffering and shame awaiting them through the socialization by the Bolsheviki of all women between the ages of 18 and 25 years."

"In the name of the mothers of women," tthe letter adds, "we ask the conference to interfere in this matter."

The Union of Russian women in Switzerland has sent Premier Clemenceau a telegram in the same sense.

COTTON AT TEN CENTS SOUGHT BY LIVERPOOL

Dallas, Texas, March 5.—Liverpool cotton traders expect to get the 1919 American cotton crop at 10 cents a pound, the Texas executive committee in charge of the acreage reduction movement in this state was told at its meeting here today. This was brought out in a report submitted by W. H. Adams, of Royce City, a member of the committee, who said he had received his information yesterday from a Liverpool cotton exporter who had just arrived from England.

Much progress in the movement to bring about a reduction in this year's acreage by one-third was reported, and farmers, bankers and business men of the state were urged to give their influence and time to further this purpose.

SOME JEWS OPPOSE PALESTINE JEW STATE

Philadelphia, March 5.—A statement signed by 300 prominent American Jews setting forth their objections to the organization of a Jewish state in Palestine as proposed by the Zionist societies in this country and Europe to be presented to the peace conference in Paris, was made public here last night. Objection to the segregation of the Jews as a nationalistic unit in any country is also made in the statement, which will be presented to the peace conference by Representative Julius Kahn, of California.

Among those whose names are attached to the statement are Henry Morgenthau, former ambassador to Turkey; Rev. W. D. Philippson, Cincinnati; Lessing Rosenthal, Chicago; Adolph Ochs, David Belasco, Jesse Strauss, E. R. Seligman and Justice Samuel Greenbaum, New York; Simon Wolf, Washington, D. C.; Judge Josiah Cohen, Pittsburg; Rev. H. Berkowitz and Professor Morris Jastrow, Jr., Philadelphia.

"We wish to indicate our entire sympathy with the efforts of the Zionists which aim to secure for Jews at present living in lands of oppression a refuge in Palestine or elsewhere, where they may freely develop their capabilities and carry on their activities as free citizens," the statement says. "But we raise our voices in warning and protest against the demands of the Zionists for the reorganization of the Jews as a national unit, to whom, now or in the future, territorial sovereignty in Palestine shall be committed."

Sick Person Is Treated On Vessel in Midocean By Radio Prescription

New York, March 5.—The wireless telephone and the wireless telegraph were used in mid-ocean by Lieutenant Commander A. E. Younie, senior surgeon on board the transport Sierra, to prescribe for patients on the transport Powhatan and the British steamer Pollac, which were many miles away. The Sierra, which arrived here today, with the Powhatan, received a wireless message in mid-ocean from the captain of the Pollac stating one of his crew had been taken ill. The message gave symptoms and asked for a diagnosis and treatment. Acting on this information and later messages concerning the sick man's case, the Sierra's doctors prescribed treatment by radio and at last reports the sick man was considerably improved in health.

While the Sierra and Powhatan were fifteen miles apart at a point about 500 miles north of the Azores the wireless telephone was used for a consultation of the doctors on board the two transports. Six doctors each put on a telephone set and "attended" the consultation, which was called on to determine treatment of certain cases which had developed on the Powhatan.

Franco-American Club Raided by Paris Police; Games of Chance Going

Paris, March 5.—Much comment has been aroused by the raid made on the Franco-American Parthenon club by Inspector Tanguy, of the Paris police. The inspector says he suspected that various games of chance were in operation and declares he discovered that champagne was being sold for $15 a bottle and that orangeade cost one franc a glass. The evidence, the inspector added, was sufficient to warrant closing the club. Thirty men, including several American officers, and ten women, were in the club when the inspector and his men walked in Monday night.

Baroness Brault, who presided over the destinies of the club, says it was a literary and artistic organization. She is indignant over various reports in circulation and declares the only purpose of the club was to entertain American officers.

FORCE IS REDUCED BY N., C. & ST. L. LINE

Nashville, Tenn., March 5.—The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway today announced a reduction of 10 per cent of the forces in its engineering and shop detachments, effective March 8. The reduction is ascribed to falling off in business since the armistice.

BOLSHEVIKI HOPING FOR AMERICAN LOAN

Stockholm, March 5.—The soviet government of Russia hopes to be able to arrange a big loan in America and is prepared to offer in exchange important mining and railroad concessions, according to Petrograd advices received here.

Reports show that the internal war in Russia has cost four billion rubles during the past two months and that an extra levy of ten billion rubles has been insufficient to cover the total deficit of the soviet government. It is said that the Bolshevist treasury is hardly able to raise 250,000,000 rubles.

PALMER TAKES OATH AS ATTORNEY GENERAL

Washington, March 5—A. Mitchell Palmer was sworn in today as attorney general of the United States, succeeding Thomas W. Gregory. The oath was administered by Chief Justice White. In a brief speech, Mr. Palmer said:

"The policy of the department of justice will be the same as heretofore. It will be a plain, simple attempt by strong Americans working for their country to see that the duty laid upon the department is properly performed. That duty is to see that the laws are enforced on every man alike, without passion or prejudice, without fear or favor. It will be to enforce laws promptly and expeditiously."

Mr. Palmer's successor as alien property custodian, Francis P. Garvin, assumed his new duties at once.

Carlin Leaves Congress.

Alexandria, Va., March 5.—Representative Charles C. Carlin, democrat, of the Eighth Virginia Congressional district, announced tonight that he had forwarded to Governor Davis his resignation to take effect immediately. Mr. Carlin, who has been in congress since 1907, said he would return to the practice of law.

Hayes' Healing Honey Stops the Tickle, Heals the Throat and Cures the Cough. Price 35c. A free box of O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle.—(adv.)

STANDARD OIL SUED FOR $500,000 DAMAGES

Baltimore, March 5.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey was today sued for $500,000 damages by the Central Oil company of this city. The plaintiff alleges that buying its oils in the open market, it had built up an extensive and profitable trade.

For the purpose, as alleged, of interfering with its business the defendant corporation induced the local concern to become its customer and cease purchasing from others, agreeing to furnish sufficient supplies to meet the Central Oil company's largest demands.

Acting upon inducements held out, the declaration further states that the Central Oil company extended its business, purchased property, erected large oil tanks, added to its equipment and vehicles and ultimately established a large and profitable business. Then, it is declared, the defendant corporation arbitrarily shut off its supply and inaugurated a direct service to the customers of the plaintiff company. Its business, it is charged, as a result, was practically broken up.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures Cold in One Day.—30c. —(adv.)

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We have the foods you will most need. All deliveries are FREE, but place your order early. Get in before the Saturday rush and you will appreciate the difference.

Kamper Specials

2 lbs. SMALL PRUNES	26c
No. 2 1-2 Tins Hillsdale Sliced HAWAIIAN PINEAPPLE	35c
Doz.	$4.00
POUND CAKE, Our own homemade baking; 1 and 2 lb cakes, lb.	42c
HAMS, Cornfield Brand, Sugar Cured; 9 to 12 lbs. each; lb	36 1-2c

Ask for Cornfield Products.

New Arrivals and Seasonable Suggestions

SILVER PRUNES, lb.	40c
CANDIES, Park & Tilford's finest and Mailliard's Bitter Sweet Chocolates in half-pound and pound boxes.	
Mint Flavored Chinquepins, lb.	60c
Russet Sweet CIDER, gallon tins	85c
GINGER ALE: "Best Brand;" Dozen	75c
Refund of 10c for return of bottles.	
DOMINO Old Fashioned Pound SUGAR in pound cartons.	
DOMINO 4x Powdered SUGAR in pound cartons.	
Sunbeam Crystallized GINGER 1-4 lb. tins	25c
1-2 lb. Tins	50c
SALTED PECANS, 1-4 lb.	40c
SALTED ALMONDS, 1-4 lb.	35c
PIN MONEY PICKLED PEACHES, Jar	50c - 85c
BLUE LABEL PICKLED PEACHES, Large Jars	$1.50
HESTER PRICE SPICED PEACHES, Quart Jars	$2.00
HIGUCHI JAPANESE RICE CAKES, the first we have had in a year; pkg.	35c
Three packages for	$1.00

FISH, Salted, Canned, etc.

Fancy Imported Sardines, 20 fish to the can; can	25c
Herring Roe, can	20c - 30c
Fish Roe, 2 cans for	25c
Shad Roe, can	75c
Lobster Paste, can	25c
Fresh Clams in Bouillon	15c
Fresh Codfish, can	40c
Finest Quality Kippered Herring, can	35c
Salt Cured Salmon, lb.	30c
Salt Cured White Fish, lb.	25c
Salt Cured Mackerel, each	15c - 20c
Salt Cured Large Bloater Mackerel, lb.	35c
Salt Cured Codfish, lb.	30c - 35c - 40c
And At the DELICATESSEN:	
Salmon Croquettes, dozen	30c
Codfish Cakes, dozen	30c
Special Fish Salad, lb.	40c
Japanese Crab Salad, lb.	50c
Homemade Pimento Cheese, lb.	50c
Homemade Mayonnaise Dressing, lb.	50c
Finest N. Y. White Cheese, lb.	40c
Camembert Cheese in wood, box	50c
COMB HONEY, 2 Sections for	55c

Plant Your Garden

We have fresh, new supplies of D. M. Ferry & Co.'s Garden seeds and Mandeville & King's Flower seeds. Now is the time to plant your early garden. Come in and make your selections.

Fresh Vegetables

Fancy Spinach, peck	50c
New Spring Turnip Salad, peck	40c
New Red Irish Potatoes, lb.	10c
Water Cress, bunch	5c
Fancy Celery, Stalk	20c
Yellow Squash, lb.	15c
New Beets, bunch	10c
Iceberg Lettuce, head	20c
Fancy Tomatoes, lb.	30c
English Peas, quart	25c
Cucumbers, each	35c

Kamper's Garden Tea

We unhesitatingly guarantee this better than any $1.00 Tea on the market. Pound Canisters, each of which will make 150 cups or more of tea, each 85c

Fresh Dressed Poultry

Fresh Dressed Hens, lb.	40c
Fresh Dressed Turkeys, lb.	50c
Fresh Dressed Roosters, lb.	30c

Also some milk-fed Fryers and a few Ducks and Geese.

"There's a Rogers Store Near You"

Rogers' prices have always been less.

We are constantly receiving letters from other cities, asking us to come and save them from high prices. Because of these stores, the people of Atlanta are buying groceries cheaper than elsewhere, and the steady growth of our business shows that our efforts are appreciated.

40c Bartlett Calif. Pears, Rogers' price	33¢
40c Del Monte Peaches, Rogers' price	35¢
50c Del Monte Cherries, Rogers' price	40¢
45c Carnation Brand Cherries, Rogers' price	37¢
18c Early June Peas, Rogers' price	12¢
5c Durkee's Black Pepper, Rogers' price	3½¢
5c Pkg. Table Salt, Rogers' price	3½¢
60c Tub Butter, Rogers' price	55¢
20c Pkg. Seeded Raisins, Rogers' price	15¢
6c Hudnut's Grits, Rogers' price, lb.	4½¢
15c Can Pumpkin, Rogers' price	12½¢
5c Rose Bath Soap, Rogers' price	3½¢
35c Lea & Perrins' Sauce, Rogers' price	26¢
35c Republic Vanilla Extract, 4-oz. bottle, Rogers' price	28¢
10c Pkg. Celluloid Starch, Rogers' price	6¢
10c Pkg. Lump Starch, Rogers' price	6¢
16-oz. can St. Charles Milk, Rogers' price	12½¢
8c size St. Charles Milk, Rogers' price	5½¢
Dime Brand Condensed Milk, Rogers' price	12½¢
Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, Rogers' price	17½¢
35c Pure Lard, Rogers' price, lb.	27½¢
15c Dry Lima Beans, Rogers' price	10½¢
15c White Beans, Rogers' price, lb.	10½¢
Best California Black Eyed Peas, Rogers' price, lb.	5½¢
15c Campbell Beans, Rogers' price	12½¢
Campbell Soups, all varieties, Rogers' price	10¢
Heinz Cider Vinegar, Rogers' price, quarts	30¢
Heinz Cider Vinegar, Rogers' price, pints	17¢
Kingan's Sliced Bacon, Rogers' price, lb.	59¢
Large-sized Cake Octagon Soap, Rogers' price	6½¢
Crystal White Soap, Rogers' price, cake	5½¢
Ivory Soap, Rogers' price, cake	6½¢
Fels Naptha Soap, Rogers' price, cake	6½¢
P. & G. Naptha Soap, Rogers' price, cake	6½¢
Dutch Cleanser, Rogers' price, can	7½¢
Spotless Cleanser, Rogers' price, can	3½¢
$1.25 Broom, Rogers' price	81¢
$1.00 Broom, Rogers' price	71¢
85c Broom, Rogers' price	59¢
Globe Matches, Rogers' price, doz. boxes	15¢
Safety Matches, Rogers' price, doz. boxes	10¢
50c Royal Baking Powder, Rogers' price	40¢
25c Royal Baking Powder, Rogers' price	20¢
20c Horsford's Baking Powder, Rogers' price	15¢
15c Big Lye Hominy, Rogers' price	11¢
15c Sauer Kraut, Rogers' price	10½¢
25c Canned Beets, Rogers' price	17½¢
Large Canned Sweet Potatoes, Rogers' price	16½¢
20c Canned Tomatoes, Rogers' price	16½¢
13c Tomatoes, Rogers' price, can	9½¢
Quaker Grits and Oats, Rogers' price	10½¢
Purity Oats, Rogers' price, package	10½¢
Quaker Puffed Rice or Wheat, Rogers' price	11½¢
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, Rogers' price	11½¢
Post Toasties, Rogers' price, package	11½¢
Corn Flakes, Rogers' price, package	10¢
Borden's Coffee Milk, can, Rogers' price	31¢
Chase & Sanborn's Golden Glow Coffee, Rogers' price, lb.	38¢
Rogers' Fresh Roasted Coffee, Rogers' price, pound	29¢
25c Can Mustard Sardines, Rogers' price	16¢
20c Can Fat Herring, Rogers' price	12½¢
Rogers' LaRosa Flour, 24 lbs., $1.56; 12 lbs.	81¢
Rogers' "37" Self-Rising, 24 lbs., $1.59; 12 lbs.	83¢
Purina Whole Wheat Flour, Rogers' price, 12 lbs., 83c; 6 lbs.	43¢
Jester's old-fashioned Water-ground Graham Flour, Rogers' price, 6 lbs., 43c; 12 lbs.	83¢
Aunt Jemima Buckwheat or Pancake Flour, Rogers' price	14¢
Karo Syrup, Blue Label, Rogers' price, No. 1½, 12½c; No. 5, 37c; No. 10	68¢
Karo Syrup, Red Label, Rogers' price, No. 1½, 14½c; No. 5, 39c; No. 10	70¢
Maple flavored Karo, Rogers' price, No. 1½	17¢
Pure Georgia Cane, Rogers' price, No. 1 can, 10c; No. 2 can, 28c; No. 2½ can, 35c; No. 5 can, 69c; No. 10 can	$1.34

ROGERS'
96—ECONOMY STORES—96

To Prevent Grip

When you feel a cold coming on, stop it with a few doses of LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets, which destroy germs, act as a Tonic and Laxative, and keep the system in condition to throw off attacks of Colds, Grip and Influenza.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Tablets remove the cause of Colds, Grip and Influenza

Quickly Relieve Headaches caused from Colds

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is the first and original Cold and Grip Tablet. It is used by every Civilized Nation, and has a larger sale in the United States than the combined sales of all other cold and grip cures. It has stood the test for more than a Quarter of a Century.

Remember there is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

Call for full name and look for this signature on box

Price 30 Cents

E. W. Grove

BIBB WILL VOTE ON BONDS TODAY

Of the Proposed $1,500,000 Issue, $700,000 Would Be Applied to Roads; Balance to Schools and New Courthouse.

Macon, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) The fate of Bibb county's proposed $1,500,000 bond issue for permanent roads, schools and a new courthouse will be decided by the voters of the county tomorrow in a special election, every indication today pointing to the carrying of the bonds. Very little opposition has developed to any of the three separate issues, but the road bonds are probably the most popular, and have become more so during the last two or three days since announcement was made that if the $700,000 of road bonds are carried the United States government will match the issue dollar for dollar and it will be possible to pave eighty miles of the county's roads instead of twenty miles as originally planned.

The committee in charge of the bond campaign has made elaborate arrangements to get the voters to the polls tomorrow, two hundred automobiles have been secured and 250 citizens have volunteered their services as workers at the polls. To carry the bonds, something over 2,400 will have to vote in favor of them. The committee realizes it has a difficult task, but is confident of success.

With $700,000 of the bonds for good roads and bridges, the remaining $800,000 is divided equally between schools and the proposed new courthouse.

If the bonds carry, it is proposed to pave all of the main highways of the county with concrete, and the work will all be completed during the present year.

Furniture Dealer Freed.

Macon, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) J. H. Bush, Macon furniture dealer, has just been released from the state farm, after serving thirty days of a four months' sentence imposed on him by Judge Guerry, of the city court of Macon, following his conviction of the charge of violating the state prohibition law.

Bush's sentence of four months and a fine of $800 was commuted by Governor Dorsey to a term of thirty days and a fine of $800. Bush had served fifteen days at the commutation order and the other fifteen days of his sentence have been completed. He has paid the $800 fine.

At the time Bush's place was raided the city detectives found about 300 quarts of whisky.

Shot by Brother-in-Law.

Macon, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Joel Etheridge, of Jones county, is confined to a local sanitarium suffering from a gunshot wound inflicted during an encounter with his brother-in-law, J. J. Tremon, who lives near James station. Tremon was badly cut with a knife during the fight. Tremon claims Joel Etheridge and the latter's brother, Atkinson Etheridge, assaulted him on the public highway in Jones county, Monday, and Etheridge was wounded when a gun, which they were scuffling for possession of, was discharged. Tremon has taken out warrants for the two Etheridge boys, charging them with assault with intent to murder.

Heath Brothers Exonerated.

Macon, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Ira and Lynn Heath, brothers, were this evening exonerated of the charge of murder brought against them in connection with the death of J. W. Stripling. Today's hearing was held before Judge Hugh Chambers, of the municipal court, and the preponderance of evidence showed conclusively that Stripling was the aggressor in a fight, which occurred last Saturday in a Mulberry street pool room, during which Stripling was struck over the head with a billiard cue and his skull fractured.

Sumter County Chamber.

Americus, Ga., March 5.—(Special) J. B. Hightower, president of the Americus and Sumter county chamber of commerce, has asked the board of commissioners of Sumter county to appropriate $1,500 for the maintenance of that institution during the coming year.

In asking for the appropriation, President Hightower explained it was the purpose of his organization to compile and printed attractive booklets illustrating points of interest and containing salient facts about Sumter county.

MAYOR'S HOME ROBBED.

Burglars Enter While Mrs. Key Is Asleep.

The home of Mayor James L. Key, 223 Ponce de Leon avenue, was ransacked by burglars early Wednesday morning while Mrs. Key and a child were asleep in the house.

Not satisfied with making their get-away with all the portable valuables possible, the burglars even dropped one of the trunks out of a window and attempted to force the lock after carrying it to the back lot of the home.

In addition to removing money from a bureau drawer, several valuable articles of jewelry were stolen, although Mrs. Key could not estimate the total loss. Discovery of the burglary was made by police who were summoned when two roomers of the Key home found lights burning in their rooms and the doors securely locked when they returned about midnight from an entertainment.

PLUTO WATER
America's Physic and more!

DYSPEPSIA

THE minerals in PLUTO give a healthy flow of digestive juices. A wineglassful of PLUTO before breakfast will cure any ordinary attack of dyspepsia. PLUTO is beneficial in treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c: Smaller Bottle 20c

169

French Lick Springs Hotel Co., French Lick, Ind.

W. A. (DOLL) BALLARD

announces that he is now associated with

The DOCKSTADER OPTICAL CO.
Dispensing Opticians

at 56 N. Broad St.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Who Benefits by High Prices?

You feel that retail meat prices are too high.

Your retailer says he has to pay higher prices to the packers.

Swift & Company prove that out of every dollar the retailer pays to the packers for meat, 2 cents is for packers' profit, 13 cents is for operating expenses, and 85 cents goes to the stock raiser; and that the prices of live stock and meat move up and down together.

The live-stock raiser points to rising costs of raising live stock.

Labor reminds us that higher wages must go hand in hand with the new cost of living.

No one, apparently, is responsible. No one, apparently, is benefited by higher prices and higher income.

We are all living on a high-priced scale. One trouble is, that the number of dollars has multiplied faster than the quantity of goods, so that each dollar buys less than formerly.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

C. N. Lavery, District Mgr., 911 Atlanta Nat'l Bk. Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
Atlanta Local Branch, 70-72 E. Alabama St., J. L. Thweatt, Mgr.

President Wilson On Second Journey To Peace Congress

Liner George Washington With Presidential Party Left Hoboken for France Early Wednesday Morning.

ONLY A SMALL CROWD SAW PRESIDENT SAIL

Vessel's Departure Was Delayed a Few Minutes So That the President Might Get the New York Morning Papers.

New York, March 5.—President Wilson sailed today on his second voyage to France determined, as he said in his Metropolitan Opera House speech here last night, not to "come back till it's over over there." The transport George Washington bearing the presidential party left the Hoboken pier at 8:15 a. m.

The chief executive's departure was marked by a simplicity which contrasted with the noisy demonstration given him when the George Washington carried Mr. Wilson from American waters on his first journey to Paris last December.

Only Small Crowd at Pier.

Today there was only a small crowd of persons assembled at the army transport pier. To these the president, hat in hand, and Mrs. Wilson waved farewell greetings while the band on the transport Great Northern, berthed nearby, played "The Star Spangled Banner." Standing on the bridge, the president and his wife saw the American flag raised on the staff at the stern and heard the booming of the presidential salute of twenty-one guns. As the transport turned her nose toward the Statue of Liberty an escort of destroyers got underway ahead. The harbor was nearly deserted because of the strike of marine workers.

The president and Mrs. Wilson had ascended to the bridge soon after 8 o'clock. Mr. Wilson had been up and about the decks for nearly two hours, having been the first of the presidential party to appear. Most of the others were asleep when the transport sailed.

Just as the George Washington was about to sail it was discovered that some one had neglected to bring aboard the morning newspapers. The lines had been made fast to the gang plank which was about to be drawn in when the president's orderly, clutching a dollar bill in his hand, rushed across the plank on to the pier and hurried through the flag decorated archway to a newsstand where he purchased the papers and came running back to the ship. This incident delayed for a few minutes the vessel's departure.

Brief Sleep for President.

The newspapers brought on board at the last moment contained the text of the speeches of the president and William Howard Taft in support of the league of nations, at the Metropolitan Opera House last night.

It was a few minutes before midnight when Mr. Wilson arrived in Hoboken and it was early morning before he reached his stateroom, so that his sleep was brief.

The president arrived at the Metropolitan Opera House about 8:15 o'clock last night. After Mr. Taft and he had spoken the president asserting that "an overwhelming majority of the American people is in favor of the league of nations," Mr. Wilson received a delegation of Irish-Americans with whom he discussed the aspirations of Ireland at the peace conference. Militant suffragists had tried unsuccessfully to force their way into the opera house earlier in the evening and a few of them were arrested.

The George Washington passed quarantine at 9:10 a. m. and was saluted by twenty-one guns by the U. S. S. Amphitrite and by whistles blown by all the steam craft in the lower bay.

George Washington Overhauled.

The George Washington has been overhauled and repainted outside and inboard since her arrival in New York a week ago. That the president may be in touch with the shore during the entire voyage independently of the escorting warships, the transport has been equipped with a new high powered wireless apparatus with a radius of 1,100 miles. She will be in communication with the station at Brunswick, N. J., until she picks up Poldhu station on the other side of the Eiffel tower.

On the voyage to Boston the George Washington had only a wireless radius of 300 miles and when the convoy was left astern the president was cut off from communication with Washington. The battleship Montana will act as convoy to Brest.

The party aboard the George Washington today was smaller than on the first presidential voyage as there were no diplomats or peace delegates.

About 3,000 tons of cargo, consisting of supplies for the army in France and Germany is being carried on the George Washington.

Howard, on Return, Raps Republicans For Killing Bills

Ex-Congressman William Schley Howard has returned from Washington, and is now actively associated with Attorney James A. Branch in the practice of law, under the firm name of Branch & Howard, with offices in the Peters building.

Mr. Howard vigorously defends the determination of the president to return to the peace conference, and also condemns the attitude of the republicans in the senate in their efforts to force the president to call an extra session of congress at this time. The republicans realize if President Wilson can have his views accepted by the peace conference it will greatly strengthen the democratic party here, and block the 1920 plans of the republican party, he says.

Mr. Howard was for eight years congressman from the fifth (Atlanta) district, and was very popular in Washington; and was a strong supporter of the administration.

BIG BIBLE CONFERENCE WILL BEGIN IN MARCH

A big combination Bible conference and revival meeting will begin on March 16 at Wesley Memorial church, at the corner of Ivy street and Auburn avenue, and will run for a week, led by Professor Camden M. Cobern, one of the most scholarly Bible students in the world today. Professor Cobern stands in the class with Dr. Campbell Morgan, who has been heard many times by the Atlanta people.

Professor Cobern will be assisted by Rev. E. K. McLarty, pastor of Central Methodist church, of Asheville, N. C., who is known as one of the most powerful preachers in the south and who has gained fame as a revivalistic pastor.

Professor Cobern is now in Tampa, Fla., and he will reach Atlanta on Saturday evening, March 15, accompanied by his wife and baby. They will be guests of the Majestic hotel while in the city.

The musical program for the Bible conference will present much interest and enjoyment to the Atlanta people. Aside from the big chorus of 200 voices that have been trained for the occasion, there will be music at each of the five daily services by the Salvation Army band.

The plans for the Bible conference as perfected by Dr. B. F. Fraser, of Wesley Memorial, contemplate the biggest religious event that has been given in Atlanta for many months and people are expected to come to the city from all parts of the state.

The Girls' home in the church, which has a fine cafe, will make arrangements to serve meals to those who attend the conference, and everything will be done to make the visits of out-of-town people convenient and enjoyable.

Dr. Fraser is receiving the co-operation of the Protestant churches in Atlanta, and it is expected that hundreds of people will visit the city from all parts of the state on this occasion.

The conference will last from March 16 to the 23.

Start Big Campaign For Sale in Atlanta Of Fatima Cigarettes

H. G. Davidson, southern supervisor, and L. G. Murray, division sales manager for Liggett & Myers Tobacco company, with headquarters in Atlanta, are putting on a big campaign for Fatima cigarettes in Atlanta the coming week, and Mr. Davidson says it will be contrary to the rules and regulations for any one to smoke any sort of cigarettes other than Fatima for the next six days, at least.

Speaking of retail prices on cigarettes, Mr. Davidson said:

"There seems to be a little misunderstanding on the part of a few smokers regarding the prices on cigarettes. The increased prices on the standard brands has been absolutely necessary by the increased cost of materials and labor and the additional revenue tax. Cigarettes tobacco has increased in price something like forty per cent during the past year, and labor costs have also advanced very materially. Paper, cartons, tinfoil and everything else used in the manufacture of cigarettes has also increased greatly in price. The additional revenue tax amounts to 95 cents on the thousand, and, taken altogether, the increase in the manufacturers' prices to dealer hardly equals the increase in the cost of producing the cigarettes.

"The manufacturer has, of course, been compelled to pass along the increased cost to the dealer, and the dealer must make it up from the consumer. For instance, Fatima 20's should be retailed at 25 cents, and 16's at 20 cents. Chesterfield and Piedmont 20's should be sold at 20 cents, 16's at 15 cents, 10's at 10 cents, and 8's at 2 for 15 cents. Home Run 20's should sell for 15 cents.

"So far as I can learn, dealers are not charging any higher prices than these, and the smoker is really getting his cigarettes at a very reasonable price, when cost of production is considered."

JOBS TO BE PROVIDED FOR NAVY VETERANS

Washington, March 5.—Naval stations and yards were directed by Secretary Daniels today to restore to his former position upon discharge every man who left non-combatant work to enter a fighting branch of the service.

Every effort will be made, Mr. Daniels said, to take care of the returning veterans without leaving jobless other men who, on the call of the government, entered the naval establishment's essential industries. He asked that anyone who knew of a returning soldier or sailor failing to secure his old position under the navy department, report the fact to him personally.

WAYCROSS CHAMBER ELECTS SECRETARY

Waycross, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the board of directors of the new chamber of commerce Monday afternoon C. C. Thomas was elected secretary-manager to succeed J. S. Elkins, whose resignation was accepted early in January and went into effect February 15. Mr. Thomas is a Waycross man, but he has spent the past ten years away from here. He has had broad experience in chamber of commerce work and no doubt his election to the office will mean great things for the city and county.

HOTEL ASTOR NEW YORK

VISITORS who know New York will tell you that, despite its excellence of service and cuisine, Hotel Astor rates are no higher than those of any fine hotel.

Whether you want a single room or an elaborate suite you will find at the Astor the utmost in comfort. Here you will find New York's world of pleasure at your very door.

We would like to send you an interesting little booklet entitled "New York In Your Pocket." Write for it.

Times Square

At Broadway, 44th to 45th Streets,—the center of New York's social and business activities. In close proximity to all railway terminals.

BRITAIN IN ROLE OF SAVING WORLD

Lloyd-George Says There Is Convulsion Everywhere, and That It's Up to Britain to Save Civilization.

London, March 5.—Premier Lloyd-George made a striking speech at the first session of the joint industrial council of employers and employees which was appointed last week by the industrial conference. The premier said he was returning to the peace congress, which he hoped would settle and settle satisfactorily the peace of the world, and continued:

"I thought it important to come here just to say a few words to you because you also are sitting at a peace congress, the importance of which I am sure must have impressed itself upon your mind. It is probably more important in its bearing, not merely upon the settlement of problems, but on the settlement of the future of this country, than perhaps you may realize.

Germany Going to Pieces.

"The world is in a state of convulsion and unrest. Russia has gone to pieces and the symptoms are that Germany is going to pieces also. There is a lack of cohesion; there is a lack of definite, clear indication of the way in which the country is going to march and of the suffering. This is beginning to be very acute, and is spreading.

"I should not be a bit surprised if this old country, not for the first time, would be the land that will save civilization in more senses than one, and I should like you to do it. You may be making a model for civilization, to which all lands will turn and say, 'Let us follow Britain.'

"It is not the first time that Britain has given the principles upon which liberty and democratic government have been settled in other lands. I want Britain to save civilization this time. But civilization canot be saved by the triumph of any one class. It can only be saved by the triumph of justice and fair play of all classes. That is the spirit in which I want you to approach the great problems in front of you.

"Don't try each to get the advantage over the other. This is not a court wherein all are advocates and one presents his case with the hope of getting a verdict for his own side. You are judges. You are trustees for the whole country; for millions of work people, and employers and those whom you would not classify strictly in your category, but who are all, at any rate, part of this great band.

Must Look at Long Run.

"I say to the employers that they might get voluntary advantages which would in the end ruin them. They must look at the long run if they want the whole fabric to be secured. They must see that the foundations are secure. If they are not they have got to be uprooted.

"On the other hand, I say to the workers that what is happening in Russia and what may happen in Germany shows that, while the anarchist sections may appear for the moment to be triumphant, inconceivable horrors are being suffered in those countries. A small section may be doing well, but the vast multitude of the working classes there are suffering unimaginable distress.

"Therefore, what is needed is a prosperous community where prosperity is insured for all. We must banish unemployment. This can and must be done. Some scheme must be devised whereby the workers must never again be put in dread of the horrors of distress, hunger and famine. The future prosperity of this country depends upon increased productivity. You have got to do that. Let the workers understand that where there is an increase of products they will get their fair share of it.

"What is wanted between employers and workers is more confidence and more understanding."

WORLD CONFERENCE CALLED ON COTTON

New Orleans, March 5.—More than 3,000 delegates to represent cotton interests of the entire world will attend the world cotton conference to be held in New Orleans in October this year, Rufus R. Wilson, secretary of the National Cotton Manufacturers' association, Boston, announced here today. Mr. Wilson and S. Y. West, of Little Rock, treasurer of the general committee of the association, are in conference with a committee of New Orleans cotton men to work out plans for the meeting next fall.

HOUSE REPUBLICANS FOR SENIORITY RULE

Washington, March 5.—Republican organization of the next house of representatives was pushed forward today by party leaders, composing a committee on committees with practically a final decision that seniority of membership would continue to determine committee rank. This action, taken in respect to the eleven principal committees, applies to chairmanships, as well as to other leading places in the roster of the republican committee membership.

Before undertaking to consider the question of membership rank, the republicans decided on the apportionment of places on the committees between the two parties. Because of their margin of control of the next house, the committee decided to increase the majority apportionment by one member with a similar reduction of democratic or minority membership.

The Committee Ratio.

The principal committee, having twenty-one members, would, under the plan adopted, be divided between thirteen republicans and eight democrats, while practically the same ratio would obtain with the committees of smaller membership. A decision to make possible use of the committees on departmental expenditures, for proposed investigation of war expenditures and other inquiries of department activities led to the membership apportionment of these committees being agreed on as five republicans and two democrats, instead of the four-to-three ratio that obtained in the last house.

No consideration of the rank on the less important committees was given at today's meeting, the committee deferring action on the ground that republicans on these committees might be transferred to the principal committees. New membership of the committees also was not considered, but nominations made for the vacancies on behalf of the committees showed that twice as many men were seeking assignments as there would be places available.

Seniority Decision Came Early.

The decision as to seniority on the principal committees was reached early in the meeting, Representative Fordney, of Michigan, first being chosen to head the ways and means committee, although lacking the support of committee members who voted for Representative Gillett, of Massachusetts, in the recent speakership contest. No record vote, however, was taken and after Fordney's election, Representative Good, of Iowa, a Gillett supporter, was chosen without objection to head the appropriations committee. Seniority prevailed undisputed in the remainder of the selections and later in the day it was again indorsed by the selection of Representative Greene, of Massachusetts, another Gillett supporter, to head the merchant marine committee of which in the last house he was the ranking republican member.

Although announcement from the committee said that the seniority selections were tentative, committee members explained that the decisions virtually were final, although the selections must be approved by the party conference.

ASSAILANT OF BURNS SENT TO A HOSPITAL

New York, March 5.—Miss Gertrude Wormsworth, who fired two shots at William J. Burns, a detective, here Monday, was committed to Bellevue hospital for observation today after dismissal of charges against her of attempted felonious assault and violation of the Sullivan law.

Burns testified he recognized the girl as one who had visited his office a long time ago and requested him to investigate the death of a friend. He said he advised her mother at the time to have her examined and now believes the girl is the author of several anonymous letters received by him since that time.

BAN ON LIQUOR URGED BY N. Y. DRUGGISTS

Albany, N. Y., March 5.—Representatives of the retail druggists of the state today urged the assembly judiciary committee to amend the prohibition enforcement bill so that pharmacists would not be permitted to traffic in liquor.

The committee was told that at a meeting of the New York State Pharmaceutical association last Monday, it was decided unanimously that the members of the organization did not care to traffic in any manner in alcoholic beverages.

Under the provision of the enforcement bill, prepared by attorneys for the Anti-Saloon league, druggists would be permitted to dispense liquor upon a physician's prescription.

Pugh Named Chairman.

Lumpkin, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) At a meeting of the citizens of Stewart county, held this morning at the courthouse in Lumpkin, G. W. Pugh was made chairman for this county of the Fifth Liberty loan, otherwise to be known as the Victory Loan.

As a financier Mr. Pugh is well known, and it is anticipated that he will push the matter to a finish. In a few days he will name the committee who will assist him.

FULTON MAY GET U. S. ROAD FUNDS

Judge T. E. Patterson Will Discuss This Matter Fully With Public Works Committee of the County.

Judge T. E. Patterson, chairman of the state highway commission, appeared before the Fulton county commissioners at their March meeting on Wednesday afternoon and discussed with the members the possibility of Fulton county's obtaining federal aid for road improvements. Judge Patterson is of the opinion that Fulton can secure funds for this purpose from the government and he promised to go into the matter fully with the public works committee which will take up the proposition.

Judge Patterson stated that there is now available in the federal treasury $45,000 for DeKalb county provided DeKalb will invest an equal sum in roads. Because of the county's financial condition and the renting out of the convicts to Fulton county, the DeKalb commissioner, Judge Patterson said would not attempt to collect the road money.

He added that he thought a plan of co-operation might be worked out between Fulton and DeKalb by which the $45,000 need not be lost to DeKalb and Fulton would lose nothing. Details of this proposition will be gone into by the public works committee.

The commissioners voted $300 for the Georgia Automobile association to help defray expenses which have been incurred by its officials in efforts to secure federal aid for highways in Georgia, among these being the campaign for an extra session of the legislature.

A letter signed by Mrs. Edward G. Warner, Mrs. W. S. Coleman and Miss Cora Brown, of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, was read to the board by Clerk H. M. Wood, in which these women asked for financial aid from the county commissioners in marking the historical spots in Fulton county. They have already secured $500 for the purpose of erecting markers and asked for a gift of $500 from the county. A motion made by Dr. W. L. Gilbert to the effect that the board is in sympathy with the movement and will render aid when more definite plans have been completed, was passed.

The disposition of the Detention Home for Wayward Girls was postponed by the commission at the request of the federal government. The government asked that it be given an opportunity of sending a representative to the commission to see if some arrangement could be made by which the home could be retained.

EIGHT SEAMEN LAUDED BY SECRETARY DANIELS

Washington, March 5.—Earl L. O'Harra, a navy water tender, of Florence, S. C., is one of eight men commended by Secretary Daniels for having distinguished themselves by remaining at their posts in the engine and fire rooms of the U. S. S. Westgate when the vessel was sunk October 7 after collision with the U. S. S. American. The men were praised by the secretary for their conduct in taking every precaution to prevent the boilers from exploding.

CALM HAS SETTLED OVER WASHINGTON

Washington, March 5.—Calm of the congressional recess today settled over the capitol, with only a few echoing murmurs of the storm which yesterday closed the 65th congress.

Exodus of members to their homes for rest in preparation for the extra session expected in the summer was in full tide. For many it marked retirement from public life. Desks in the capitol offices were being cleared and there were tons of speeches, many on the league of nations, going to the mails. Discussions by leaders of extra session prospects developed varying opinions. Democratic leaders believed there was no prospect of an extra session at least before June 1. Some republican leaders thought that railroad, labor and other reconstruction problems might soon cause widespread demand for an extra session earlier than the president plans.

Taussig Ordered to Paris.

Washington, March 5.—Dr. F. W. Taussig, chairman of the tariff commission, has been directed by the president to proceed to Paris for the purpose of taking part in the readjustment of commercial treaties and similar problems. He will leave for Europe at once.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
86-96 Whitehall

SEWING MACHINES

We can and do sell sewing machines cheaper than any one else in Atlanta. Your opportunity to secure a good, reliable sewing machine is here in our department, on the third floor. All this week, starting today, we are offering floor samples and new machines at special prices. Among them all of the popular makes, such as Singer, New Home, White, Domestic, Grant and New Willard.

White (Rotary) $32.50

Domestic $53.00

Grant, $24.50

Special for This Sale Only

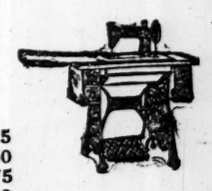
Singer (Demonstrator)	$28.75
New Home (Cabinet)	$42.50
Grant (New)	$19.75
New Willard (Cabinet)	$35.00
Domestic (New)	$39.75
White (Vibrator)	$26.50
Emblem (Vibrator)	$22.50
New Home (Used)	$ 5.00

We are sole agents for the famous Domestic sewing machines in Atlanta. Visit our department. Courteous sales people will be glad to show the new 1919 models to you.

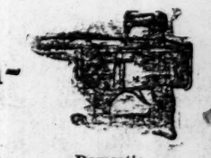
TERMS AS LOW AS $1.00 PER WEEK

Picoting and hemstitching 10c per yard. All work guaranteed. Needles, Belts and accessories for all makes of sewing machines.

Third Floor.


Singer 66 (Used) $35.00

New Willard Special $35.00


Domestic $39.75

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
86-96 Whitehall

BETTER THAN WHISKEY FOR COLDS AND FLU

New Alcoholic Elixir, Called Aspironal, Medicated With Latest Scientific Remedies Used and Endorsed by European and American Army Surgeons to Cut Short a Cold and Prevent Complications.

Every Druggist in U. S. Instructed to Refund Price While You Wait at Counter, If Relief Does Not Come Within Two Minutes.

Delightful Taste, Immediate Relief, Quick Warm-Up.

The sensation of the year in the drug trade is Aspironal, the Two-Minute cold and cough reliever, authoritatively guaranteed by the Laboratories; tested, approved and most enthusiastically endorsed by the highest authorities, and proclaimed by the common people as ten times as quick and effective as whisky, rock and rye, or any other cold and cough cure they have ever tried.

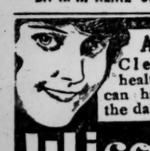
All drug stores are now supplied with the wonderful new elixir, so all you have to do to get rid of that cold, is to step into the nearest drug store, hand the clerk half a dollar for a bottle of Aspironal and tell him to serve you a teaspoonful with four teaspoonfuls of water in a glass. With your watch in your hand, take the drink at one swallow and call for your money back in two minutes if you cannot feel your cold fading away like a dream, within the time limit. Don't be bashful, for all druggists invite you and expect you to try it. Everybody's doing it.

When your cold or cough is relieved, take the remainder of the bottle home to your wife and babies, for Aspironal is by far the safest and most effective, the easiest to take and most agreeable cold and cough remedy for infants and children. Do not be afraid of its alcoholic contents, for it contains no more than any good doctor would prescribe for a cold, cough or the flu.—(adv.)

EPILEPTIC ATTACKS Have Been STOPPED For Over 50 Years by DR. KLINE'S EPILEPTIC REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for Fits, Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and Kindred Nervous Derangements. Get or order it at any Drug Store—

Send for our valuable book on Epilepsy. It is **FREE**

Dr. R. H. KLINE CO., Department D 32, RED BANK, N. J.



A Sweet Mouth Clean teeth and healthy gums. You can have them all by the daily use of

Wicomb's ORIGINAL IPECAC TOOTH PASTE

Indorsed by leading dentists for RIGG'S DISEASE. Sold by your druggist. Try it for the family

Headache

Sour stomach, bad breath and kindred disorders destroy health. Get relief by taking

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS

FOR SALE

AT NORTH CAMP JACKSON, COLUMBIA, S. C.

The following government material:

1 and 2 Ply Roofing, government specifications, 2 squares to roll.

Tarred Felt.

Sash and Doors, various sizes.

Room Heaters.

Ranges, 18, 20 and 22-inch ovens.

Terra Cotta Sewer Pipe up to 24 inches.

12, 24 and 36 inch Galvanized Culvert Pipe.

Nails—50% in good condition—50% slightly rusted.

Water Tanks, cypress—10,000 and 12,000 gallons capacity.

Water Tanks, redwood—200,000 gallons capacity.

And other miscellaneous material used in construction.

Also, second hand tools of all description, second hand mess equipment and second hand office furniture, none of which has been used over five months, and in excellent condition.

Write for particulars.

CONSTRUCTION QUARTERMASTER
North Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

WILSON CLEMENT TO TWO GEORGIANS

Sentences of Carter and Easman, Convicted Under Espionage Act, Commuted--Clemency Shown in 53 Cases.

Washington, March 5.—Unduly harsh sentences imposed on a number of persons convicted during the war emergency of violating the espionage act will be corrected from time to time through executive clemency by President Wilson, it was announced today, simultaneously with the commutation of sentences in fifty-two cases, and complete pardon in one. As fast as the department of justice can review the 150 cases still awaiting examination, recommendations for the shortening of sentences will be sent to the president.

Frederick Krafft, of Newark, N. J., secretary of the socialist party in New Jersey, was given the only full pardon in the group of cases today. He was convicted for utterances in a speech in the public square at Newark, but in pardoning him, consideration was given to the fact that in the socialist national convention at St. Louis early in the war, he was one of the pro-war leaders.

Those granted clemency today included a number of socialists, I. W. W. agitators and religious pacifists.

Two Georgians in List.

The names, district courts in which convictions were obtained and the sentence commuted included G. C. Carter, northern Georgia district, one year and one day, and W. A. Easman, southern Georgia, sentence to expire April 1, and Gustav Sigwalt, northern Florida district, sentence to expire April 1.

The sentence of Amos Linden Hitchcock, former socialist member of the school board of Cleveland, Ohio, was commuted from ten to two years.

The fifteen-year sentence imposed on Clarence H. Waldron, of Vermont, a pacifist preacher, was commuted to expire April 1, next.

Victims of War-Time Passion.

In many of the cases acted on today, officials of the department of justice said, prisoners had been victims of war-time passion or prejudice, and had been given long sentences not commensurate with their offenses. To eliminate any possible injustice, the reviews were undertaken. Officials explained, however, that they would take care not to recommend clemency for the scores of persons against whom there was strong evidence of disloyalty and whose sentences were not extreme.

Thousands of letters have been received at the department of justice asking executive clemency for J. F. Rutherford, head of the International Bible Students' association, and seven associates, now serving sentences in the Atlanta federal penitentiary on charges of disloyalty growing out of publication of "The Finished Mystery," a Bible handbook. These cases were appealed by the convicted men from the federal district court in Brooklyn and are pending in the appellate court. Officials indicated that no action would be taken in their cases until the appellate court had rendered a decision.

BITTER ROW RAGES IN THE CONFERENCE

Continued from First Page

Meyers, of Minneapolis; E. M. Harber, of Kansas City, and others. Mayor Hoan wanted to know who sent the "stacks of telegrams," which Governor Cox reported had reached the committee favoring the declaration. He and Mayor Meyers declared the clause interfered with local sovereignty and Mr. Harber said aid like that given by the war labor board in the Kansas City strike did more harm than good.

Mayor Baker, of Portland, Ore., answering for his colleagues of the committee, Governor Cox, Governor Bilbo of Mississippi, Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, Mayor Peters of Boston and George Foster Peabody, representing the governor of New York, said the telegrams had been addressed to President Wilson, who sent them to the committee.

"They came from the traction interests," shouted Mayor Hoan.

"Don't get excited," the Portland executive replied. "I've pulled that corporation stuff just as you are doing, and it goes well with your constituents, but I advocate this section because we ought to have some government agency to help us in difficulties which cannot be settled locally."

Motion to strike out the clause was defeated, 34 to 21.

Governor and Mayor Clash.

The controversy between Governor Cox and Mayor Rolph arose out of a resolution which the mayor introduced early in the day, demanding that President Wilson reconvene congress to pass appropriation measures, condemning the building of American ships in Chinese and Japanese yards while contracts in this country were being canceled, and favoring the principle of collective bargaining.

In reporting the committee's decision not to accept the resolution, Governor Cox said he would be glad to give reasons if desired.

Mayor Rolph failed to obtain postponement of consideration of the report until a night session and then promptly demanded that the governor give the reasons for eliminating the mayor's resolution. Governor Cox did not reply and the fight over the adoption of the report began. Later Governor Cox rose to a question of personal privilege.

"Nothing in word or spirit was intended to convey asperity to the mayor of San Francisco," he said. "The committee desired to avoid subjects which are matters of political controversy."

Mayor Rolph heatedly replied that there was no intention to bring politics into the gathering; that he had criticised the republican filibuster which defeated the appropriation measures, but that the only way to get congress "back on the job" was to have the president call an extra session.

An attempt to have the conference indorse government ownership of railroads was defeated by acclamation.

Houston Leaves the Room.

At the morning session dissatisfaction of western delegates at what they regarded as the failure of the conference to achieve concrete results broke forth in a storm of debate, during which Secretary Houston, who was to have spoken, left the room in the department of the interior, where today's sessions were held.

Mayor Rolph, of San Francisco, precipitated the trouble.

"With all due respect to the gentlemen who have addressed us," Mayor Rolph said, "they have not told us a word that we did not already know. We have traveled 3,000 miles not to hear that every American ought to own a home or that good roads ought to be built, but to find out how the poor American hero, begging on the streets of New York, is going to get a job. Most of the trouble with the labor situation is right here in Washington, and we want to know what's going to be done."

Mayor Baker, of Portland, Ore., declared the western delegates were much dissatisfied with the procedure of the conference and wanted something done. It was at this point that Secretary Houston departed.

Bolshevik Scare Ridiculed.

"This panic about Bolshevism in the United States is all a bogey," said William Piggott, spokesman of Seattle, Wash., today in telling the conference of governors and mayors how Seattle dealt with labor unrest.

"Out in the west we deplore the position taken by public men on this question," Mr. Piggott said. "The man is unfair who compares conditions in this country with Europe. There is no reason for anarchy or revolt in the United States, where the working people have the best homes and the best conditions in the world and can change their government by the ballot instead of by force."

Mr. Piggott emphasized, however, that mayors and governors should act more courageously in dealing with unrest, particularly as it appeared there would be many thousands of unemployed in the country in the next few months.

"You can't help conditions by sitting around playing politics," he declared in attacking congress for not passing appropriation bills.

Director General Hines, who, with Secretaries Glass, Redfield and Lane, addressed the conference today, said the railroad administration was considering the reduction of freight rates on road-building material.

Mayors May Form League.

Plans for the organization of an "American mayors league" were discussed tonight at a final meeting of many of the mayors who attended the three days' conference. A committee of five was appointed to confer with the department of labor as to the feasibility of forming such an organization.

To deal with the present industrial and labor situation, the organization would be subject to the call of the secretary of labor at any time for conference. February 4 was fixed as the definite date for the annual conference to be called by the secretary, it being the purpose of the mayors to convene in Washington a month before the end of the regular session of congress so that the views of the conference can be placed before the legislative body.

Pale Children

Made over to your liking, with rosy cheeks, hearty appetites, vigorous digestion and robust health. Give them a glass of this delicious digestant with meals.

Shivar Ale

PURE DIGESTIVE AROMATICS WITH SHIVAR MINERAL WATER AND GINGER

Nothing like it for building rich blood and solid flesh. At all grocers and druggists—satisfaction or your money back on first dozen.

Bottled and guaranteed by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Spring, Shelton, S. C. If your regular dealer cannot supply you telephone

McCORD STEWART CO.,
Distributors for Atlanta.

FOUNTAIN PENS SOUTHERN PHOTO MATERIAL CO SEVENTY-TWO NORTH BROAD

An itching head is most uncomfortable and annoying

That itching is not always entirely due to dandruff—oftentimes the irritation is caused by a mild form of eczema. Resinol Ointment is usually most successful in clearing up a trouble such as this, and speedier results are generally obtained by washing the hair occasionally with Resinol Soap.

Their joint use seldom fails to bring satisfactory results in the treatment of all skin disorders on limbs, body and face.

Sold by all druggists. For free samples write Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Resinol

OFFICERS ACCUSED OF SENDING TROOPS

Continued from First Page

as a bit of theatrical display which had cost the lives of many fine Canadian boys who could ill be spared.

Some of the newspapers hint that Sir Sam's attack was inspired by chagrin at the failure of his son, General Garnet Hughes, to get to France as the commander of a fifth brigade of Canadians, but all are unanimous in their assertion that the charges call for an immediate and thorough investigation. General Currie was an appointee of Sir Sam's when he was minister of militia.

Profiteering Is Charged.

Sir Sam also made a bitter attack on Sir Joseph Flavelle, head of the munitions board and president of the William Davies company, a big Canadian packing concern, with branches in some United States cities, company's profits in the Canadian branches were investigated by a royal commission, but Sir Sam declared that the operations of the company in the United States should be looked into and asserted that Sir Joseph had made $5,000,000 a month on contracts for meat products for his company by virtue of the influence he was able to wield as head of the imperial munitions board, and that he had made profits of $100,000,000 during the four years of the war. Sir Joseph has issued a categorical denial to the ex-minister's charges.

The Casualties at Ypres.

London, March 5.—The casualties of the British, Canadian and Australian troops in the Ypres salient from July 31 to November 18, 1917, aggregated, in officers and men, 258,027. This fact was made known today in the house of commons when Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary of war, answering a question gave the casualties as follows:

British: Officers, 10,795; men, 207,838.

Canadian: Officers, 496; men, 11,107.

Australians: Officers, 1,289; men 26,502.

We use the best PAINLESS METHODS

Gold Crown $5.00
Bridge Work $5.00
Artificial Plate . . $5.00
PAINLESS EXTRACTION 50c & $1.00

We successfully treat Riggs Disease and cure sore gums.

Union Painless Dentists
23½ WHITEHALL ST.
Over Jacobs' Pharmacy cor. Ala.
DR. C. C. NEEDHAM, Prop.

CHURCH DEACONS ISSUE STATEMENT

Continued from First Page

would have paid the debt, was almost entirely lost, only about 5 per cent of same being realized. Those pledges were made with the idea that the pastor would remain in Atlanta to continue the peculiar and distinctive work of an institutional church, and the change of leadership caused the subscribers to cancel their pledges.

As to the second drive, the required amount of pledges not having been received, Dr. Norris did not accept the call, and no attempt was made to collect the subscriptions. As to the "dollar campaign," it is true that something like one hundred thousand letters were mailed out, but an average of only one in twelve brought a response. About one-fourth of them were returned unopened, having failed to reach the addressee.

Money Put in Bank.

All moneys taken in from the Norris drive and the "dollar campaign" were handled by Rev. D. S. Edenfield, then connected with the Tabernacle, a man who has the absolute confidence of all who know him. He now lives at 303 Grant street, Atlanta, telephone Main 3274-J. He authorizes the statement to be made that those two drives brought in some twelve or thirteen thousand dollars, and that after paying postage, printing and other bills there was left about $8,000. He says every dollar went into the bank subject to the check of the treasurer, W. G. Peebles, local manager of the Western Union Telegraph company. Mr. Edenfield further says that the records which he made show every dollar collected and every dollar paid out, and said records are open to the inspection of all parties interested. Any party contributing to said fund can get his money back if desired. A record has been kept of every contributor and the amount paid.

After the close of the "dollar campaign" the officials of the church were advised by eminent counsel connected with the James M. Smith litigation not to make payment until all contest of the probate of the will had ceased. At that time a caveat was pending to the will, which has since been established, and an effort was being made to set up an alleged will by the terms of which the Tabernacle debt had been cancelled by bequest of James M. Smith. There was current rumor testified to by many reputable citizens going to show that Colonel Smith gave the debt to the Tabernacle in his will.

A very prominent citizen, at one time one of the administrators of James M. Smith, stated to one of the official board of the Tabernacle: "If the truth could be known your church would never have to pay that debt. Colonel Smith never intended to make the church pay it." Colonel Smith was always a friend to the Tabernacle and extended every kindness and courtesy and leniency. A resolution of thanks and appreciation was once passed by the church and copy forwarded to him. He was great-hearted and generous in his dealings with the church and made a loan of $75,000 when no other lender in the field would do it.

Indorsers Unfairly Treated.

The Tabernacle does not resent the effort being made by the administrators to collect this debt. Such course is clearly within the bounds of their right and duty; but the fact remains that the indorsers have not been fairly treated as will appear by affidavits made by some of them which are hereto appended.

The officials of the Tabernacle do not desire another dollar to be given by any one toward this debt unless the ultimate discharge of same is to be accomplished. Hon. George M. Brown, president of the Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, has kindly consented to open a book in which shall be kept the name, address and amount of any donations that any friends of the Tabernacle may desire to make; with the express understanding, however, embodied in the receipt given, that if the debt shall not be discharged the money shall be refunded to the donor. So many persons have expressed their desire to help, provided assurance could be given of ultimately wiping out the debt, that the above plan, made possible by the kindness of Mr. Brown, has been decided upon.

Occasion is hereby taken to thank our many friends for their expressions of sympathy and their proffered aid which they extend by way of their appreciation of the work which our great old church has done, is doing and hopes still to do in the years to come.

BOARD OF DEACONS, TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Three Affidavits.

The affidavits follow:

Georgia, Fulton County—

Personally came Dr. Joseph Broughton, who on oath says that he is a member of the board of deacons of the Tabernacle Baptist church, of Atlanta, and is one of the indorsers on the mortgage indebtedness of said church in favor of James M. Smith.

Affiant says that in the early part of December last, he had a conversation with Mark P. McWhorter, of the firm of McWhorter & McWhorter, representing the plaintiffs in the suit brought by the administrators of James M. Smith to foreclose the indebtedness against the Tabernacle Baptist church upon which affiant is an indorser as above stated. He further says that in that conversation the said McWhorter assured him that they would take the church property for the debt and would release all underwriters, and in the event the plaintiffs should buy in the property at the sale it would be taken in full satisfaction of the debt and the indorsers would not be held bound.

JOSEPH BROUGHTON.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5th day of March, 1919.

A. H. HARPER,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Georgia.

Georgia, Fulton County—

Personally came H. A. Etheridge, who on oath says that some time in the early part of December Mr. Mark P. McWhorter, a member of the firm of McWhorter & McWhorter, came to the office of affiant in Atlanta and had a conversation with him touching the suit then about to be filed by the administrators of James M. Smith through McWhorter & McWhorter, attorneys, to foreclose certain indebtedness against the Tabernacle Baptist church, of Atlanta, upon which affiant is one of the indorsers. In the course of that conversation Mr. McWhorter said that he wanted the indorsers to put their minds at rest about their individual liability and said that they would not be molested because his client had agreed to make the property bring the debt and if it had to be brought to sale and that would operate to satisfy the claim and save harmless the indorsers. He said that he very much hoped that some arrangement would be made by which the property would not be brought to sale, but if it had to be sold his people would be glad to take it for the debt, and he said he wanted the indorsers to know that they would not be in danger of sustaining loss by reason of said indorsement.

H. A. ETHERIDGE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5th day of March, 1919.

A. H. HARPER,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Georgia.

Georgia, Fulton County—

Personally came R. N. Fickett, who, on oath, says he is chairman of the board of deacons of the Tabernacle Baptist church, and one of the two men designated by the church to go to Athens and execute and deliver a deed to the church property.

Affiant says that on Wednesday, the 19th of February, Mr. M. P. McWhorter, one of the counsel for plaintiffs in said suit, was in Atlanta and had a conversation with affiant and Judge O. H. Puckett. In that conversation Mr. McWhorter was informed that the church had decided since it could not pay the debt nor sell its property to turn it over without further litigation or expense. McWhorter requested that representatives of the church come to Athens on the following Saturday at 11 o'clock to close up the matter and promised to have the administrators present at his office at that time. He suggested that the church designate certain persons to act for it in signing and delivering the deed, and in conference on the night of that day the church passed proper resolutions designating affiant and O. H. Puckett to go to Athens and act for the church in executing and delivering the deed. Mr. McWhorter further stated in that conversation that he would recommend to his clients that after the surrender of the property the church be given six months' occupancy without payment of rent. Affiant says that when he and Judge Puckett got to Athens in fulfillment of their engagement they were told by the administrators that the property would be sold on the first Tuesday in March, and that if it did not bring the debt the indorsers would be held liable for the shortage.

Affiant is not an indorser on said indebtedness.

R. N. FICKETT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 5th day of March, 1919.

A. H. HARPER,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Georgia.

WITH BULLETS SOLDIERS STOP BERLIN RIOTERS

Continued from First Page

restaurant and hotel employees and the newspaper workers.

A meeting of the workers' councils, the newspaper adds, has decided that the food supply system, the fire brigade, hospitals and similar functions shall not be included in the strike.

Paris, March 5.—A Havas dispatch from Berlin says that a Spartacan attack on the Northern railroad terminus last night was repulsed and five rioters were killed.

The government, the dispatch adds, has taken the most energetic measures. Three divisions were rushed to Berlin and other reinforcements continue to pour in. The attitude of the troops, however, is uncertain. A naval division is openly hostile to the government, but the government believes it can count on half of the Berlin troops.

The Spartacan bureau in Wilhelmstrasse was occupied, but all the leaders escaped. Two Russian Bolsheviki have been arrested and numerous important documents seized. Government troops at Spandau have occupied the artillery depot containing great quantities of arms and munitions, which the independents counted upon seizing.

STRIKE MOVEMENT MAKING PROGRESS.

Amsterdam, March 5.—The strike movement is making progress throughout Germany, according to advices received here from Berlin today.

The proposal for a general strike at Jena, 12 miles southeast of Weimar, put forward by the leaders of the workingmen, has been carried.

A general strike has begun at Eisenach, 44 miles west of Weimar, where the situation is reported serious, rioting having broken out.

Virtually all the miners are out at Hamborn, the advices add.

EXTREME ANXIETY PREVAILS IN BERLIN.

London, March 5.—"Extreme anxiety prevails in all circles this evening (Monday)," according to the Berlin correspondent of The Daily Mail. "There is much uncertainty among foreign residents regarding their position, especially after the anti-American demonstration of Sunday and the anti-Italian disturbance at another hotel. It is even rumored that the government does not feel able to guarantee the security of strangers, but no indication to the effect has reached the entente authorities."

BARNES MAY KNOW HIS FATE TODAY

Continued from First Page

Judge John T. West, Judge J. B. Burnside and P. B. Johnson, clearly showed in the evidence presented and examination of witnesses that it will contend vigorously for a verdict of first-degree murder.

Barnes' defense, as outlined to the jury by Samuel L. Olive, his leading counsel, is that he, a man 61 years old, and in weak physical condition, was attacked without provocation by Lewis, a man of 28 years and of robust health, and that he shot to save his life. The defense contends that Lewis was the aggressor throughout, and that he went out of his way to meet Barnes to provoke the difficulty.

Courtroom Crowded.

The courtroom was crowded to the capacity allowed by Judge Hammond from early morning until adjournment. A strict regulation, regidly enforced, against disorder or demonstrations of any sort made possible the smooth running of the trial, which resulted in the case progressing much farther the first day than the most sanguine had anticipated.

Opinion in Thomson, with all the evidence in, is divided as to the probable outcome of the trial. A majority seem to expect a verdict of manslaughter; others a mistrial, and some few an acquittal.

John M. Barnes, who has been in Richmond county jail since the day of the killing, and who was brought to Thomson yesterday morning by Sheriff Clary, of this county, is tonight in the McDuffie jail.

AWARD CONTRACT FOR SAMPLE ROAD IN RICHMOND CO.

Augusta, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) The county commissioners of Richmond county yesterday awarded to the Ely Construction company a contract for the construction of two miles of sample road at $1.45 per square yard, using Texas Standard Oil asphalt.

The "sample" roads are to be constructed at three different points. They are to be used as guidance to the commissioners in determining the material and method of construction of a system of county roads to cost approximately a million dollars, to be begun as soon as possible after the issuance of county bonds, provided such bonds are approved by the voters of the county.

There were six bidders in the competition for the "sample" road work.

H. C. Rawls Kills Self.

Durham, N. C., March 5.—Holman C. Rawls, prominent dry goods merchant, shot and killed himself here today. Previously Mr. Rawls had written a number of letters to friends and relatives. Despondency over ill health is believed to have prompted the act.

Three D's Heals Three

"A terrible itching commenced on my body. 1½ bottles of D. D. D. completely cured me."

"I saw a remarkable cure of a boy born with Eczema."

"A single bottle cured another case, Salt Rheum of the hands."

Quoted from recent letter from Walter Rickey, Elkhart, Ind. Write him for more facts.

We too, have seen such remarkable results accomplished by D. D. D. in healing all forms of skin trouble from pimples and blackheads to severe cases of eczema, that we feel it must reach your case. Come in and ask us about it. We guarantee the first bottle. 35c, 60c and $1.00.

D.D.D. THE Lotion for Skin Disease

JACOBS' PHARMACY CO.

UNEMPLOYMENT AREA CONTINUES TO SPREAD

Washington, March 5.—Reports for the current week show a greater increase in the number of unemployed and in the area of unemployment than for several weeks past, according to the weekly bulletin of the United States employment service made public today. During the week the number of cities reporting heavy unemployment increased two-thirds and the total number of unemployed from 340,697 to 365,400, almost one-third of which is in Ohio. The southeast seems to be the least affected of any section of the country.

Conditions in the southeast were as follows:

Birmingham reports a shortage of labor but no estimate. Mobile reports an equality of labor and demand with threats of strikes. A large number of common and skilled workmen released from the nitrate plant at Muscle Shoals are unplaceable and some of them have been transferred to other states.

Jacksonville, Pensacola and Tampa report slight shortages. There is a general shortage of common and farm labor throughout Florida. Skilled mechanics are plentiful.

Savannah reports a shortage of 864. Atlanta reports a surplus of skilled and unskilled white labor and a slight shortage of negro common labor. Atlanta also reports strikes.

New Orleans reports an apparent equality of labor supply and demand with carpenters still on strike. There is a slight demand for negro laborers and railroad workers.

Wilmington reports a shortage of 250. There is an equality of labor supply and demand in Raleigh and Winston-Salem.

Nashville reports a surplus of 2,000 with a lockout of harness makers. Memphis reports a shortage of 500 negro farm laborers, but a surplus of white labor. Chattanooga reports an apparent equality of labor demand and supply.

Charleston and Columbia both report slight shortages.

Norfolk reports a shortage of 1,500 while Richmond reports a surplus of 1,500. Lynchburg reports an equality of labor supply and demand. No activities in the building trades in Virginia are expected in the near future and a heavy labor surplus is anticipated.

Three Are Arrested On Assault Charge In Teamsters' Strike

Augusta, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) Charles Simms, George Moultrie and M. Reagan were arrested tonight, charged with disorderly conduct. During the afternoon they made an attempt to assault Chester Smith, who was driving a city scavenger wagon. It is asserted that the arrested men are former city teamsters, or their sympathizers. The teamsters are on strike because of an order of the mayor. Smith went to work on the city wagons since the strike began.

When the accused men approached Smith he kept them at bay with his pitchfork. They threatened that if he did not dump the contents of the wagon or permit them to dump them, Smith would not be permitted to leave the stable alive at "putting up" time.

Mayor White said tonight that nine new men had been hired to go to work Thursday morning and they would be protected if it took the entire police force to give them that protection.

Parking on Forsyth And Walton Street Sides of P. O. Barred

Postmaster Bolling H. Jones has asked Chief of Police Beavers to make cases against parties parking their automobiles on the Forsyth and Walton street side of the federal building. Mr. Jones said that the city ordinance which was passed some months ago by council prohibiting the parking of cars on these streets during business hours is being disregarded. Chief Beavers has instructed the captains to make cases against all persons parking their cars there during business hours.

Dav son-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Liberty Hats $7.50

12 New Hats placed in stock every 60 minutes. See them any hour during the day.

PHONE US----MAIN 3546
CITY COAL CO.
FOR GENUINE BLUE GEM

47 Rue Blanche, Paris

OUR poilus tell me that they have used most extensively

BAUME ANALGÉSIQUE BENGUÉ

after a long day's march to relieve their tired feet—and indeed to relieve the muscular strain so common in the great war.

The people of the United States will be interested to learn how effective the genuine Baume is in taking away all such soreness, and giving prompt relief to such suffering as rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, gout and the like.

Phne de 1re Classe Paris

Thos. Leeming & Co.
American Agents, New York

COLD WAVE DUE TODAY, SAYS THE FORECASTER

A cold wave, with the probability of freezing temperatures in some parts of the state, is due to strike this section Thursday morning, according to the local weather bureau, which yesterday issued to shippers warning that perishables shipped to reach their destination in six hours should be prepared to stand temperatures below freezing.

The wave is expected to extend through eastern Mississippi northeastward toward New York. Although the bureau expects fair weather in Atlanta today, strong winds are expected to be in order throughout the state.

The prediction for colder weather is also made by the bureau at Washington, but the capital officials are of the opinion that the skies will be cloudy today with fair weather for Friday.

The cold wave started, weather officials say, in Texas, where freezing temperatures were experienced Wednesday morning.

DUBLIN WILL VOTE ON SCHOOL BONDS

Dublin, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) An election to decide upon the issue of $50,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a new grammar school building in Dublin has been called by the city council for May 15. It is imperative that more room be secured in the schools before the opening of the next term, and this new school building is the solution of the present problem.

The city has on hand $25,000 in bond money for school purposes, but the new negro school building, to replace one burned some time ago, will cost about $14,000, instead of $5,000, as was originally intended, and the remainder of the $25,000 will be used up by needed repairs and improvements to the other three school buildings. The schoolhouses, both white and colored, in Dublin, are seriously overcrowded, and the new grammar school is absolutely necessary.

Permanent positions with attractive work at good pay for girls between 16 and 25 years of age. See Miss Prince, Bell Telephone office, 25 Auburn Avenue.—(Adv.)

ATLANTA THEATER
TONIGHT FRI. & SAT. MAT. SAT.
Cohan & Harris present the funniest American comedy of recent years
"A TAILOR MADE MAN"
By Harry James Smith.
One year in New York, six months in Chicago.

MON.-TUES.-WED., MAR. 10-11-12
MATINEE WEDNESDAY
Charles Dillingham's Stupendous Musical Comedy
CHIN CHIN
With Walter Willis and Roy Binder.
Company of 65—Mostly Girls
And the Famous Clown Saxophone Band.
PRICES: Nights, 50c to $2.00 Matinee, 50c to $1.50
Seats on Sale Friday.

LOEW'S GRAND THEATRE
Continuous 1 to 11 P. M.
Vaudeville 3:30—7—9 P. M.
Afternoon 10c, 15c. Night 10c, 20, 30c
(War Tax Included)
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
Celebrated Musical Comedy Stars
Muriel Hudson and Dave Jones
in "ON THE BRIDAL PATH"
LEONORE SIMONSON BEVAN & FLINT
CAVANA DUO BECK & STONE
GLADYS BROCKWELL
in "THE FORBIDDEN ROOM"

J. F. Keith Vaudeville **LYRIC** Daily 2:30 7:30, 9:15
BELLE MONTROSE
and company in a pleasing entertainment. Julia Curtis, the Three Chums, and others.
The Best There is in Vaudeville

RIALTO
11 to 11 o'clock
TODAY
The Wonder-Woman
Alla Nazimova
In Her Fourth Triumph
"Out of the Fog"
Mon. Tues. Wed.
ELSIE FERGUSON
In "The Marriage Price"

FORSYTH
11 to 11 o'clock
TODAY
FATTY ARBUCKLE
In a Laugh a Second in
"LOVE"
—and—
BILLIE BURKE
Charming Little Actress in
"Good Gracious, Annabelle"

ALPHA
TODAY
"SHOULDER ARMS"
A Screaming 3-Reel Feature
—with—
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
This is the first time it has ever been shown for 5c.
FRIDAY
"FLAMES"
The 14th Episode of "THE LURE OF THE CIRCUS"
—with—
Eddie Polo and Eileen Sedgwick.
The Best Feature for a Nickel

SAVOY
TODAY
"When a Man Rides Alone"
A 5-Reel Western Drama, Starring William Russell
FRIDAY
"The Fall of the Romanoffs"
Herbert Brenon's big 8-reel production, featuring Nance O'Neil, William E. Shay and Alfred Hickman.
A COMEDY EVERY DAY

STRAND
11 to 11 O'Clock
TODAY
Zane Grey's
"THE BORDER LEGION"
—With—
Blanche Bates
—And—
Hobart Bosworth
GAUMONT WEEKLY
CHRISTIE COMEDY.

TUDOR
Last Week
"THE HEART OF HUMANITY"
The picture that will live forever
PRESENTED BY
The Atlanta Constitution
Continuous 11 to 11
SEE IT FROM THE BEGINNING
11 a. m.-1-3-5-7-9 p. m.
LARGE ORCHESTRA
Afternoon and Night
ALL SEATS 50

THE CRITERION
Daily—10:45, 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 4:45, 6:15, 7:45, 9:15.
TODAY
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
In the Most Superb Picture of Her Career
"CHEATING CHEATERS"
From the Stage Success
WONDERFUL CAST
including
ANNA Q. NILSSON
JACK HOLT
TULLY MARSHALL
FRANK CAMPEAU
NEXT WEEK
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
The Birth of a Nation
SEATS ON SALE FRIDAY

CARROLL TODD QUITS GOVERNMENT POST

New York, March 5.—C. Carroll Todd has resigned as United States assistant attorney general, it became known here today prior to the departure of President Wilson for Europe.

Mr. Todd had charge of prosecutions under the Sherman anti-trust law and had been mentioned as a possible successor to Attorney General Gregory, who resigned recently

L. L. HOOKS SAYS HIS TROUBLES ARE OVER

Tanlac Built Him Up So He Is Now Working Hard Every Day and Feeling Fine.

"When I weighed the other day I found I had gained thirty-five pounds, and that's only a part of what Tanlac has done for me," said L. L. Hooks, of North Roswell, Ga., in relating his experience with Tanlac.

"I suffered from such an awful case of stomach trouble," he continued, "that I could hardly eat a thing. The little I forced down didn't give me any strength and at times I would almost choke from the gas that formed in my stomach. I was so weak and miserable I couldn't do any work at all.

"I commenced to take Tanlac because I saw the good it was doing others, and it simply made me feel like a new man. My troubles are now over, it built me up wonderfully and I am working hard every day, and never have any more trouble with my stomach."

Tanlac is sold by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., and all other good druggists.—(adv.)

FROM THE LOW FEVER COUNTRY

Cheering Message From South Georgia to People Subject to Fevers and Other Ills--Try Black-Draught Liver Medicine.

Ocilla, Ga.—Mr. J. H. McNeill, a resident of this place, says: "I and my family have been users of Thedford's Black-Draught for years and never yet found its equal for liver and stomach troubles. It is without doubt the best medicine for headache, indigestion and such ills on the market. I firmly believe if a family would use it regularly they would never have any fever, as it keeps the liver active and is so easy to take. We have never had any fever in our family since we began its use, although we live in low country in southern Georgia.

I use it in broken doses for indigestion, gas or sour stomach, but for colds I use a full dose."

When you feel bad all over, stomach not right, bad taste in your mouth, head aches, bilious, etc., try that old, reliable vegetable liver medicine you have heard so much about—Thedford's Black-Draught.

You have read over and over again the statements from users who found it of great relief to them in their suffering. Try Black-Draught for yourself. Why should it not bring you relief, too?

At all druggists.—(adv.)

Teach Children to Use Cuticura for Hair and Skin

That they may have good hair and clear skin through life. Try this treatment for the hair. At night rub Cuticura Ointment into partings all over the scalp. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Nothing better than Cuticura for all toilet purposes.

Dust children's skins with Cuticura Talcum, a delicately perfumed skin powder. At all druggist's 25c.

PARIS GARTERS

The oval kneeling figure trademark reproduced below is found on every box and on the back of the PARIS GARTER shield.

A. STEIN & COMPANY

CAPUDINE

NO DOPE
NO BOOZE
IT'S RELIABLE FOR
HEADACHE

MAIN QUESTIONS OF PEACE TREATY

Taken Up by Council of the Great Powers—Questions Relate to German Disarmament — Lloyd-George in Paris.

Paris, March 5.—The arrival of the British prime minister, David Lloyd-George, in Paris tonight is the prelude to the discussion of the main question of the peace treaty by the council of the great powers, which will begin tomorrow and continue during President Wilson's stay.

The question to be determined tomorrow relates to the military and naval terms of the enemy disarmament as framed by Marshal Foch and the joint military and naval advisers. These were originally framed as terms of the armistice, but are now changed so as to be part of the permanent peace treaty.

Lloyd-George and House.

Premier Lloyd-George and Colonel House will have lunch together prior to tomorrow's meeting at which the British and American positions will doubtless be co-ordinated, as President Wilson's views on the subject are understood to have been made known by cable an wireless.

The subjects of reparation for war damages and the western German frontier will follow the military and naval terms. It is understood that an agreement has virtually been reached on the amount of reparation to be inserted in the peace treaty. This is far less than either the French or British estimates as originally submitted, but is still a vast sum running high into billions of dollars.

The western German frontier is also practically settled, one of the main features being a neutralized or "sterilized" strip along the west bank of the Rhine, which will insure an adequate buffer between France and any renewed German aggression.

Case of King Nicholas.

The council of the great powers today heard the case of King Nicholas of Montenegro, which was presented by General Gvosdenovich, Montenegrin minister at Washington. It was a protest by the venerable monarch against losing his throne and having his country absorbed by the new Jugo-Slav state.

Incidentally the protest involves the issue between Italy and Jugo-Slavia. King Nicholas is the father of the Queen of Italy, so that Montenegro's position has not been clearly defined on the issue between Italy and the new state, which seeks to embrace Montenegro.

The council also considered food relief for Bohemia and other sections of southeastern Europe, where warring factions still make it difficult to forward supplies. It developed during the session today that the Jugo-Slav frontier, which had been closed against Italy, and threatened to precipitate a crisis with that country, has been reopened.

CHINA WOMAN LAWYER ON HER WAY TO PARIS

Victoria, B. C., March 5.—China's first woman lawyer, Mlle. R. Tcheng, was here today on her way to Paris, where she will report the peace conference for the Associated Press of China. Mlle. Tcheng is well known in China, and holds a certificate from a Paris university, giving her the right to practice law in France.

IRISH CAUSE BACKED BY NEW HAMPSHIRE

Concord, N. H., March 5.—The state house of representatives today adopted a resolution urging President Wilson to use his influence to secure the right of self-determination for Ireland.

OVER 500 MEN LOSE PLACES AT SHIPYARD

Slidell, La., March 5.—More than 500 employees of the Louisiana Shipbuilding corporation were discharged today upon receipt of orders from the Emergency Fleet corporation to suspend work on two 3,300-ton steel ships, which were to have been completed and ready for launching within ninety days. Officials of the corporation here believe the suspension will be only temporary, and is due to the failure of congress to furnish appropriation for the work.

The shipbuilding plant here is the most complete in the south with the exception of the one at Pensacola, it is said.

Physician Prevents Robbery of Couple And Makes Arrests

Charged with attempting to stage one of the most daring robberies that have occurred in the city for some time, three young white men, all about 20 years old, are now being held at the police station without bond for further investigation. It is alleged that they attempted to rob N. H. Rohn, of Macon, Ga., who is stopping in the city at 38 Boulevard circle, about 10 o'clock Wednesday night while he and his wife were walking down Boulevard, near Eighth street.

They registered at the police station as W. C. Nix, of the Juniper apartments; C. D. Henry, of 269 Lake avenue, and H. K. Ashby, of 70 Pulliam street. The police claim that they have confessed to the robbery attempt.

According to Officers Lee and Davis, who made the arrests, the robbery was prevented by Dr. C. A. Constantine, of 755 North Boulevard, whose attention was attracted by the loud and boisterous tones of the alleged highwaymen. According to the doctor's statement, he secured his pistol and rushed to the scene, only a short distance away, and placed the youths under arrest. Nix, it is claimed, ran down the street and got away, but was afterwards arrested at Five Points.

It is charged that Ashby covered Rohn and his wife with the gun, which was afterwards found near the scene by the police, while his companions searched Rohn. The alleged highwaymen secured no money from their victim. They made no attempt to take Mrs. Rohn's purse.

Chadsey Chosen Head Of Schools of Chicago; Salary $18,000 Per Year

Chicago, March 5.—Charles E. Chadsey, superintendent of Detroit's schools, today was elected superintendent of Chicago's schools by the board of education. To avoid delay in the appointment, a proposed increase in salary to $18,000 was withdrawn. Mr. Chadsey's selection was recommended by a special commission of nine prominent Chicagoans.

It is expected that the salary increase will be presented at the next meeting of the board. If voted, it will be the highest paid to any city school superintendent in the country, or any university president so far announced. Mr. Chadsey is a native of Nebraska City, Neb.

FARMERS OF ALABAMA MEET IN CONVENTION

Montgomery, Ala., March 5.—With a large number of bankers, business men and farmers present, the convention of the Alabama Farmers Protective league opened this afternoon at the state capitol. Sessions will be continued through Thursday, during which resolutions will be presented by a committee of seventeen shaping a cotton program for 1919.

The keynote of the convention was sounded by former Governor B. B. Comer, textile operator and farmer, of Birmingham, who was the first speaker on the program, urging holding of cotton, curtailment of production and an organized program to be adhered to by business men and farmers alike. Other speakers this afternoon advanced the same theory as a means of elevating prices.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Comer denied that the spinner wanted cheap cotton. "I believe the government made a mistake in not stabilizing the price of cotton," he said, "and by a stable price I mean thirty cents per pound or more."

VICTORY POST STAMPS TO BE PLACED ON SALE

Washington, March 5.—Victory postage stamps, a new three cent issue to commemorate the successful conclusion of the war, will be on sale shortly throughout the country. In announcing the issue today the postoffice department said the supply would not be sufficiently large to replace the regular three cent stamp and postmasters would sell Victory stamps only on request.

The new stamps bear the figure of Liberty victorious, helmeted and with a sword in one hand and scales in the other. The whole design appears upon a shaded panel, with American, British, French, Belgian and Italian flags draped for the background. In size it compares with other special stamps and is wider and shorter than the ordinary stamp.

It probably will require several weeks to supply all requisitions.

MILLER CRITICALLY ILL IN SANDERSVILLE

Sandersville, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—There appeared slight chance tonight for the recovery of B. P. Miller, critically ill with a second attack of pneumonia following influenza. Mr. Miller is well known in Georgia as a coal dealer and railroad man. For two years he was sole manager of the Sandersville railroad, and was formerly connected with the Georgia Southern and Florida railway at Moultrie and other railroads of the south. He was orinigally from Charleston, S. C.

New Spring Styles

A hat for every face—a style for every taste—a line replete with the newest and smartest effects in spring headwear for the well-groomed man.

Beautiful greys—rich tans and browns—lively or subdued greens. $4 to $6.

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.
36 Whitehall St.

FALSEHOOD LAID TO GEN. CROWDER

Chamberlain Attacks the General and Baker About Court-Martial Outrages. Ansell to Be Reduced for Exposing Outrages.

Washington, March 5.—Another chapter in the controversy between congress and the war department over the general question of military justice was added tonight by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the military committee in the last senate, who issued a statement declaring that "erroneous and false" statements were contained in the reply of Major General Crowder, judge advocate general, to the senator's address in the senate last December.

Baker Sharply Attacked.

Senator Chamberlain also sharply criticised Secretary Baker, declaring he had "permitted himself to be guided by the reactionary elements of the army." Referring to the correspondence between Mr. Baker and Representative Gould, of New York, regarding Brigadier General Ansell, former acting judge advocate general, who recently testified before congressional committees concerning court-martial cases, the senator said the secretary's next step would "be to reduce the rank of General Ansell," and added:

"No man who is not wholly impervious to the inhumanity in the court-martial system and to the opinion of the country could not only refuse to change the conditions, but also punish the man who is responsible more than any one else for the conditions being made known and such steps as have been taken by the military authorities to change and correct them."

General Crowder's letter replying to Senator Chamberlain's address was placed in the congressional record last Monday by Representative Lunn, of New York. Accompanying it was a letter from Mr. Baker saying the general's reply had been sent to Senator Chamberlain several weeks ago.

Admitting that he received the letter, the Oregon senator said it "contained so many misstatements of fact that I hesitated to make it public because I did not care to embarrass the secretary by having him stand sponsor and be responsible for such erroneous and false statements in an official communication to the senate of the United States."

Crowder Concealed the Facts.

Senator Chamberlain discussed at great length the case of a soldier on military duty found in a shop at night and sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. The soldier claimed at the trial that he had heard a noise in the shop and had entered thinking a robber was in the place. This was one of the many cases referred to by the senator in his original speech and it was treated in General Crowder's reply.

"General Crowder in his endeavor to furnish me with 'authentic data' in this case," said the senator, "says nothing about the court-martial first acquitting this soldier and subsequently, at the direction of the commanding officer who appointed the court, reversing itself and finding the soldier guilty and imposing a long prison sentence. He simply states 'that the accused soldier's story was disbelieved and he was found guilty.' This statement is wholly incorrect—I have read the record and he apparently has not."

Declaring that on the very day General Crowder signed the memorandum reply submitted to congress he also signed a memorandum recommending that this soldier be released and restored to his previous status in the army, Senator Chamberlain said:

"I have gone at length into the misstatements of General Crowder concerning this case so as to show conclusively how unworthy of acceptance his reply to me is. In regard to other cases cited by me it is sufficient to state that the same false answers are made."

Gould Presses Baker.

Representative Gould, of New York, wrote Secretary Baker today renewing his request for information as to the truth of published reports that Brigadier General Samuel T. Ansell, former acting judge advocate general of the army, was to be discharged from his present temporary rank, thus automatically becoming a lieutenant colonel, the rank he held before the war.

Declaring the secretary's letter to him, made public yesterday, did not answer this inquiry nor the one as to the cause for such demotion if it was to be made, Mr. Gould asked Mr. Baker if he would "answer these inquiries with the frankness that the importance of the subject and the intimate interest of the country therein demands."

General Ansell recently testified before congressional committees regarding military justice in the army and in replying to Mr. Gould's first letter the war secretary said no officer who had appeared before such committees had been disciplined for, nor questioned regarding his testimony.

NERVES TORN ALL TO PIECES

ZIRON Iron Tonic Proved The Right Remedy For This And Other Troubles

"Sometime back," writes W. T. Palmer, of Soperton, Ga., "I was in a rundown state. My nerves were all torn to pieces. It was an effort for me to do my work. I did not rest well at nights. I felt tired when morning came, and didn't feel like starting the day. My skin was muddy. My appetite was poor. I felt very much in need of a tonic. I thought it was the lack of iron and decided to try Ziron, as I heard there was no better tonic made. I began taking it and can safely and gladly say it did me a world of good. Ziron is a good all-around tonic for young and old, and makes one feel that life is worth living."

Ziron is an iron tonic which gives quick, dependable strength. You need it to put rich, red, iron-medicated blood into your blood vessels, to steady your nerves, put fresh color into your cheeks and brightness into your eyes.

Your druggist sells Ziron on a guarantee. See him today.

Your Blood Needs
ZIRON

ZN-8—(adv.)

HONOLULU
SUVA NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA
Canadian Australasan and Royal Mail Line
Largest, Newest, Best-Equipped Steamers
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., Healey Bldg., Cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to General Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
Sells
J. Allen Smith & Co.'s
WHITE LILY FLOUR

KODAKS RENTED
SOUTHERN PHOTO MATERIAL CO.
SEVENTY-TWO NORTH BROAD

NOTICE TO PAVING CONTRACTORS.

Bids addressed to the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, Fulton County, Georgia, will be received by the undersigned until 10 a. m. March 15, for paving the following roads:

Pace's Ferry road from Buckhead to Howell Mill road, about 34,000 square yards.

Marietta road from the end of car line at Inman Yards to the Marietta car line at the river, about 26,000 square yards.

Cascade avenue and Gordon street from Holderness street to the Sewell road, about 30,000 square yards.

Cascade avenue from the Sewell road to the Fairburn road, about 27,000 square yards.

The Hapeville road from the East Point depot to Fulton avenue in Hapeville, about 26,000 square yards.

The pavement to be of Concrete, Bituminous Concrete, Vitrified Brick, or patented pavement such as Vibrolithic or Bitulithic.

Payment for the work to be made in cash, in accordance with the contract.

Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

For further information, apply to
C. M. HOLLAND,
Purchasing Agent.
507 Court House, Atlanta, Georgia.

WALL PAPER
PAINTING
Suggestions and Estimates on Request.
"WE KNOW HOW"
GRAY & HALEY
39 LUCKIE ST. Ivy 736

Use Constitution Want Ads.

FOR "TAPPING WIRES" SIX MEN ARE INDICTED

Tampa, Fla., March 5.—Under the general charge of using the mails to further a scheme to defraud, the six alleged "wire-tappers" arrested at St. Augustine several weeks ago following failure of an alleged attempt to secure $20,000 from Marx Carli, of Toledo, Ohio, were indicted by a federal grand jury here late today.

The men who were indicted are Charles H. Myers, H. C. Mays, E. C. Collins, Edward Phillips, J. Eaton and Edwin Franklin Clark. All of them were admitted to bail by Judge R. M. Call, at Jacksonville recently, bond being fixed at $5,000 each, after a federal court commissioner at St. Augustine had earlier fixed their bonds at $20,000 each. Their present whereabouts is said not to be known to the federal authorities.

The names used in the indictment are those given by the men when they were arrested, but the names they produced on their registration cards when threatened with arrest as deserters under the draft act are: Frank J. McSweeney, 1119 Harmon Place, St. Paul, Minn.; H. L. Morris, 12 Mathias street, Jamaica, N. Y.; Harry M. McLaughlin, local board number 7, Boston; James Patrick Eardley, local board number 2, Chelsea, Mass.; Edwin Franklin Clark, New York city; H. C. Tardeau, New York city.

ANNISTON CHAMBER STARTS CAMPAIGN

Anniston, Ala., March 5.—(Special.)—With 150 new members on its rolls, the Anniston Chamber of Commerce has inaugurated a series of development movements, including a campaign for better roads and a campaign for an increased city tax rate in order that municipal improvements may be made which are held back because the city lacks funds. The chamber of commerce, which has decided to have monthly a plate dinner, has decided that 25 progressive farmers of the county will be guests at the March dinner, to be given on the fifteenth.

Co-operation between city and county will be sought through the farmers who are invited to the dinner. J. C. Wheeler, chairman of the good roads committee has reported that progress is being made in arousing interest among business men and residents of this and adjoining counties in the plan to improve roads leading into Anniston.

There are 175,000,000 cells in the lungs, and, spread out, they would cover a surface thirty times greater than the human body.

SCARS OF SOLDIERS BADGES OF HONOR, ASSERTS WILSON

New York, March 5.—President Wilson in a statement published in today's issue of Right About, the official publication of Debarkation hospital No. 3, of this city, declared America would not forget the sacrifices that American soldiers wounded in France had made and their wounds "are the noblest badges of honor any man has ever worn." The statement was sent to the magazine last night just after the president had delivered his opera house address.

"I could tell you," he wrote, "what the sacrifices you have made have meant to the world. I could tell you what history for all time to come will say of you and the sufferings you have experienced on your great crusade. But these things other men will tell you.

"I prefer to remind you that the wounds you bear are the noblest badges of honor any man has ever worn; that they exalt you to a supreme place in the minds and hearts of your countrymen and of all the world. I prefer to assure you America realizes she has no more solemn obligations, no more patriotic duty than to express in practical terms the gratitude that every American—man, woman and child—feels for every one of you.

"America will not forget."

Requisition Issued for Levy.

Governor Dorsey has issued a requisition on the Governor of Illinois for Herman M. Levy, a Chicago business man, wanted in Atlanta on a charge of swindling and cheating. W. H. Burkhalter, an Atlanta broker, is the prosecutor in the case.

Negro Reports Robbery.

Joe Reed, a negro, who lives at 12 Electric avenue, reported to the police Wednesday that he was held up by two masked men while he was on his way home late Tuesday night, and relieved of $14 in cash. He was not able to give an accurate description of the robbers.

DUMONT 2⅜ IN.
PEER 2⅝ IN.
MADE WITH
THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

IN PEACE OR IN WAR

the real Victory food is the food that gives the greatest amount of real digestible nutriment for the least money. Judged by this test

Shredded Wheat

is the real Victory food. It comes out of the war pure, clean, wholesome, unadulterated. There is no "substitute" for it. It is the same Shredded Wheat Biscuit you have always eaten—the whole wheat, nothing added, nothing taken away. Serve with milk or cream. Salt or sweeten to suit the taste.

Mr. Advertiser:

¶ If a representative of The Tri-Weekly Constitution were to call to sell you a page advertisement and told you the price per page is $1,806.00 you would pretty nearly throw a fit, wouldn't you?

¶ Yet that is the regular rate of advertising in The Tri-Weekly Constitution, and we admit it is the highest price per page of any newspaper in the South.

¶ This week The Tri-Weekly Constitution carries 11,684 agate lines of advertising—the equivalent of about five full pages at the rate of $1,806.00 per page—and it is not a special edition, just the average run, as is shown by the following record:

¶ November, 1918, we carried 29,587 lines; December, 1918, 33,558 lines; January, 1919, 37,012 lines; February, 1919, 37,091 lines—a gain over the same months last year of 51,538 lines.

¶ If you have a message to the farmers of Georgia and the South, route it via The Tri-Weekly Constitution—"The Farmers' Daily." It pays others—it will pay you.

Adv. Dept. Tri-Weekly Constitution
ATLANTA, GA.

IN THE REALM OF WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

:: SOCIETY ::

Business Women's Council to Hold Meeting.

A "get-together" meeting will be held by the Business Women's council at the Y. W. C. A. Thursday evening, March 6, from 7 to 6 o'clock. This social occasion will bring together the old and new members of the council. Progressive games will be played to take the place of formal introductions and there will be an informal program of music by the talented members of the council. Contrary to the impression of out-of-town women this social meeting of March 6 is the social meeting to which reference was made in a recent letter sent out to council members. All business women interested in the work of the Business Women's council are invited to be present. The officers of the council are Mrs. M. L. Troy, president; Miss Bessie Young, vice president; Miss Bertie Robertson, secretary; Miss Pearl Ellison, assistant secretary, and Miss Mary Pool, treasurer.

Mrs. A. W. Richards is chairman of the social committee, Miss Bessie Young chairman of the program committee and Miss Elenora Berry chairman of the inspirational committee. Other chairmen are to be appointed in due order. In all war and civic activities the Business Women's council has taken an active part and Thursday evening's social will bring together a body of women who are thoroughly organized to respond to their varied calls of patriotic and civil service.

Red Cross Auxiliary.

The Red Cross auxiliary of the Immaculate Conception church will meet today from 9 until 5 o'clock at Red Cross house. Miss Elizabeth Erskine and Mrs. M. E. Flynn will be in charge.

Glover-Kirchenbaur.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Pemberton, of Cordele, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Ella Noyes Glover, to Mr. William J. Kirchenbaur, of Toledo, Ohio, which took place in Atlanta Saturday, March 1, Rev. C. B. Wilmer officiating.

For Thursday and Friday Only

Colonial Pumps

Real $7.50 Values—

$5.50

Military Oxfords

Real $7 Values—

$5.50

Colonial tongue pumps, in Patent Black Kid, Brown Calf. Many of them have buckles, as pictured, but additional buckles will be extra. Turn soles and French heels.

Military Oxfords, in Black Calf and Mahogany Calf, with welt soles. A complete range of sizes, in both Oxfords and Pumps.

The shoes on sale are perfect, and we guarantee them the same as though full price was paid.

Rich's
SHOE DEPARTMENT

52-54-56 Whitehall Street.

52-54-56 Whitehall Street — Rich's — Telephone Number Main 3132

NEWS FOR THURSDAY, MARCH 6

You Can Pay More Than $5 for a Hat--But You Needn't---at Rich's

—As you walk in and out and around the tables in the Millinery Shop, you'll spy many a bewitching little affair and when you consult the price ticket it's only $5. Every week brings great boxes of these special $5 hats —something new—something more captivating each time. And this is what we have this week:

Tricky little new sailors—light as a feather—and so different. The top part is of dark open-work straw that looks like crochet over a brightly-colored solid straw. So much style in just themselves that a bit of satiny grosgrain ribbon tied into a loose bow is all they require to trim them.

And there are others—tams, Watteau shapes, sailors and novelty shapes. Trimmed with bright fruit, flowers, pompoms, quills, feathers and ribbons. Prettier than you'd ever expect to find priced at $5

FASHION HINT

Mother, oh, mother, may I go out to swim in a plaid bathing suit and striped parasol?

Ormewood Park Parent-Teacher Association.

The Ormewood Park Parent-Teacher association will hold its regular meeting Friday afternoon, March 7, at the school at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. J. E. Andrews, president of the Georgia branch of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher associations, will address the meeting. A social half hour has been planned, during which refreshments will be served.

French Class.

The French class of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage association will meet Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the McClure building, 11 Whitehall street. Twenty minutes will be given to memory work.

Mrs. Raymond E. White and Mrs. B. R. Stevens will give an interesting dialogue.

At 4:30 o'clock a business session will be held, Mrs. Amelia R. Woodall, president, presiding. A series of talks will be given on reconstruction work and the first will be on "Textile Workmanship," by Mrs. E. C. Cresse, who made such an excellent record in war work.

French lessons are free and all interested are cordially invited to attend.

Argentine Club Dance.

An interesting event of the week will be the dance given by the Argentine club for the members and their friends this evening at the club's hall, Segadlo's, on East Pine street.

This is the first dance to be given by the club since last July, when social activities were discontinued for the period of the war. There are now about thirty Argentine club members in the city who are actively interested in the club's affairs.

A special program of dance music will be rendered by an orchestra, from 9 to 12 o'clock.

Besides the members present, invitations have been extended to a large number of the friends of the club, and this re-organization dance of the Argentine club promises to be one of the most delightful events of the week.

Ten Club.

The next meetin gof the Ten club will be on Tuesday, March 11. Mr. W. W. Orr, host. The paper will be by Judge Arthur G. Powell.

Mrs. Bates Entertains.

Mrs. Elizabeth Winship Bates entertained at bridge-tea yesterday afternoon at the Piedmont Driving club, in compliment to her daughter, Mrs. Thomas J. Walsh, of New York, and to Miss Maude Carlton, a debutant.

The prizes were a Bohemian glass compote and lace handkerchiefs and a French novelty.

Tea was served in the green room of the club, the tea table having as its centerpiece a large silver vase of jonquils and narcissi, with smaller vases of the flowers placed at intervals about the table.

Mrs. Bates was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Ernest Woodruff, Mrs. Robert Woodruff and Mrs. George Woodruff. She wore an afternoon toilette of navy blue taffeta and her hat was of black straw trimmed with paradise.

Miss Carlton wore chiffon taffeta fashioned in draped effect and a hat of black straw and taffeta. Mrs. Walsh was gowned in black and white figured Georgette crepe, with a large picture hat.

There were twenty guests.

For Visitor.

Mrs. P. H. Jeter will entertain at bridge this afternoon at her home in Decatur for her guest, Mrs. Flomel, of Macon.

Mrs. William Alden will entertain Friday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Jeter's guest.

Juvenile Music Club.

The regular meeting of the juvenile department of the Music Study club will be held Saturday afternoon at Egleston hall, on West Peachtree street, adjoining All Saints' church, at 3 o'clock.

The program will be particularly interesting and instructive, and will be given by the "grown ups" for the children. The life and works of Robert Schumann will be outlined and illustrated. Miss Evelyn Jackson, who is the chairman of this department, will give the talk in the familiar easy manner so popular with the little folks.

The president of the big club, Mrs. Armand Carroll, is going to play for the children some of Schumann's compositions written especially for young people, and pictures illustrative of the music will be flashed on the screen while she is playing.

Mrs. Ewell Gay will sing a group of songs.

Every child in Atlanta up to 18 years of age is invited to come and join.

Pratt-Taylor.

An interesting marriage of yesterday was that of Miss Julia Pratt and Rev. George W. Taylor, Jr., which took place in the afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Presbyterian church in Decatur, Rev. R. E. Carson officiating.

Miss Susan Cockrell, of Jacksonville, Fla., was maid of honor, and Mr. Wyatt A. Taylor, of Columbia, S. C., was best men.

The ushers were Mr. Edward Secrest, Mr. J. T. Wardlaw, Dr. Smart, of Emory university, and Mr. Palmer Pratt.

Miss Clifford Mabel played the wedding music, and Mr. J. Foster Barnes sang several appropriate selections.

The bride came into the church with her father, Mr. Nathaniel Pratt, who gave her in marriage. She wore a becoming suit of Pekin blue cloth, with hat of champagne colored straw, and her flowers were a corsage bouquet of Parma violets and valley lilies.

The maid of honor was gowned in sand-colored Georgette crepe, with black hat, and she carried pink roses.

The bride's mother, Mrs. Nathaniel P. Pratt, wore black satin combined with Georgette crepe embroidered in blue, and her black hat was trimmed in blue.

The decorations at the church were palms and ferns and baskets of jonquils.

Immediately after the ceremony Rev. and Mrs. Taylor left for a short wedding trip, and on their return will spend several weeks with bride's parents in Decatur before leaving for South America, where he will enter the missionary field at Pernambuco.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Miss Susan Cockrell, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Miss Mary Link, of Abbeville, S. C.; Miss Evelyn Pratt, of New York city; Miss Virginia Taylor, of Greenville, S. C.; Miss Cliff Pratt, of Brenau college, and Mr. Wyatt A. Taylor, of Columbia, S. C.

The wedding is one of sincere interest to a wide circle of friends.

The bride finished her education at Agnes Scott college and Converse college, and is a charming and cultured young woman. Mr. Taylor, formerly of South Carolina, is a graduate of Davidson college and Richmond Theological seminary. He has been assistant pastor of the First Presbyterian church since last summer, and has made many friends in Atlanta during his short residence here.

Old Glory Girls Give Original Play.

The Old Glory Girls, a patriotic organization of young girls who have been entertaining the soldiers att the war camps under the chaperonage of Mrs. R. T. Connolly, gave a delightful, original one-act comedy at Camp Jessup Tuesday night for the soldiers and will repeat the same production at Camp Gordon next Tuesday night.

The play was written and arranged by Mrs. R. T. Connolly, and is called "At Any Price." It is a bright and effective plotless sort of a comedy with a lot of pretty girls in the caste, and several musical numbers. The scene is laid in a manicurist's beauty parlor and made a distinct hit with the soldiers who attended the performance in large numbers.

The caste was as follows:

Madame Miraculous .....Miss Bessie Ray
Mrs. Despair, an Army Officer's wife .....Miss Julia Hardwick
Mrs. Heartless..Miss Anna Wooten
Miss Hopestill ..Miss Bessie Mobley
Miss Leila Heartless .....Miss Leila Morton
Miss Nella Heartless .....Miss Cornelia Jones
Chiropodist ....Miss Myrtle Florrid
Hairdresser ..Miss Rowena Simpson
Manicurist ....Miss Myrtle Morton
Maid .....Miss Carolina Newbank
Pianist .....Miss Irma Cooper
Soloist, Miss Laura Belle Hardwick

Others taking part were Miss Jessie Bledsoe, Miss Kate Sutherland, Miss Nell Johnson, Miss Mabel Macgruder, Miss Mary Cagle, Miss Elizabeth Whitney, Miss Morris and Miss McWilliams.

Camp Entertainers' Program.

Mrs. T. T. Stevens, chairman of the woman's committee of the W. C. C. S., arranged the following groups of entertainers for the war camps for the first half of this week:

Sunday, Mrs. B. M. Boykin and party at Fort McPherson "Y" No. 2; Mrs. W. M. Cheshire and party to Camp Jessup, 3 to 5 p. m. Mrs. Cheshire's party was an informal one, visiting the convalescent soldiesr and serving chocolate, etc. Mrs. R. T. Connally and party to Camp Jessup, 5 to 7 p. m.

Monday, Mrs. E. V. Garraux and party to "Y" No. 150. Mr. Royal, violinist; Miss Thelma Doyal, pianist; Miss Wooten, vocalist; Mrs. E. V. Garraux, reader; Miss Juanita Greer, dance; Miss Dorothy Collier, reader; Mrs. E. V. Garraux, pianist. Miss Annie May Taurman and party to "Y" No. 153. Miss Annie Mae Taurman, pianist; Miss Homer Faulkner, tenor soloist; Mr. Albert Beiter, vocalist; Mrs. Albert Beiter, vocalist; Miss Mary Deadrick, reader; Mrs. Inez Barrett, vocalist; Mrs. Talley Faulkner, vocalist.

Tuesday, Miss Hazel Whitney and party to Auditorium. Miss Hazel Whitney, pianist; Miss Marguerite Moncrief, ukelele; Miss Raeford Moncrief, guitar; Miss Dorothy Moncrief, mandolin; Miss Marguerite Moncrief, reader; Miss Mable Whitney, vocalist; Miss Hazel Whitney, vocalist; Miss Mable Whitney, pianist; Mrs. S. P. Moncrief, chaperon.

Mrs. W. M. Cheshire and party to Camp Powers. Miss McDonald, vocalist; Miss Sarah Rocco, accompanist; Baby Cameran, dance; Mrs. White, vocalist; Miss Sarah Rocco, pianist; Miss Marguerite White, reader; Mrs. White, pianist.

Mrs. B. A. Cole and party to "Y" No. 152. Miss Mamie Gene Cole, reader; Miss Clema Wootten, vocalist; Miss Gladys Cole, reader; Mr. Byron Warner, pianist; Miss Mazie Basmajian, violinist; Miss Williams, vocalist; Miss Mazie Basmajian, pianist.

Terrace Dance.

A number of dinner parties preceded the weekly dance last night at the Georgian Terrace, which was a happy occasion, assembling one hundred guests.

The largest dinner party was that given by Lieutenant Jack O'Keefe as a farewell compliment to Lieutenant Clifford Johnson, of St. Marys, detailed for some months at Camp Gordon, who has received his discharge.

The party of ten was seated at a handsomely decorated table in the rose room. The places were marked by Mardi Gras souvenirs, and the dinner gaiety closed with a rain of confetti.

Among the many pretty costumes worn by the dancers was that of Miss Isabel Amorous, who wore black and white chiffon with finish in silver ribbon. Miss Mary Nelson wore blue taffetas with a touch of Liberty red. Miss Pauline Bennett, who is a charming addition to Atlanta's younger set, wore black satin. Miss Gladys Byrd was gowned in black satin and chiffon, with finish in old blue. Miss Sophie Haas wore a graceful gown of gray chiffon with border in French blue velvet stripes. Miss Rosalie Maier was gowned in black tulle.

Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee wore taffeta in old blue with bodice of silver cloth. Mrs. W. E. Vose was gowned in black tulle combined with black and gold brocade.

Mrs. J. W. Conway's becoming gown was of king's blue tulle and sequins over silver cloth. Mrs. A. R. Dillingham was gowned in gray chiffon velvet. Mrs. T. Clay Moore wore black satin and tulle with bodice of turquoise blue. Mrs. Oscar Peeples wore smoke gray Georgette embroidered in beads. Mrs. Robert Wessels was gowned in black tulle and satin. Ms. J. H. Byrley was gowned in black satin.

Goodnow to Aid Poles.

Paris, March 5.—Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, president of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, has been selected to assist in framing a constitution for the Polish government.

The Wrap Is Most Important Part of Milady's Toilette

By Isma Dooly

"The average woman, in selecting her trousseau for each season, no matter how well dressed she is, often neglects that all-important garment—the wrap," declares one of Atlanta's leading merchants, when discussing the forthcoming spring season, with the Easter parade, the Easter weddings, the opera, and then the summer season of al fresco entertaining.

"Atlanta women need wraps the entire year, especially now as the automobile is the principal medium of conveyance. Driving in automobiles, women, even in midsummer, need wraps, especially if thinly clad and driving to or from entertainments. Yet women will spend money more freely for anything else."

A fashionable modiste, discussing the same subject, declared that nothing more surely ruins the effect of a woman's entire toilet than an inappropriate wrap.

"For instance," she said, "nothing could be a greater breach of the etiquette of the toilet than to see a woman wearing a handsome evening gown and over it a dark, heavy afternoon coat as a wrap, while nothing is more ridiculous than to see a woman with an evening or too dressy wrap over a street gown, or a cloth gown of any kind, unless it is light-colored and of very dressy fashion."

Then she talked of the very beautiful wraps which are being sold now, and the kind of wraps Atlanta women need. For this season in Atlanta a woman who goes out a great deal needs a winter evening wrap, and then a lighter one for the spring and summer season, while no woman can get along without a good warm automobile coat, and then a lighter one, while a dust coat is always necessary in Atlanta in the summer.

Chiffon wraps in light color or of dainty fashion are useful for al fresco entertainment, for so frequently a woman dining al fresco will find she needs a light wrap as the evening grows cooler. Sport coats for wear at country clubs, at the seaside or the mountains are most useful, and this season they are of pretty fashion and in the old-time bengaline, a sort of first cousin material to old-time poplin.

The evening wraps shown in the Atlanta shops are exceedingly pretty, the capes, long and short, still in vogue, but in designs which are more close-fitting than during the last season. They are not only in light-weight cloth in light and dark colors, but in satin, the brocades, and in combination of brocade velvet or brocade satin, in combination with cloth. A touch of fur is quite smart even with a spring and summer wrap, and the wrap of this season, it is predicted, will be in brighter colors than heretofore.

The chiffon scarf so much in vogue several seasons ago is again in vogue, while yards of tulle are being worn again, with tulle streamers on many of the season's dressy hats, these streamers wound about the neck, on dressy occasions afternoon and evening.

One of the prettiest of wraps seen on a fashionable woman recently, was a black lace coat, which hung gracefully over a cream-colored lace and chiffon gown. The coat was trimmed in black velvet ribbon, and finished by a cluster of pink roses.

VOLUNTEER KNITTERS FOR BELGIANS WANTED

Mrs. Ulric Atkinson, chairman of the knitting committee of the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross, asks for 1,000 volunteer workers to help complete Atlanta's quota of knitted garments for the refugee women and children of France and Belgium. The moral and spiritual obligation of the war is not over. We must still help clothe the destitute women and children of the allies. The American Red Cross has pledged itself to do it, and every chapter in the country must help out in the work. Atlanta is asked to complete her quota of these garments by March 15. To accomplish this there must be steady work morning and afternoon from now until that date. Mrs. Atkinson and her committee are at Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street, where wool and directions will be given out for the work.

And So They Were Married

EPISODE THREE—(Jealousy)

By HAZEL DEYO BATCHELOR

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CHAPTER III.

A few days later Helen ran in to see Ruth. Ruth, strange to say, felt slightly ill at ease, although she was angry at herself for feeling so. She had been in the bath room with her arms plunged into a frothy basin of melted soapsuds. Three of her fine Georgette waists wrung out, strewed the wash basin. Somehow this fact made Ruth uncomfortable, she felt at a disadvantage. Helen was so smartly dressed for the street, so remote from the washing out of even the finest garments.

Ruth left her work, and went into the living room with Helen.

"Well," she asked interestedly, "any news?"

"I'm on the trail of something," Helen returned.

Ruth was surprised at the little stab of jealousy that went through her. How small to feel jealous of Helen. "Something interesting?" She forced herself to inquire.

"I think so; it makes me thrill to feel that I can earn anything at all. I never knew how it would be to actually earn money. I suppose any job no matter how small and insignificant would excite me."

"But Helen, how about regular office hours? Won't it be awfully hard to keep them? You know, you're not accustomed to them at all, and any work that you get will be different from the work you had in France."

"I don't care if it is hard, somehow I expect it to be, and I'll be glad. I don't want to have time to think much, and as for going back to the life I lived before, the idea is impossible."

"How you've changed!" Ruth sighed.

Helen laughed. "You sound as if you didn't like me as well."

"I don't know you as well."

"Oh, Ruth, you're foolish."

That sounded like the old Helen, the gay inconsequent Helen. Ruth felt a sudden impulse to keep Helen in that mood.

"Stay to lunch?" she asked.

"Oh, I can't dear. I just ran over for a few moments to see your place. I have an appointment at 12:30 and another at 2:30. I'll just have time for a bite in between times, you see."

"I can see that I'm not going to have very much to do with you now that you have this new idea in your head," Ruth could not help saying.

"Not as much as before, perhaps, but when we do see each other I'll have so much more to talk about."

Ruth was about to retort. "What about me?" but stopped. That would be virtually admitting that Helen would be more interesting after she was embarked on a business career, she would not do that.

Nothing seemed right after Helen left, and for the rest of that day Ruth felt restless. She had a desperate feeling of not counting in the scheme of things. One moment she would feel unimportant, and the next she would wonder why she felt that way and be furious with herself.

By nightfall Ruth had worked herself up again into a nervous irritable state so that she was totally unprepared for what Scott told her when he came in.

"Saw Helen at lunch today," he remarked.

"Did you? Where? She ran in this morning."

"At Blackburn's."

Ruth's eyes widened. "You don't generally eat there, do you?"

"Sometimes I do, when I have the time."

"Were you alone?"

"No Betty was with me."

"Betty Lambert!" Ruth exclaimed after a moment's silence. "You had lunch with Betty Lambert."

Ruth's tone should have warned Scott, it was a mixture of incredulous surprise, anger and frigidity.

"Why, yes," he returned.

Ruth felt a sudden lump rise in her throat and quick tears sting her eyelids. She was hot one moment and cold the next, her breath came fast, involuntarily her hands clenched, but she forced herself to speak quietly, although she wanted to shriek out the words.

"How did you happen to lunch with her?"

"Ran into her on the street."

"Had you intended to go to Blackthorn's?"

"No, why?"

"You went there to take Betty then?" Ruth returned, ignoring the question.

"Why, Ruth, what makes you take that attitude?"

"Take that attitude? Did you think I would be pleased at your taking another woman to lunch? Is that the attitude you expected?" Ruth was rapidly losing her self-control.

"I certainly did not think that you would object to my having lunch with a friend of ours."

"Of ours? She's a friend of your own choosing."

"But I thought you were growing to like her."

"If I had been, I never could like her now, that's settled. I wonder what Helen thought when she saw you. O I never thought that I could feel as humiliated as I do this minute."

(Tomorrow, why Scott asked Betty to lunch with him.)

MRS. ANNIE REX MILITZ
of Los Angeles, California
Noted Metaphysical Teacher, Healer, Author and Lecturer
will deliver
Three FREE Public Lectures
at the
Atlanta Woman's Club

8 p. m. Saturday, March 8:
"Health Through Right Thinking."
3:30 p. m. Sunday, March 9:
"Solving the Riddle of Life."
8 p. m. Monday, March 10:
"Happiness and Prosperity."
All Welcome. Collection.

Miss Ada Rainey, of New York City, in Two Introductory Lectures.
3:30 p. m. Friday at Edison's Hall:
"The Way to Prosperity."
8 p. m., "The Rich Mentality."

Atlanta Woman's Club
West Baker Street

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Victory Hats
$10.00
Stock Changing Each Hour
See Them Today

The Sign of Quality

The ALAGA label is your guarantee of the *best* syrup.
There is plenty of ALAGA syrup obtainable, so insist on your grocer supplying you with

ALAGA SYRUP

The delightful flavor, and high standard of quality and excellence of ALAGA has made it a favorite in every Southern household.

Waffles, hot-cakes, biscuit and bread all taste better if spread thick with delicious ALAGA syrup.

SOLD IN SANITARY TINS PACKED EXCLUSIVELY BY
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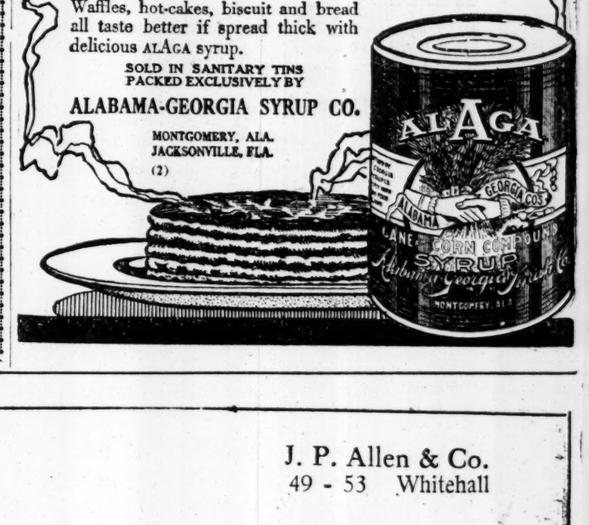

J. P. Allen & Co.
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Modish Jersey Dresses

of Individual Design

Graceful clinging effects—very, very attractive dresses. Their good style is readily seen in the illustrations, which are made directly from these dresses. Done in the soft gray and brown shades—brown taupe and ashes of roses. They are elaborately braided and embroidered in smart conventional design.

The distinctive figure at the left shows a coat frock of unusual effectiveness.

The modest prices of these dresses are unusual for so much good style and good quality—

$25 and $29.75

J. P. Allen & Co.

Society

Community Invited to Soldiers' Club Reception.

The formal opening of the Soldiers' club, to be held Saturday afternoon and evening at the newly renovated and refurnished club building, 190 Peachtree street, will be a community affair and everyone in Atlanta is invited to attend and inspect the building and take part in the entertainment.

When the war ended the War Camp Community Service, which is headed by Willis Timmons and Dr. Howard Cree, took over the Soldiers' club which was established by the Rotarians when the war began. The purpose of the club is to furnish a wholesome and comfortable place for the soldiers in the adjacent camps and those who pass through Atlanta to recreate and find the home touch which is so largely a part of the work of the W. C. C. S. work.

Mrs. T. T. Stevens, chairman of the woman's committee, was also made chairman of the Soldiers' club, and she wishes it stated that the formal opening will be a community affair and that every man and woman in the city is invited to attend the reception.

Mrs. Stevens will be assisted by a number of prominent women and a group of army officers and their wives.

Mrs. John C. Sage is chairman of the refreshment committee and will have the co-operation of the women of every church and woman's club in Atlanta who will contribute to the refreshments to be served.

There will be no invitations issued other than those given through the press. Every one who has the interest of the Soldiers' club at heart is invited and expected to be present.

Mrs. Stevens and her committee are preparing for over a thousand callers during the hours of 4 to 110 o'clock Saturday.

To Mrs. Kilpatrick.

Mrs. Asmon Lewis and Mrs. R. H. Bell will entertain on Friday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock in compliment to Miss Eunice Kilpatrick, a bride-elect. A miscellaneous shower will be a feature.

Birthday Party.

The friends of Mrs. N. J. Sloper will entertain in compliment to her Saturday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. L. J. Owen, in Kirkwood, the occasion to celebrate her 91st birthday.

HE DARKENED HIS GRAY HAIR

They Used to Call Him Grandpa; Now They Call Him Kid.

Tells How He Did It.

Mr. J. A. McCrea, a well known resident of San Francisco, who was called Daddy and Grandpa on account of his white hair, and who darkened it with a simple home-made mixture, recently made the following statement:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce of bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and ¼ ounce of glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This is not a dye, it does not color the most delicate scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off. My friends now call me 'Kid.'"—(adv.)

Wilton, Velvet and Axminster Seamless Room Size Rugs

A Special Sale

Before the rug situation became so involved with high-priced wools, and so unsettled over the labor situation that prices have again taken an upward turn, we were in the market and secured a goodly supply of the choicest rugs to be had.

It has been several months since the orders were placed—we always prepare far in advance, and the rugs have just now arrived.

Beginning this morning, we place on sale several bales of 9x12 Axminster Seamless Rugs, in the very newest designs and colors, that are today worth $40.00 to $55.00, at

$33.85 to $45

Also there are several bales of "Sanford's" Cashmere Wiltons, size 9x12 Seamless, in new colors and designs that are actually worth $65 each, for

$53.50

Then we have a big range of "Smith's" Wilton Velvets, size 9x12 Seamless, regular $60.00 values, new colors and designs, at

$49.75

Brussels 9x12 Seamless Rugs that sell all over the country for $36.00 each, are marked special in this sale at

$29.75

A Smart Oxford Tie With Walking Heels

MADE of brown glace kid leather—a very dark rich shade that is now so much in vogue in the fashion centers.

—Have broad walking heels for comfort and style.

—Graceful slender vamps and perforated to caps.

—The final touch is rendered by perforated foxing and blind eyelets.

—The soles are light flexible welts in keeping with walking heels.

The price is an added attraction—

$9.00

KEELY'S

Makes Debut as Classic Dancer

Miss Gloria J. Gould, twelve years old and the youngest of the accomplished daughters of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould, of New York, made her first public appearance in Carnegie Hall as a solo interpretive dancer. The occasion was an entertainment by the Chalif pupils for a fund for Belgian children made orphans by the war. Mr. and Mrs. Gould, from one of the boxes, witnessed this ambitious step by their twelve-year-old daughter as an amateur entertainer.

Alliance Francaise.

In the "causerie" of this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the assembly room of the Carnegie library, Mme. Slifer will present Louis XV. in his minority, Louis XV. as king, his wife, the Queen Mary Leszczynska, daughter of the dethroned king or Poland; their five daughters and son, the Dauphin; his ministers and favorites, Mme. de Pompadour, Mme. de Chateaurous, Mme. du Barry; his death in 1774.

Adolphus-Damm.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Adolphus announce the marriage of their daughter, Katherine, to Mr. James M. Damm, of Yonkers, N. Y., U. S. A., Camp Gordon, Tuesday afternoon, March 4, Rev. M. L. Underwood officiating.

The bride is well known and popular in the young social set, and Mr. Damm, a chemist by profession, is now stationed at Camp Gordon.

Moreland School.

The "story-telling" hour, under the auspices of the Parent-Teacher association of the Moreland school, continues with extreme interest to the little people of the community. They were charmed last Thursday with the stories told by Mr. Claud Ashley. "Mr. Beaver" and his habits will not be forgotten soon by those who attended.

Next Thursday promises to be equally as interesting. Mr. P. E. Orr will be the principal entertainer for the afternoon.

Mrs. Custer Ivey, chairman, invites all children in the community to come and bring a dime. This is to be used to furnish the new school building.

Hours, 3 to 5 o'clock every Thursday afternoon.

MEETINGS

Piedmont Rebekah lodge, No. 16, I. O. O. F., meets on Thursday evening March 7, at 7:30 o'clock, 423½ Marietta street. Members, please come out. Degree staff urged to attend, as there will be initiation. Visitors always welcome.

Board of managers, Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will meet this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the home of the chairman, Mrs. J. M. High, on Peachtree street.

The Parent-Teacher association of the English Avenue school will hold its regular monthly meeting Friday, March 7, at 2:30 p. m., in the school auditorium. Each mother is urgently requested to be present.

The Fulton High School Improvement club will hold its regular monthly meeting Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the school building. The principal speakers at the meeting will be Mrs. T. T. Stevens, the district president, and Miss Mary Dickinson. According to Mrs. W. C. Munday, the president of the organization, a very interesting program has been arranged, and a large attendance is urged.

The executive board of the Atlanta Woman's club will meet in regular session Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the club house, 17 West Baker street.

DOCTORS SAY CALOTABS ARE BEST FOR FLU

Influenza and Grippe, Like Ordinary Colds, Require Calotabs, the Perfected Calomel That Is Free From Nausea and Danger of Salivation.

Physicians and druggists claim that the great epidemic of influenza has conclusively demonstrated that the quickest cure for a cold and the best preventive of influenza and pneumonia is to keep the liver active so that the digestive organs may be in perfected condition. For this purpose Calotabs, the new nauseless calomel that is freed from the sickening and salivating effects, is the most thorough and dependable, as well as the most agreeable laxative.

Calotabs have the special advantage of not making the patient sick and weak, as they are free from the nauseating and griping qualities and do not upset the digestion and appetite. One Calotab at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea, nor the slightest interference with your eating, pleasure, or work. Next morning your cold has vanished, your liver is active, and you are feeling fine with a hearty appetite for breakfast.

For your protection, Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Sold by all druggists, and your money back if you are not glad you got them.—(adv.)

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WALL PAPER
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Suggestions and Estimates on Request.
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GRAY & HALEY
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SOCIAL ITEMS

Owing to an error in a list of names sent from Camp Gordon the names of General and Mrs. Cameron appeared as guests of a recent entertainment at the Driving club which they did not attend. General and Mrs. Cameron have recently lost their son, who was serving his country in the American expeditionary forces in France.

Mr. and Mrs. Norwood Mitchell have returned from Charleston.

Mrs. A. H. Hall will return this week from Baltimore.

Mrs. J. Lowenstein left yesterday with her son, Mr. Max Lowenstein, to visit Mr. Lowenstein's fiancee, Miss Wolf, of Grand Rapids. Afterwards Mrs. Lowenstein will visit her daughters in Los Angeles and Seattle.

Miss Katherine Whitfield, of Montgomery, is the guest of Mrs. A. C. McHan on Peachtree circle. She will also spend part of her time with Mrs. Jack Pappenheimer.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Everett, Jr., are at home at 8 East Thirteenth street.

Mr. Robert R. Otis, a member of the United States industrial commission in Europe, spent last week making a survey of industrial conditions in Ireland.

Miss Nora Hannon, who has been visiting her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. John Bothamley, for two years, is in New York, and expects soon to return to her home in England.

Mr. and Mrs. Carswell Garvin Aycock announce the birth of a son, Carswell Garvin Aycock, Jr., at their home, 135 Myrtle street.

Mrs. Maury Stapler and Mrs. W. C. Stapler have returned to Macon after a short visit in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Houstoun Johnston have returned to Atlanta after spending the winter in Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and are at home with Mrs. Hawks at 742 West Peachtree street.

Mr. Mark W. Johnson, Sr., is very ill at Wesley Memorial hospital.

Miss Marjorie Brown, of Shorter college, will be the guest for the week-end of Miss Lucy Pearce at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Jesse M. Wood, on Spring street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Barrett, of Springfield, Ohio, who have been spending the winter in Florida, are in the city to visit their son, Mr. E. L. Barrett, Jr., at 30 Peachtree place.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Harman leave in a few days for Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Meador, who have been at the Georgian Terrace for the winter, have taken an apartment at the Hampton Court, 803 Peachtree street, and moved Monday.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Osceola Smith, of West Point, Ga., will be glad to know that their little daughter, Lois, who was operated on last week for appendicitis at a private hospital, is now improving.

Mrs. John K. Ottley returned Tuesday from New York.

Judge A. J. Crovatt, of Brunswick, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee has returned from Florida.

Mrs. M. Dalton, of Norfolk, Va., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Floyd K. Mays.

Mrs. Orme Campbell left yesterday for New York to spend several weeks.

OMAN FOR GOVERNOR OF VIRGIN ISLANDS

Washington, March 5.—Rear Admiral Joseph W. Oman is to be appointed governor of the Virgin Islands, it was said today at the navy department. He will take the place of Rear Admiral James H. Oliver, retired. Admiral Oman is now commandant of the second naval district with headquarters at Newport, R. I.

CONSIDER THIS WOMAN'S CASE

Mrs. A. L. Devine, of Los Angeles, Cal., says: "After I had suffered from a female trouble for years, not being able to do my housework, or get any relief from doctors, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I want to tell the world the good this medicine does." This woman is perfectly justified, and should be commended for telling others how she regained her health.—(adv.)

The Hope Chest

A Mystery Story of Modern Society.

BY MARK LEE LUTHER.

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.)

But it was of a humbler funmaker than the Follies she was thinking the next afternoon when she reached the terminal, and her first act was to hurry to a newsstand. This time the theatrical papers were silent as to her father's whereabouts, and she stood in sharp disappointment, wondering what it meant. He played in summer if engagements were to be had. Was he resting in spite of himself? Worried? In need? It was cruel not to know the truth. Then she bethought her of his agency and flew to the telephone booths.

It was a simple matter to get the ear of the agency, but quite another to extract news of Lew Pam. A languid feminine voice instructed her that it was contrary to office rules to furnish addresses; a letter would be forwarded.

"But I am his daughter," Sheila explained.

There was a skeptical pause.

"Maybe," drawled the voice. "But rules are rules. Send along your letter. He'll get it all right."

"Let me speak to the management," said Sheila. "This is important."

"Hold the wire."

She held it till she grew faint in the ovenlike booth. Then the weary voice announced, "Mr. Grumpel says we can't make an exception," and broke the connection.

Sheila felt as if the last thread binding her to her father had snapped. She let herself out of the stifling box, paid the charge at the desk, walked slowly across the great central hall, and dragged up an incline to the street. Then her brain shook off its torpor, and she boarded a crosstown car. She had resolved to appeal to the inflexible Gumpel in person.

The agency waiting room was peopled with a handful of actors out of work, prematurely aged office boy, and the autocrat of the switchboard. Sheila went straight to the operator.

"I am Mr. Pam's daughter, as I told you," she said, "and I wish to see Mr. Gumpel himself."

The telephone girl was visibly impressed by her beauty, clothes and persistence.

"We have to stall off a bunch of four-flushers, believe me," she confided apologetically. "Sit down a minute, and I'll go myself and explain."

One of the younger and more fashionable males offered his chair with a flourish, and the other men, old and young, adjusted their neckties and gazed their admiration. The women, scenting business rivalry, sat coldly critical. She thought them all pathetic. Then the operator beckoned from the inner door and, under a fire of hostile glances from both sexes, Sheila took precedence over all and passed to the throne room of authority.

He was not of royal look or bearing. Grossly fat, he lolled back in a swivel chair and inventoried her from head to heel over an obese cigar which he did not once remove from his mouth.

"So you're Lew Pam's girl?" he said, waving her to a seat.

"I am his daughter."

"How's it come you don't know his address?"

"He has not written lately," she replied and, with sudden inspiration, added: "I haven't had a word of any sort since he played in Providence the last wek in June."

Mr. Gumpel slanted his cigar heavenward and reflected.

"Pam has never opened his head about you," he said. "For all I know, you may be a new kind of process server or bill collector."

"Do I look it?"

"I don't go by looks," he retorted. "I have to be shown. What's Lew's real moniker?"

"His what?"

"His real name? Don't you understand English?"

"Joseph Moore," she said.

Mr. Gumpel's cigar impeded, but did not thwart a friendly smile.

"I guess it's O. K.," he decided. "Lew doesn't chuck that information round promiscuous. Glad to meet you, Miss Moore." He extended a puffy caricature of a hand.. "Tell your father for me that he's making the mistake of his life in not slipping you among the Rosebuds. You're a Pippin for looks, and if you've got talent, too, I might do something for you myself."

"Thank you," she said, loathing his touch. "Where is he?"

"Up among the nutmegs—Bridgeport, Conn."

"Bridgeport!"

"Yes." The fat man pencilled the full address on a card. "He was feeling all in when he filled his date there and laid off for a rest."

Sheila leaped to her feet.

"Do you mean he's sick—really sick?"

Mr. Gumpel lumbered erect, laid the card in her palm, and with his cushiony right hand pressed hers tenderly into his cushiony left.

"Just a touch of summer grip, I guess. I wouldn't worry, girlie." He ushered her affectionately to the public corridor by a private door. "Ring me up when you're in town again, and we'll have a bite of lunch together. If you don't fancy vaudeville, it'd be a cinch to work you into the movies. You've got Mary Pickford beaten a mile."

Continued from First Page

DR. J. W. BLOSSER TO DEED PROPERTY FOR USE OF BLIND

Dr. J. W. Blosser, president of the Georgia Association for the Blind, has offered to deed to the association the property he owns at No. 333 Simpson street, and which he has allowed to be used rent free to assist a number of blind broommakers to make a living.

Dr. Blosser has called a meeting of the association for Friday afternoon at 4:30, in the lobby of the Piedmont hotel, to consider the above matter, and also to elect a new president, as Dr. Blosser feels he can no longer serve in that capacity.

Dr. D. J. Gunter has assisted in the supervision of the plant.

Ends Stubborn Coughs in a Hurry

For real effectiveness, this old home-made remedy has no equal. Easily and cheaply prepared.

You'll never know how quickly a bad cough can be conquered until you try this famous old home-made remedy. Anyone who has coughed all day and all night, will say that the immediate relief given is almost like magic. It takes but a moment to prepare, and really there is nothing better for coughs.

Into a pint bottle put 2½ ounces of Pinex; then add plain granulated sugar syrup to make a full pint. Or you can use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup, if desired. Either way, the full pint saves about two-thirds of the money usually spent for cough preparations, and gives you a more positive, effective remedy. It keeps perfectly and tastes pleasant—children like it.

You can feel this take hold instantly, soothing and healing the membranes in all the air passages. It promptly loosens a dry, tight cough, and soon you will notice the phlegm thin out and then disappear altogether. A day's use will usually break up an ordinary throat or chest cold, and it is also splendid for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, known as the most reliable remedy for throat and chest ailments.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.—(adv.)

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Fashion's Latest Edicts Find Expression Today in a

Special Exhibition Sale of

1000 New Trimmed Hats

In assembling these wonderful hats we have endeavored to surpass all previous efforts. Davison's $5.00, $7.50 and $10.00 hats never did have any worthy competition, but in this special exhibition and sale today will be found a large selection of the very newest models shown in leading New York shops, and even better values than we have ever before presented.

Gay Flower-Trimmed Hats, Fancy Wheat-Trimmed Hats, Burnt Ostrich and Wing Styles, Quaint Low Crowned Sailors, Smart Turbans and Large Dress Hats—all strictly in accord with Fashion's latest edicts—are included in all fashionable colors, such as Brown, Black, Henna, Navy, and rich combination effects.

300 New Wonder Hats	500 New Liberty Hats	200 New Victory Hats
$5.00	$7.50	$10.00

Second Floor.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

On Thursdays, Beginning Today

Skirts *will be the feature on our fourth floor*

On these days the entire skirt stock, affording as it does exceedingly wide choice in

The Season's New Styles and Materials

will be given especial prominence.

For this initial sale four assortments will be offered at

Remarkably Low Prices

Stocks are to be replenished each week by garments that reveal the later ideas that may develop as the season advances, hence there can be no dearth of stylish garments from which to choose.

Other Noteworthy **Items**

At $8.75

Skirts of either silk or woolen material, in a number of styles. Some are braided, others have cords and self buttons.

At $9.75

Popular wool plaid skirts, revealing in attractive combinations the season's wanted shades.

Others are of serge or wool poplin, in navy and black, effectively trimmed with tailored silk braid or clusters of tucks and self buttons.

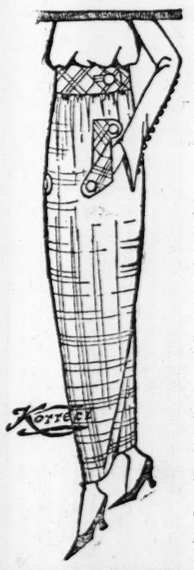
At $17.50

Wool plaids of exceedingly rich coloring have been used in making these skirts—such combinations as navy, Copen and tan; or Copen, gray and white; or black and white.

Special for Today

Skirts $4.50

Value $7.50, at



These are of beautiful quality silk poplin, with satin plaid or striped designs.

They are the well-known Korrect brand, made with the non-rip placket.

Colors—Black and Rookie.

Style, fit, fabrics and tailoring are such as one might well expect to find only in skirts of much greater cost than these.

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CLARK HOWELL
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LODGE'S ROUND ROBIN.

Senator Lodge probably thought he was exploding a bombshell under President Wilson when in the closing hours of congress he presented a statement signed by thirty-eight members of the next senate against ratification of the league of nations constitution "in its present form."

It was only a make-believe, a dummy!

It was a piece of **camouflage, intended to frighten by deception.**

The statement declares that its thirty-eight signers are opposed to the constitution "in its present form."

So, perhaps, is President Wilson; and so, perhaps, is Mr. Taft, Lloyd-George, Clemenceau and other friends of the proposal.

The constitution "in its present form" is only the tentative "rough draft" of the document, submitted **as a basis upon which, by amendments,** amplifications, erasures, etc., to build. Nobody holds it to be perfect as it stands.

Unquestionably, it will undergo certain changes, many of them, perhaps, before it is finally adopted. There never was a constitution, a report or a set of resolutions adopted by any body or organization that was not developed by that process.

It is a foregone conclusion that this constitution will undergo certain changes in the peace conference. So when it is finally presented to the senate any senator who objects to it "in its present form" can consistently vote in favor of it, "get out from under" and square himself on the grounds that the document had been "altered" since he announced his opposition to it.

In other words, the bucking senators have left a great loophole through which to crawl back.

Some are of the opinion that the purpose of the Lodge resolution was, in the language of one writer, "to serve only as warning to the American peace mission to respect the wishes of the senate."

Whatever the purpose of the senators who have thrown every possible obstacle in the way of the proposed treaty, they dare not defeat the measure when it is presented to them for ratification.

The proposed league of nations constitution will be amended—yes. And if the spite senators can get any satisfaction out of that, by all means let them have it!

The main thing is the ratification of the measure.

A WORTHY TRIBUTE.

Mayor Preston, of Baltimore, asked for two inscriptions to be placed upon the monument his city is erecting to the memory of Marquis de Lafayette—one to be written by President Wilson, the other by President Poincare, of France.

Here is the inscription written by Wilson, and which will be chiseled upon one side of the proposed monument:

"Lafayette, immortal because a self-forgetful servant of justice and humanity. Beloved by all Americans because he acknowledged no duty more sacred than to fight for the freedom of his fellow men."

Books have been written about the life and services of Lafayette; but in none of them, nor in all of them combined, is more said to the undying credit of the subject than was said by President Wilson in these few simply-worded lines.

More could not well be said of mortal man. For of whom, living or dead, could more in praise be said than that he was a "self-forgetful servant of justice and humanity" and a man who "acknowledged no duty more sacred than to fight for the freedom of his fellowmen?"

There is expressed the highest ideals of human character, the elements of **self-forgetfulness,** of **service** to humanity, and of **courage** to fight for the rights and happiness of others!

Truly, that **is a noble** inscription, and one peculiarly befitting the character of the man of whom it is written.

SPRING SHOWERS.

The soft, **sweet,** showery weather of early **spring** is with us, and Winter's out of house and home!

He didn't come grouching, and he didn't grouch going!

And his parting, prophetic gift, comes in the joy of spring showers that make the country dream of roses in the rain.

"Springlike weather—all in a March morning," and changing every hour from **bright** to dim, and back again, as though Spring had sent us samples from which to select.

The very soil seems to "sense" spring showers coming. The newly-broken land of the fruitful fields, and the fresh-turned clods of the home gardens give to the air the odor of the rain as it falls upon them.

These spring showers are soon to waken the seed that will climb to the sheaf; the benediction of heaven to the land.

Never mind the weather prophets—from the almanac that used to hang by the old-fashioned fireplace to the up-to-date watchers of the weather: When the showery time comes, the world "knows what's up!" The sweet spring showers have told us!

So let us be happy while the showers and the passing clouds play hide and seek with the sun. It means that spring is here!

GOING THE RIGHT WAY.

Stephens and Atkinson counties have just voted to supplement their respective allotments of state school funds by local county taxation.

This is a progressive step; and the counties taking it are going the right way to raise the standard of education and to give every boy and every girl in them educational advantages and opportunities on a par with those whose homes are in the cities and towns.

The significance of this action by Stephens and Atkinson counties means, as it was stated in the news report of the result of their school tax elections—

that every community in each of these two counties will have the benefit of longer school terms and better buildings, since they will do **something for themselves in addition to receiving state funds.**

There now are 60 of the 153 counties of Georgia that have taken this action in behalf of better school facilities for their rural children. Prior to 1907 only four had done so; which shows that, while the sentiment in favor of more adequate rural educational opportunities in Georgia has been developing slowly, it has been developing in the right direction.

Soon Bleckley and Cook counties are to vote upon this issue, and reports indicate that there is little doubt but that they, too, will join the ranks of progress.

Let us hope that when the legislature convenes next summer it will make local county school taxation compulsory and state-wide.

It is a principle which, if understood, is opposed only by skinflint property owners; and it is unfair to the children of any county that a few purse-paralyzed misers should be suffered to stand in the way of those children of the county who are eager for an education.

A DISMAL FAILURE.

A United States district attorney in Texas recently resigned his office because of his disinclination to defend Postmaster General Burleson in a lawsuit that involves the postmaster general's policies of administering the wire lines of the country.

On the same day that this official tendered his resignation District Council, No. 16, of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, New York, passed a resolution requesting President Wilson to "demand the resignation of Postmaster General Burleson."

Burleson is and has been for the last six years the Old Man of the Sea of the Wilson administration.

His mercenary policy—that of making service subordinate to profits—has in a large measure impaired the efficiency of the post-office department; and the same is true of the telegraph, telephone and cable lines under government control.

Government ownership of wire facilities has been a fetish of Burleson's ever since he entered the president's cabinet, but federal control of the wire lines under his management has been a dismal failure.

Now that Germany can't sleep for trouble, Ludendorff would sit up with her—and thereby get a night's shelter.

Combine World War Memorial With That Of the Confederacy on Face of Stone Mountain

Editor Constitution: What we do for the dead, or the living for their sake, is virtue for its own sake, the noblest portion of humanity; and that we should do them honor, we have the example of all nations to engage us and all the world to warrant.

Now, that the end of the greatest war in all history has crowned our arms with victory and enhaloed our nation and its soldiers and leaders, President Woodrow Wilson and General Pershing, with imperishable glory, making of our president the greatest figure of all history, it is meet that we should turn our attention to the making of a suitable memorial to commemorate their wonderful deeds of leadership and heroism. In seeking to do this the question instantly arises, "By what method and means and where shall it be?"

To my mind there is only one answer; Stone Mountain and in connection with the proposed Confederate memorial. There is ample room on the face of the mountain for it, and in the proposed museum at the base for all trophies. This selection is all the more appropriate because our great commander-in-chief, Woodrow Wilson, as well as our general in the field, General John J. Pershing, are both Southern men. They, catching the spirit of the heroes of that other war, and they and our soldiers and people becoming endued with the spirit with which and the ideals for which, they, our soldiers of the sixties, fought, have implanted them in the minds and hearts of the people of the entire world, and thus this same spirit and these same ideals become the victor of victors.

The idea for this memorial is contained in a great painting familiar to all; therefore let us combine the two memorials by superimposing one upon the other. President Wilson and the other figures, he being the central one, with uplifted faces as if hearing the voices and seeing the spirits of our heroic Confederate dead whose effigies appear above them.

W. H. TERRELL.
Atlanta, March 5.

Senior Senator Will Learn Something When He Gets Back Home

(From The Albany Herald.)

Senator Hoke Smith was among those who congratulated Senator Borah the other day on the conclusion of the latter's bitter attack on the league of nations and, incidentally, President Wilson. It is assumed, therefore, that Senator Smith endorses what Senator Borah said. There are a good many folks in Georgia who do not, as our senior senator will learn when he comes home to talk matters over with them "quiet like."

Director General Hines Makes Decision of Benefit To Short Line Railroads

Editor Constitution: There are a great many short line railroads located in the territory through which your paper has circulation that are deeply concerned as to the action of the director general of railroads toward their properties; on account of the peak scale of wages as allowed the railroad workers on lines under federal control as well as the orders directing that all freight, both car lots and less, should move via the direct route (which in most cases meant via the large lines, this order alone costing the small lines throughout the United States millions of dollars) great concern has been felt that the director general should find some plan of protecting the small lines as to the loss of traffic, some relief allowed in the matter of car hire and a revolving fund (for use of short lines) in addition to the $750,000,000 which is now being asked for, for operating the trunk line roads. As most short lines are borrowing moneys from their local banks, the necessity was great for obtaining money at cheaper rate of interest, and most of all, these short lines needed legislation to safeguard their interests after the return of the large roads to their owners.

The American Short Line Railroad association, comprised of most of the small roads of the United States, representing an investment of more than two billion dollars, have had an active committee dealing with the railroad administration at Washington for near a year; this committee was composed of Bird M. Robinson, president; W. M. Blount, of Alabama; Ben B. Cain, of Texas, and L. S. Cass, of Kansas, and their negotiations, conducted in a most able manner, has finally resulted in a complete understanding with Director General Hines, which portends better days in the future for the small roads; the people at large are vitally interested in the small railroads; their function is to develop new territories, to create new markets for the people and to give them passenger service. The many requests from the people at large to representatives in both houses asking for just legislation for the small roads proves conclusively that the people view such transportation facilities afforded them in the same way as their rural mail service; they desire these small roads to enjoy the same degree of prosperity to enable them to give same reasonable return on their investment and to accord them at least as fair treatment as has been planned for the larger lines; it is costing the people a vast sum of money above their present earnings to keep the trunk lines going; up to this time, these "little fellows" have been left out of the family to perish; we desire an equitable proportion or division of the through rate on the business our small lines originate and this is only fair to them.

Most of these small lines are falling at this time to earn their operating expenses; instead of affording them some net return, the owners are putting in more moneys into their properties to keep them in operation; such a burden cannot be carried indefinitely.

Director Hines and the director of traffic chambers have outlined an agreement as reached, to be covered immediately by a contract, and all small lines, classed as interstate carriers, are invited to sign same.

This action of the director general proves highly satisfactory to our interests; it breathes a spirit of co-operation and gives our small lines high hopes of better things for the future. In his testimony before the interstate commerce committee he stated that his estimate of the sum to be refunded the short lines under this contract, covering reimbursement on car per diem and diverted traffic, would amount to $2,500,000. This will result in stabilizing the credit of the small railroads; the working conditions under which we have been operating since government control of trunk lines had created a condition which would have finally led to bankruptcy. Now the conditions surrounding these small roads, after signing the contract, will give us a fair chance to earn something.

Georgia takes high rank as having encouraged the building of the small railroads; many of our people have their money invested in them; the facts made known in this communication will be good news to them. Respectfully,

B. S. BARKER,
Vice President, American Short Line Railroad Association.
Gainesville, Ga., February 24.

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.

What the River Knows.

I.

The boy knows what the River
Is running 'roun' to say:
"There' more fun in fishing,—
So come the River-way!
Don't—don't be too late!
I know not book or slate!
I only know, when Spring comes,
It's time for diggin' bait!"

II.

And the boy there—he listens
When the River's talkin' so:
The River seems to know a lot
That he is glad to know!
"Don't—don't be late!
I know not book or slate!
I only know, when Spring comes,
It's time for diggin' bait!"

• • • •

Br'er Williams' Sentiments.

De worl is 'roun', all right, but some folks think dey ain't 'nuff of it ter go 'roun.'

Pray fer rain, ef you feel like it; but, ef rain comes, don't go 'roun' braggin' that you brung it.

When you find out whar de work is, whirl in an' do it. Dar'll be time 'nuff ter talk 'bout it when de res'-bell rings.

• • • •

A Sky of Blue.

I.

Don't you track your troubles:
Here's a sky o' blue,—
Rich as all creation
With such a gift to you!
Here's a world o' sunshine—
And a bird is singing, too!

II.

Don't you track your troubles:
Leave the Grouchtown-place!
I tell you, this Spring sunshine
Is a mighty friend to grace!
You just take any Morning
With heaven's light in its face!

• • • •

"They're Coming Back."

Ernest Camp, of The Walton Tribune, pays tribute to the "boys coming home" in a ringing song of welcome, leading off with—

"They're coming back from Flanders now, their mighty task complete,
With happy hearts they reach the shores where loved ones throng to greet,
Where love, and hope, and peace combine beneath one smiling dome—
They're coming back to claim our hearts—the boys are coming home!"

• • • •

Editor Sutlive, of The Savannah Press, commenting on stories about increasing the potato yield in Georgia, says: "If ever they increase the yield around here, they will simply 'bu's' out de groun'!"

• • • •

In the Hallelujah Way.

Don't you be a-shootin'
In de hallelujah way
Whar Satan may locate you
At de breakin' of de day.
Jes' be sorter middlin',—
Don't you hurry to hooray,
An' you'll sholy reach de shinin' Lan'
o' Promise!

Wants Judge Cobb As Successor to Newman

Editor Constitution: The approaching retirement of that great jurist and noble Christian gentleman, Judge Wm. T. Newman, does more than leave vacant a judicial office of supreme importance. It challenges the ability of this commonwealth to furnish a man tall enough and broad enough to fill the vacancy. Democracy meets its supreme test in the personnel of its judges. Our liberty which is our supremely sacred possession can only find a full and fair expression under the guarantee and guidance of an honest and intelligent interpretation of law. Back of the popular assembly, the press, the ballot box, and the legislature stands the court, the last bulwark of the rights of the people. Here, weakness or lack of wisdom is fatal.

Therefore, Mr. Editor, as a private citizen of this old commonwealth, without any political alliances, or any partisan associations, I propose to the people of Georgia that we ask the president of the United States to appoint Judge Andrew J. Cobb of Athens, to succeed our beloved Judge Newman. Judge Cobb's matchless record as a lawyer and as a judge, both upon the supreme bench and in the trial court, more than fulfills the ideal suggested. His life in public and private has wrought out such a definition of grace, integrity, and wisdom that we might well seize this opportunity to say to the world, "Here is our definition of an ideal Georgian." And it is most fitting that, at this hour, when we are rejoicing over our splendid victory for democracy that we should honor the man whose clarion tones during the past year challenged the heroism of our people to follow, in loyalty, the leadership of our great president. Could we do a more wonderfully intelligent or beautifully gracious thing than unanimously ask Mr. Wilson to appoint Andrew J. Cobb to be judge of the Northern United States district of Georgia?

(Rev.) M. ASHBY JONES.
Atlanta, March 4.

FULTON PHYSICIANS WILL MEET TONIGHT

The Fulton County Medical association will hold an interesting meeting in the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce tonight at 7:30 o'clock, at which two able speakers, Captain O. L. Miller and Dr. M. F. Morris, both of whom have seen service in the trenches in France and who are now stationed at General Hospital No. 6, at Fort McPherson, will deliver addresses.

The committee that was appointed at the last meeting to decide on the advisability of inviting the American Medical association to meet in Atlanta in 1920, will make a report. The program tonight promises to be one of the most entertaining and instructive of the many good ones that have been presented by this organization during the year, and a good attendance is urged by the officers.

JOHN MANGET LEAVES FOR TRIP TO EUROPE

John A. Manget, of the firm of Manget Bros., cotton brokers, left Atlanta Monday for a three months' business trip to Europe, in the interest of the cotton business. He sails from New York on Saturday on the steamship Lapland, visiting England, France, Spain and Italy.

Health Talks---By William Brady, M.D.

TONSIL, TEETH & COMPANY

Doctor Osler, bless his good honest soul, mentions in his "bible" that certain slumbering or quiescent maladies, as tuberculosis or syphilis, may be lighted into activity by vaccination. In other words, the development of a comparatively trifling infectious disease (cowpox or vaccinia in this instance) in one who already has some other infectious disease may aggravate the pre-existing disease. The same thing is sometimes observed in a young victim of tuberculosis who happens to contract measles or acute tonsilitis.

Low grade chronic infections of the nose or throat are well known to postpone or prevent the recovery of persons with tuberculosis, syphilis or other chronic infectious disease. Even chronic furunculosis (recurring crops of large pimples or boils) often proves obstinate until an infection of the tonsil or an infected tooth is eradicated.

Ah, the same old focal infection theory! Still determined that every invalid shall lose his teeth and tonsils!

No. No. This is something new. We doctors have to keep about one jump ahead of our more experienced patients. This here idea is the bi-focal theory, if you please. And it is just grand.

Given one or two infected tonsils and a state of uncertainty whether to remove them or not, and also one or more infected teeth, and a similar state of doubt as to surgical relief. What is to be done?

Perhaps eradicating the infection from the mouth will bring about a marked improvement or complete recovery from the trouble in the tonsils. At any rate the diseased mouth requires proper dental treatment—the teeth are not necessarily doomed, for the dentist may be able to overcome the infection about the roots by conservative treatment. But remember this: A good dentist often cures diseased tonsils without realizing that he is doing it. Also a good doctor, removing a bad tonsil or two, often enables the dentist to accomplish the happiest results, for the beauty of this bi-focal idea is that it works more than one way.

When a presumably guilty focus of infection anywhere in the body is attacked surgically, and soon afterward the dependent condition, whether joint trouble or gall-sac disease or whatnot, grows temporarily worse, with evidences of increased inflammation, that is a most favorable sign which should cheer the victim considerably, for it indicates that the real cause has been found and that very definite improvement, at least, is likely to follow the temporary set-back.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Treatment of Cancer

In an article on cancer you spoke of surgical treatment. Is radium treatment considered surgical treatment? Does not radium, when properly applied, blot out the disease more thoroughly and with less danger than the knife? (T. F. B.)

ANSWER—No, radium is not surgical treatment. Radium may be helpful in preventing recurrence, after a radical operation has been done for cancer. It has its place in the alleviation of inoperable cancer—cancer which has progressed too far for operation to offer a reasonable hope of saving life. But it would be a tragical error to resort to either radium or X-ray treatment in a case of cancer which is still operable.

Blood Pressure.

What are the symptoms of excessive blood pressure? What causes it? (Miss C. E. G.)

ANSWER—Excessive blood pressure is itself merely a symptom of various conditions. Send a self-addressed three-cent stamped envelope for monograph—but do not send stamps in any quantity in lieu of the aforesaid essential.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is enclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of this paper.

What Does Germany Mean? Does She Seriously Plan Another War?

By Newell Dwight Hillis.

Last summer, while in Switzerland on my tour of the battle front my attention was called to a certain German circular. This official document was addressed to men and women "who have voluntarily and gratuitously placed themselves at the disposal of charitable services since and during this war," and asking, "Are you prepared to engage yourself from now for the same service for the next war?"

Dr. Hillis.

Similar official circulars are now being sent into Sweden, Denmark, Norway and Holland. One of them is new. It gives explicit directions for German agents on how to get Hun merchandise into America and the United States. Most significant this sentence, "Away with the German trademarks where it offends feelings! Away with it where it brings loss instead of gain! The commercial propaganda abroad must have a neutral cloak!"

First. Some things are very certain, and these undeniable facts must be remembered:

To recover her foreign markets Germany is asking her workers to accept the wage paid when they were soldiers.

This means that the new war is to be a commercial war, and is to break down the factories and industries of the United States.

Germany now believes that we are ready to buy the cheapest goods, and are ready to forget her crimes and support her cheap working men rather than our higher-priced laborers.

Every American officer writing from Germany agrees that there is much flour in Germany, but little in France; that butter and suger in Germany are plentiful, but scant in Paris; that meat and poultry are cheaper in Germany than in Paris; that German restaurants have more food and cheaper than those of France!

Weeks after the armistice was signed The Berlin Tageblatt announced that there would be no more "wheatless or meatless weeks," and that the bread ration in Berlin would be five pounds per week per capita, which is more than the average American has ever consumed.

Every German city and town has welcomed its returning soldiers and hung out banners in praise of "Our Undefeated Army," "Our Retiring Army," "Our Fatherland Unstained by the Feet of Foreign Soldiers."

Everybody concedes that the German people celebrated the kaiser's recent birthday, and that most of the newspapers spoke of him as "The Emperor."

Everybody concedes that the crown prince has not renounced his succession, and keeps reiterating his statement "I have not renounced anything and I have not signed any document whatsoever."

Everybody concedes that Von Hindenburg is still the head of the German army, and that he said that he has enough rifles and machine guns to equip three million Germans against any force attacking the fatherland from the Polish and Russian frontier.

Everybody concedes that Marshal Foch is trustworthy and that the great marshal has just said that the Germans have deliberately broken their pledges of the armistice and have not surrendered the quota of locomotives, passenger cars, freight cars, big guns or kept their many other pledges. Therefore, Americans cannot overlook the fact that we are dealing with a people that are flooding the neutral countries with circulars, and carrying a propaganda to organize something that is described as "the next war." Believing that this next war is to be an industrial war in which every Hun gift of trickery, lies and camouflage will be called in, it would seem as if the only thing for an American to do is to ally himself with every organization having for its end the elimination from the political and educational life of this country of everything that would strengthen the German here or anywhere in his plans for "the next war."

$6,000 IS VOTED BY COUNTY BOARD TO THE CHARITIES

The county commissioners voted Wednesday afternoon to continue the appropriation of $6,000 a year to the Associated Charities when this request was made of them by J. M. B. Hoxsey and Chesley B. Howard, for this organization.

Mr. Hoxsey, who is secretary of the Charities board, made a report to the commission, showing that of the $6,000 allotted last year by the county only $5,427.04 were spent, and he therefore returned a check for $572.30, the unexpended balance.

"There was practically no unemployment last year in Atlanta," Mr. Hoxsey said, "and this was a great help to us. We spent only $51 on account of unemployment during the year. The changed conditions now will make the demands upon us greater, and unless we have the same assistance from the county we will have to launch a campaign for funds now in the midst of the relief and Liberty Bond campaigns."

Mr. Hoxsey then introduced Chesley B. Howard, the newly-elected president of the board, who spoke briefly of how the Associated Charities saved money for the city and county by keeping many dependents in a measure self-supporting and by providing against the necessity of their being maintained in public institutions. The Red Cross took much of the usual work off their hands last year, Mr. Howard said, but this help would not be forthcoming now.

The commissioners unanimously voted for a grant of $6,000 for this year.

Among the other members of the Associated Charities board who were in attendance upon the commissioners' meeting were Harry P. Hermance, Colonel William Lawson Peel and Lee Ashcraft.

Upon recommendation of Paul S. Etheridge, chairman of the alms and juvenile committee, it was decided to increase the appropriation of $25 a month, which is made to Holmes Institute for colored people to $50 a month. Mr. Etheridge praised the character of the work which is being done there and said that the money used there went as far as any the county spent.

Today's Events

Irish nationalists today will pay tribute to the memory of John E. Redmond, on the first anniversary of the death of the famous leader.

Important policies of housing, transport and other municipal reforms are at issue in the London county council election to take place today.

The annual convention of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists will meet at Dallas today and continue in session until the end of the week.

LONG TERMS GIVEN TO TWO OFFENDERS HERE WEDNESDAY

That Judge Humphries intends to carry out the policy which he urged upon the jury Monday of putting a stop to crime by meting out suitable punishment to offenders, was evident in the sentences he assigned in two robbery cases on Wednesday.

S. G. Galloway, a discharged soldier, who was found guilty of holding up two men, one of whom was J. W. McGinnis, on February 21, and robbing them of $22.50, was sentenced to ten years.

C. L. Long, convicted of embezzling $1,500 from the Quick Tire Service company, located at the intersection of Peachtree and West Peachtree streets, got off with a lighter sentence only because it was shown that he was suffering from tuberculosis of the hip and would have to be under constant medical treatment. Judge Humphries fined him $250 and gave him 12 months on probation. It is understood that he will stay in a sanitarium.

Jackson Loses Suit To Recover Property Deeded Divorced Wife

After hearing all the testimony in the case of Robert R. Jackson against his former wife, Mrs. N. M. Jackson, and his brother, Paul Jackson, by which the divorced husband endeavored to recover certain property which he had deeded to his wife following their separation in 1917 to take the place of alimony, Judge Pendleton directed a verdict in favor of Mrs. Jackson, declaring that the issue was one of pure law and did not require jury decision.

This means that the contract that Mr. Jackson gave his wife by which she received a note for $1,000 and some real estate is valid and incontestable. The plaintiff based his suit on the ground that the contract was annulled by reason of the fact that he had lived with his wife again after the separation, a statement which Mrs. Jackson denied was true.

Paul Jackson purchased from Mrs. Jackson the lots deeded to her, giving notes for the payment. These had only been partially taken up, but the brother made no effort to defend the case.

Today's Birthdays

Sir George Bury, late vice-president of the Canadian Pacific railway, born in Montreal, 53 years ago today.

Prof. Archibald C. Coolidge, of Harvard, who accompanied the president to the peace conference, born in Boston, 52 years ago today.

Herbert Kaufman, an editor and author whose writings have become familiar to readers on both sides of the Atlantic, born in Washington, D. C., 41 years ago today.

ONLY THREE PETITIONS OF CITY ARE GRANTED

28 Paving Projects Turned Down by the Fulton County Board.

Three out of the city's 31 petitions to the county commissioners for help on paving projects were granted by the board at the monthly meeting on Wednesday afternoon.

The commissioners have already pledged $232,000 to the city for street improvements and the requests turned down on Wednesday involved about $200,000 more. The work which was agreed to by the commission includes the following:

To scarify and oil Flat Shoals Road from South Moreland avenue to Wiley street, approximating a cost of $2,534.50.

To back-fill Butler street trunk sewer between North Jackson and 10th street at an estimated cost of $3,420.

To widen the bottle neck at Peters and Walker streets, the total cost being $3,286.15.

A communication from the city clerk relative to the $55,000 which has been promised by the commissioners for the new coagulating basin being constructed by the city brought forth the decision that this money would be turned over by the county as the work progresses, but would not be disbursed at the present time.

An offer of the federal authorities to provide the labor if the county would furnish material for improvement of the road from the north gate of Fort McPherson to the army canteen, a distance of about 2,000 feet, was accepted upon motion of Oscar Mills. This strip is known as the Campbellton road.

Bids for two portable kitchens to be used in connection with the convict camps were opened and at the meeting of the Public Works committee which convened after the session of the board, the contract was awarded to the Manly Jail Works who will receive $700 each for them. According to Mr. Mills these kitchens will make it possible for a camp to be moved in two hours.

The county demonstrator, Dr. S. A. Sawyer, appeared before the commissioners to ask that the children's prizes, to be given at the Southeastern fair, be the same this fall as last year, and upon motion of Paul Ethridge this authority was granted.

BIG CUNARD LINER IS FIRST TO SAIL FOR SOUTHAMPTON

J. E. Miller, general southeastern agent of the Cunard line, with headquarters in Atlanta, received word yesterday that the Mauretania will arrive in New York this afternoon at 6 o'clock loaded with soldiers from abroad who embarked at Brest.

On the return trip the Mauretania, the fastest steamer in the world, will, with its sailing from New York on March 12, inaugurate the New York-Southampton service of the Cunard line, being the first of the company's vessels to use the channel port instead of the historic town of Liverpool, the British home port of the Cunard line since 1840. The change of ports makes the Cunard line not only a more direct route to London, but also to the continent. The big passenger express steamers "Aquitania," "Mauretania" and other tourist favorites, will stop at Cherbourg en route to Southampton when conditions become more normal. The Cunard line will take the place of the German lines in providing passenger service of the highest class between New York and channel ports. The Liverpool service will be maintained with vessels of large cargo and passenger accommodations like the "Caronia" and "Carmania."

"Things are looking up in the matter of inquiries about European travel," said Mr. Miller yesterday. "I told the Cunard people when they established their general headquarters in Atlanta that they would do a wonderful business from this office, and events have already justified the accuracy of my prediction.

"We are being literally overwhelmed with inquiries as to when foreign travel would open up on a normal basis, and when it does the Cunard's Atlanta office is going to make a record that will astonish even the company's officials. While they were satisfied that Atlanta was the place for the Cunard's general southern headquarters, they did not expect anything like the business this office is going to give them.

"The Atlanta office of the Cunard line is the only one of that company south of Washington and Chicago."

Aged Man on Trial For the Violation Of Espionage Law

Charged with disloyal utterances, Jep T. Wilson, aged resident of Carrollton, Ga., was arraigned before Federal Judge Shepard in the United States district court Wednesday for trial under the espionage act.

The case, which was the first called by Assistant District Attorney Carpenter, occupied most of the morning session, when evidence was introduced that Wilson some time ago interrupted a speech by retiring Congressman William Schley Howard at Carrollton to deliver a tirade against President Wilson. He was charged with declaring that the government "had no right to send men to France to get butchered."

Early in the afternoon, the court continued the case until this morning, when additional witnesses will be put on the stand.

W. P. Boles, of Duluth, was charged $100 for having in his possession fourteen gallons of whisky when he was arrested in Gwinnett county last December.

Joe Roberts, charged with operating a moonshine still, was sentenced to three months in jail and was fined $100. A suspension of sentence until August 1 was granted on account of the illness of his wife.

Improved Express Service Campaign Meeting Success

The effort being made throughout the country to induce express shippers to pack their goods more substantially, is making rapid progress, according to a statement made by General Agent R. H. May, at a meeting of the local express forces, under the direction of the Better Service Campaign committee.

The business men and commercial bodies of this city are giving their co-operation in the movement, by examining and improving the methods of their shipping departments, the local representative of the American Railway Express company stated. A marked improvement in the appearance and condition of shipments turned over to the service has been noticeable, and the express agent expects a decided reduction in the number of shipments sent to "No Mark" bureaus, which are the "dead letter" offices of the express business.

In "four-minute" talks to the expressmen, no little emphasis was laid upon the seriousness of the situation for the company in the number of claims pressed against it from causes for which it was found not to be responsible. The aggressive internal campaign being conducted among the operating forces of the express business is expected to remove the causes attributed to carelessness in the organization.

The express employees were instructed not only to see that the packing and marking rules were followed in all shipment they accepted, but to give their full co-operation to the shippers in bringing their methods of preparing consignments up to the necessary standards. Much of the time of the local campaign committee has been given up to visiting shipping concerns and helping them along these lines.

CHURCHES ARE URGED TO AID WAR HEROES

Active Organizations Suggested by Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

That every church in the country should at once form an active organization among its leading laymen to help returning soldiers and sailors fit themselves into the industrial, social and religious life of their respective communities, formed the reconstruction program launched by the army and navy department of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, which opened a three-day conference at Camp Gordon yesterday with representatives from virtually every camp in the south.

As a laymen's organization of the Episcopal church, which has been doing practical work for more than twenty-five years, the Brotherhood of St. Andrew has carried its program to the camps since this nation entered the war. Now, with the reconstruction period, it has developed a plan which it hopes to carry to every church in the country. The conference here is for the purpose of fully acquainting the southern field secretaries with that plan.

Asked for Suggestions.

"The brotherhood lays no claim to this plan," said F. S. Titsworth, executive secretary in charge of the work, at Camp Gordon. "We have asked for practical suggestions from soldiers and civilians alike who have faced the war problems of the past months, and we have merely gathered together their suggestions."

In outlining the plan, Mr. Titsworth said: "It is at once apparent to any one who has the welfare of our returning men at heart that they need something more than a hand-shake and a pat on the back. They need friendly counsel and advice. What organization in the country is in the position to do this as well as the church? This is no campaign for funds, it is no campaign for workers to leave their homes to volunteer their services. It puts the problem up to the individual church. Every church in the country has proudly displayed a service flag. We feel the time has come when the church should show its appreciation and should make each service star stand for real service to its returned men.

"Our plan calls for the active organization of the leading laymen of the church. It might be called a church welcome committee. Each committee should elect a chairman, also a secretary and appoint such subcommittees as may be necessary to effectively accomplish its purpose. The work of this committee naturally falls into four main groups, the home-coming man and his family, the man and his job, the man and his social life, the man and his church life. The committee should call on the families of these men so that it may know the home conditions. Many families are in need of aid. Both the man and his family should be made to feel that the committee stands ready to help them.

The Man and the Job.

"Take the man and his job. It is one thing for a returned soldier or sailor to apply to the United States employment service or other agency for work with no one to help him out and another thing entirely for an experienced business man to give him advice first and then help him in getting employment. Some of these men will be keen for more educational advantages. And so down the line. The plan offers unlimited possibilities. It duplicates nothing. It really makes doubly strong every agency now at work. The churches owe it to their returned men to get back of them, to make them feel at home, in their jobs, in their social life, in their religious life, in their community life. How better can this be done than by forming an active committee of the church's laymen at once?"

Before opening the conference at Camp Gordon the visiting brotherhood secretaries attended corporate communion at St. Luke's church, the Rev. C. B. Wilmer being the celebrant, assisted by Archdeacon Webber.

The program Wednesday consisted mainly in presenting the plan as formulated to the secretaries who are to engage in an intensive campaign beginning next week to organize these parish committees throughout the Episcopal church.

Today, G. Frank Secretary, general secretary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the United States, will address the conference on "Active Christianity in Every-Day Life."

Says French People Gave Up Their Beds For Boys in Khaki

"I was brought up in the south and I thought I knew what hospitality was," said Sergeant C. M. Dinkins of the 118th infantry, who is now at Fort McPherson waiting for a broken wrist to heal, "but that word had a new meaning for me after I was an American soldier in France.

"What the French people in the villages did for us doughboys is something I will never forget. One night a pal and I spent the night with some peasants and we found out the next morning that they had given up their bed for us and slept on the hay. I know that was done time and again by the villagers to make the American soldiers comfortable.

"I don't want any better proof of friendship than that. But those French women used to give us things to eat, as well. They would tell us to save our money, that their boys were fighting somewhere miles away and they did for us what they hoped somebody else was doing for them.

"You can imagine how it made us feel after this to see town after town with the little homes so ready to extend a welcome, crumpled into heaps. Sometimes there would be a few people left in a village who had to find living places in cellars, or houses with a side blown off. And in these groups of women and old people you would occasionally see a child with an arm half gone or a foot missing or the light shut out from the eyes.

"The American Committee for Devastated France is doing a wonderful work in the shelltorn section of the Aisne, where help is most needed."

C. A. Sheldon, Jr., Goes To First Presbyterian Church as the Organist

Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., has resigned as organist and choir director at the Trinity Methodist church, a position he has held for many years, and will be organist and choir director at the First Presbyterian.

Mr. Sheldon is assisting now in the building of the beautiful new Pilzer organ at the First Presbyterian church.

Benjamin Potter, an Englishman, recently arrived in Atlanta, who had had experience as organist in English churches and in Detroit and other American cities, will succeed Mr. Sheldon at Trinity.

Mr. Potter, coming to Atlanta as a representative of the community singing movement, will take over the chorus choir at Trinity and proposes to make it a noteworthy institution.

$40,000 IN DAMAGES ASKED BY MRS. CROW

A damage suit for $40,000 was filed by Mrs. Mildred Crow on Wednesday against Walker Hines, director general, and the Southern Railway on account of injuries sustained by the petitioner on February 26, when a freight train backed into an automobile on Stewart avenue between Whitehall and Glenn streets. The accident was due, it is claimed, to negligence on the part of railway employees, the automobile of Mrs. Crow being knocked about 30 feet.

RAILROADS STAY UNDER U. S. RULE

Director Hines Says Lines Will Not Be Relinquished Because Congress Failed to Appropriate Funds.

Washington, March 5.—The government today determined to retain control of the railroads, despite failure of congress to provide funds for the railroad administration, and to have the roads finance themselves for the next few months through private loans on the open market, or through advances by the war finance corporation.

Effort will be made to maintain operations on a normal scale and to carry on as much of the improvement program as possible, in order to avoid throwing employees out of work or otherwise disturbing industrial conditions. No attempt will be made to solve the problem by raising rates.

Assurance Given by Hines.

These assurances were given by Director General Hines in a public statement and in an address to the conference of governors and mayors meeting here. At the same time it developed that the war finance corporation has about $337,000,000 resources available, and much of this may go to railroads to supplement the sums they can borrow until congress meets again and has opportunity to appropriate funds.

After protracted conferences between Secretary Glass and other officials of the treasury and war finance corporation, it was stated that means probably would be developed to keep the railroads off the money market as much as possible, and minimize interference with the forthcoming Victory Liberty loan.

Although officials appeared optimistic they explained that much manipulating of financial machinery would be necessary, and a definite program could not be developed for some time. Their somewhat cheerful attitude was in contrast to the rather pessimistic utterances of Secretary Glass and Director General Hines before the senate appropriations committee in executive session last night, commenting on the possibility of the appropriation's failure. The testimony was made public today.

Statement by Hines.

"There would be two general ways in which we might attempt to adapt ourselves to this new situation so suddenly created," said Mr. Hines today. "One way would be to cut down expenditures as rapidly as possible in every direction, even though these expenditures were highly desirable. The other way would be to try to resort to every possible expedient to prevail on the railroad companies and the other business interests affected to borrow the necessary money to enable us to go forward with these expenditures, and I am emphatically in favor of the plan which contemplates financing these matters so we can go forward with the expenditures rather than of the plan of cutting off the expenditures, so we can avoid the financing. I am absolutely out of sympathy with any policy which contemplates the slowing down of industries for the purpose of throwing men out of the employment on the idea that thereby the rates of wages may be cut down for the future.

"Approaching the matter along these lines, it is going to be my policy and with the most cordial cooperation of the secretary of the treasury and of the war finance corporation to try to find every way we can to reimburse the treasury and the railroad administration through getting the corporations to borrow the money to pay back advances which have been made and which it will be necessary to make to carry out our program.

It Will Be Difficult.

"It is going to be very difficult, but we are approaching it with the determination that we will make it succeed in a very large extent and that we will get a large measure of patriotic co-operation from all the interests which are affected.

"In connection with the consideration of this question there has been no discussion of raising rates, either passenger or freight, because the money derived from rates goes into operating revenues which primarily are not affected by the present situation.

"In connection with necessary financing which will have to be done by the railroad corporations, it is the rule that no such corporate financing be undertaken except on certificate of the railroad administration, and, therefore, the railroad administration in a sense acts as a clearing house for such financing, thus minimizing the danger of financial confusion."

Views of Glass.

Before the senate appropriations committeee, Secretary Glass said last week that failure of the measure appropriating $750,000,000 for the railroads "would be disastrous, demoralizing."

"It will create the situation in railroad circles," he said, "that will amount to practical suspension of activities; interferes with the purchasing activities of the administration. It will very greatly impair the credit of the railroads. The only alternative that I see will be to have the railroads go out into the open market and make loans aggregating nearly one billion dollars from the banks. That condition would reflect itself upon the Liberty loan, and I think in a disastrous way."

Mr. Hines expressed similar views before the committee. It was explained today, however, that with new arrangements for financing the roads, the pessimistic views expressed then do not necessarily hold now.

Europe Will Despair If America Declines To Enter the League

According to Simonds, Europe Has Accepted President Wilson as Spokesman for United States and Is Depending on This Country's Aid to Prevent War.

By Frank H. Simonds.

Paris, March 5.—(Special Cable to The Constitution.)—There is probably no more difficult problem than the endeavor to represent to Americans accurately European views at the pesent time on American political conditions. Probably at no time since America entered the war has European attention been to such an extent concentrated on American domestic politics and certainly, not even in the period before we entered the war, were these American political conditions less understood in Europe. At bottom, this failure accurately to appraise the situation in America arises from the fact that Europe has accepted Mr. Wilson without reservation as an authorized and qualified spokesman of the whole of the United States. The will of America as it is understood here is what President Wilson says in the Paris conference.

In English and French politics alike the defeat of the prime minister on any larger question of policy means the fall of the ministry and a change of political power. The fact that following President Wilson's defeat in the November election there was no change in America has been naturally accepted here, where a knowledge of our peculiar institutions is relatively slight, as proof that only domestic questions were involved in that election and that the president remains the spokesman for the American people, with their complete approval in all foreign matters.

Wilson Accepted as Ambassador.

When President Wilson decided to come to Europe all the allied nations had in their turn to decide whether or not the president should be received as an ambassador of all America. They decided to accept him as such. They have listened to every word that he has spoken in matters of policy with exactly that attention, that consideration which flows from an unqualified acceptance of Mr. Wilson in such a role.

Now it is essential to recognize what the position of America in Europe it today. American aid on the military side is realized everywhere to have been the decisive factor in winning the war. American contributions to the feeding of millions of people in Belgium, in Northern France, in Eastern and Southern Europe has meant the difference between starvation and existence. There are literally millions of people alive in Europe who owe their existence wholly to America. For the future the little people of the large countries and the people large and small of the little countries all turn their eyes towards America as the one solid element of hope in a world otherwise sombre and despairing.

Admiration, gratitude, hope—all three emotions flow from American service in Europe and President Wilson's welcome to Europe was a natural and spontaneous expression on the part of millions of people of their feelings towards the country that had saved them in the past and to whom they turn now for future deliverance.

Wilson and America Mean the Same.

To discriminate between Mr. Wilson as president of the United States and, as such the representative of his country in Paris, and President Wilson, leader of a political party at home, was a thing totally beyond the capacity of the European peoples.

To them Mr. Wilson and the United States mean the same thing, and I cannot adequately describe the degree of apprehension and dismay which recent politics in the United States have occasioned. And this dismay arises primarily out of a feeling that America as a whole may desert Europe, may leave millions it has temporarily saved to permanent misery. The attack upon President Wilson's league of nations formula seems to these peoples in Europe an attack upon all that America means to them, and this is bound to be so.

For the American in Europe, the attitude and sentiment expressed by the common peoples of all the allied nations is a thing which at once awakens pride and humility. It is not the flattery of politicians, it is not even the praise of public men which impresses; it is rather the simple, unlimited faith of the masses of the people. On two evenings last week I attended dinners, one in honor of Venizelos, the great Greek statesman, and the other presided over by Take Jonescu, the man who brought Rumania into the war on the allied side. Both made speeches and each, in a manner which was impressive, explained what to his own little people the league of nations meant, with America as a force in that league, a force for that justice and that right of which, for their countries, America was the living embodiment.

Despair If America Quits.

I have said and I repeat that in my judgment it is the view of all well-informed Americans in Europe that for America to abandon the task now would mean to surrender Europe to a despair which might have almost any consequences. Germany lost this war, it is true, but before Germany laid down her arms, she almost succeeded in wrecking the nations she attacked. She has left her enemies victorious, but exhausted, almost paralyzed, in the presence of the stupendous task of reconstruction.

We who came late, who suffered relatively little, were still strong, supplied the one fixed basis of hope in a situation critical beyond words to describe.

In this situation it is too much to expect that either France or Great Britain, much less the little nations, will be able to differentiate between Mr. Wilson, president, and Mr. Wilson, leader of the democratic party. It is beyond the limits of possibility to expect that they will understand our domestic and political conditions or see anything in the present political conflict at home, but a menace to all their hopes for the future and a threat or repudiation by America of the many obligations which we have undertaken through the president of the United States and have, through him, clearly indicated our purpose to carry on.

What opposition to the league of nations in its present form in America means in Europe is, therefore, unmistakable. Technical objections arising out of danger to the Monroe Doctrine or to interference with our immigration laws are unimportant to the European mind. If it is desired by America, and asked, both will be excluded from the operation of the league of nations. Any concession or amendment will be made except one. No nations, big or little, will consent to the withdrawal of Americans from Europe willingly.

Europe Hopeless Without League.

If the league of nations and the idea of the league of nations collapses, the elements of hope will be withdrawn from the European situation and the people that have the great task of reconstruction to undertake may yield to despair. In sum, the simple fact is that Europe has accepted Mr. Wilson as the spokesman of America. It has welcomed him as no other public man has ever been welcomed here before. He was the delegate of that America whose services were in the minds and hearts of millions of people. It has to an incredible extent risked all its future hope upon Mr. Wilson, not as an individual, but as president of the United States, and if the country repudiates what Mr. Wilson has done here for domestic or political reasons which are wholly comprehensible to every American, the European tragedy will be stupendous. Europe has known no other American view than that of President Wilson. It has accepted his view because it believed it to be the American view, and today it stands literally aghast in the presence of the possibility at least suggested by fragmentary dispatches that the real view of America is something entirely different from the president's.

America's Great Opportunity.

I have talked with many republicans who are here, all of whom see the situation clearly, substantially as I have presented it here. Without exception, they recognize the greatness of the American mission's opportunity and duty in Europe, with no dissenting voice they assert that to abandon the league of nations with its European responsibilities now will be little less than the abandonment of those who died in Europe to establish American ideals in the world. No other country could deserve the admiration America received in Europe today and no country could afford to surrender that position in the world which had been won for it by devotion and achievement, by unselfishness unparalleled in world history, and to withdraw from Europe now would be to sacrifice what seems to be the greatest opportunity for human service that has ever come to any single people.

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RETAIL MERCHANTS AND THE INCOME TAX

Washington, March 5.—Instruction for retail merchants on the filing of tax returns and the calculation of tax due, issued by the internal revenue bureau, emphasize the importance of accurate book accounts, particularly for small businesses, as the first requisite in making reports. Periodical inventories also were advocated strongly.

The bureau suggested this formula for determining the net income of a retail merchant:

"Add the cost of merchandise bought for sale during the year, to the inventories taken at the begining of the year. From this sum deduct the inventories taken at the end of the year. The balance is the cost of the goods sold. This cost, plus business, or "overhead" expenses, when deducted from the gross receipts, gives the correct net income of the business. The inventory," the revenue bureau statement added, "is fully as important as the cash account in determining the gain or loss in a retail business."

"In making their inventories at the end of each taxable year, retailers may list the values by either of two methods: (1) the cost of the goods, or (2) the cost or market price, whichever is lower. The freight, express, cartage and storage costs may be added to the cost of each lot of goods.

"Besides the net cost of goods sold, the retailer is allowed to deduct from his gross sales for the year the necessary expenses incidental to the business. No personal, family or living expenses of any kind may be included in such deductions. The ordinary retailer might have as expense clerk hire, rent of business property, interest on his business indebtedness, and taxes on his business and business property. Also, there may be ordinary repairs, bad debts charged off the books during the year; other expenses, such as insurance, light, heat, telephone, feed for delivery horses, repairs and upkeep of delivery wagons, supplies and upkeep for motor trucks, etc.

"Under the item 'wear and tear,' a retailer may claim reasonable depreciation on property used in the business. On fixtures the allowance is usually 5 per cent or 10 per cent of the cost price; on horses and wagons, 10 per cent; on motor trucks, 20 per cent.

"The individual retailer may take a salary for his services, but if he does so, he must consider such salary as part of his income."

ATTEMPT TO END COLUMBUS STRIKE PROVES FUTILE

Columbus, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—W. C. Liller, a commissioner representing the United States government, left Columbus today for Nashville, Tenn., after having made a futile effort to settle the local textile strike. He spent several days here and tried in several ways to get the two sides together. The cotton mills claim that their working forces are steadily increasing and that the situation is gradually adjusting itself. On the other hand, the labor leaders say their side is standing firm.

Other trades unions in Columbus are considering this week the matter of a sympathetic strike in order to force matters to a climax and bring victory to the union textile workers if possible. The situation continues quiet. Military from Fort Benning are doing patrol duty in Gerard, but there has been no serious disturbance in that city.

PEANUT CRUSHERS ORGANIZE IN ALBANY

Albany, Ga., March 5.—Peanut crushers from Georgia, Alabama and Florida met here yesterday afternoon and organized under the name of the Southeastern Peanut Crushers' association. Fears were expressed that unless higher prices can prevail for peanut products and the farmers thereby secure a higher price for their products the acreage devoted to this crop in the southeast will be seriously reduced this year.

The food administration was appealed to to stabilize the price of peanut products on an equality with cotton seed products.

New Canning Club Agent.

Americus, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Mrs. Olin A. Williams, new canning club agent for Sumter county, has completed organization work and will begin early next week active demonstrations before club members. Clubs already organized are as follows: Thompson, 12 members; Andersonville, 5 members; Bennington, 6 members; Howell, 6 members; Agricultural College Model school, 6 members; East Americus, 6 members. Plains community will be organized next week, when Mrs. Williams will visit the school there. Canning club work in Sumter has been unusually successful and this year Mrs. Williams plans to make it even more so.

GERMANY FIGHTS ALLIED DEMANDS

In Regard to the Requisition of German Shipping. Allies Warned Not to Speculate on German Patience.

Paris, March 5.—At a meeting of the German cabinet on Monday, attended by party leaders and delegates of ship owners, it was agreed unanimously, it is understood, that Germany could not submit to dictation from the entente powers, either in the armistice negotiations or in the peace pourparlers proper, according to a Zurich dispatch to Le Journal.

The German government declared that it will decline all responsibility for possible consequences if "the entente tries to speculate on German patience." Demands regarding the requisition of shipping are held to be absolutely inacceptable, because, it is said, it would definitely "paralyze the country's economic future."

Germany also will oppose the dismissal of German crews from ships requisitioned, it being pointed out that this would throw 42,000 seamen out of employment.

A press campaign has been started against the armistice and the preliminary peace conditions.

WIND AND RAIN HAS WIRES DOWN IN SOUTH GEORGIA

Macon, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—A violent wind storm, accompanied by heavy rain, this afternoon, has caused considerable damage to telegraph and telephone wires. In southern Georgia. Many points are entirely cut off from wire communication.

The storm appears to have been most violent around Leesburg and in the neighborhood of Souther field, Americus, according to reports reaching here.

In Macon there was no damage, but an inch of rain was recorded in forty minutes.

So far as known there has been no loss of life.

GA. SWINE GROWERS TO MEET IN DUBLIN

Dublin, Ga., March 5.—(Special.) Preparations are well along now for the entertainment of the Georgia Swinegrowers' association, which will meet in Dublin next week, March 11 and 12.

A banquet is to be given the visitors on Tuesday night, the first day of the session, while on Wednesday afternoon an automobile ride will be given. The banquet program includes the following speeches:

"Hogs for Sale Twelve Months in the Year," W. E. Anderson, Macon Packing plant.

"How to Arouse Interest in Pure-Bred Hogs," Ruohs Pyron, Cartersville.

"Advantages of the Purebred Over the "Scrub," W. H. Peacock, Cochran.

"Open Discussion and Questions Answered," W. B. Roddenberry, Cairo.

A purebred hog sale will be put on during the meeting.

BRUNSWICK TO HAVE STATE LABOR MEET

Brunswick, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Brunswick labor organizations are perfecting arrangements for the annual convention of the State Federation of Labor, which will be held in this city on April 16, 17, 18 and 19.

All of the local unions have named delegates and appointed various committees on arrangements, all of them now actively at work. Invitations have been extended to some of the best-known labor men in the south to deliver addresses during the convention. Advance reports indicate that about three hundred delegates, representing every labor organization in the state, will be present. The sessions will be held at the city hall, while the Oglethorpe hotel has been named as convention headquarters.

Permanent positions with attractive work at good pay for girls between 16 and 25 years of age. See Miss Prince, Bell Telephone office, 25 Auburn Avenue.—(Adv.)

WHAT LONDON THINKS OF WILSON'S ADDRESS

London, March 5.—President Wilson's speech in New York last night arrived in London too late for extended editorial comment in the afternoon newspapers, but it occupies a most prominent place in the news columns. Some of the headings describe it as "Another Powerful Speech" and as "President Wilson's Greatest Fight."

Pall Mall Gazette, referring to the president's expressed conviction that an overwhelming majority of the American people are in favor of a league of nations, says:

"That is undoubtedly the case, but the crucial question is whether they are prepared to pledge the practical resources and action of their country to vindicate the league when it is formed. Unless America is prepared to share in the 'collar work' of the league she can have no voice in its policy."

The Westminster Gazette, in expressing the hope that the league will be much more than a debating society, says that even if it is a debating society it probably would have prevented this war had it been in operation in 1914, and it will be an insurance against other wars springing from the same motives.

Referring to the report that Senator Lodge and thirty-six other republican senators were determined to oppose the league of nations as now constituted, The Globe says:

"President Wilson returns to Europe with greatly diminished prestige as a result of the action of an important representative section of his own countrymen and with his boasted league of nations treated precisely as a scrap of paper which we have already held it to be."

Two Government Plants In Brunswick Lay Off Half Their Workers

Brunswick, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Acting under instructions received from the Emergency Fleet corporation, the two government-operated shipbuilding plants in Brunswick yesterday reduced their working forces to about half the number of men, work being discontinued on five vessels now in course of construction. The two plants affected by the order are the American Shipbuilding company and the United States Maritime corporation, the only two in the city working under government supervision.

Only meager information was received from Washington, therefore it is not known whether the discontinuance of work on the steamers is indefinite or for only a short time. It is stated that the shipping board has decided to change the plans of all Ferris type steamers now under construction which have not progressed too far to be changed, and that the five vessels on which work was stopped here were among those to be changed. It was stated that these steamers, which are less than half completed, are to be converted into barges and that work will be resumed on them in a short time.

JOE HILL HALL HAS LEG BROKEN BY FALL

Macon, Ga., March 5.—Joe Hill Hall, Macon lawyer and veteran legislator, suffered a broken leg this morning when he slipped and fell in the hallway of the Fourth National Bank building.

Mr. Hall was going to his office at the time of the accident. His left leg was broken just below the knee. Mr. Hall was recently run down by an automobile and severely injured, but had recovered.

ALLIES REPULSE BOLSHEVIK DRIVE

Attack Was Made in the Archangel Region—Bolsheviki Left Many Dead on the Field.

Archangel, March 5.—After artillery preparation the Bolsheviki forces launched an infantry attack yesterday against allied positions on the right bank of the Vaga river between the villages of Kitzka and Vistavka. They were repulsed with considerable losses. Allied scouts found many bodies in the woods after the engagement. Along this front and also on the Dvina river the Bolsheviki continue artillery firing.

BROWN ASSAILS WILSON ATTITUDE TOWARD EMBARGO

Americus, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Declaring that "if our sons and brothers have given their lives on the battlefields of Europe for what we thought we were fighting for, namely, the freedom of the seas and the commerce of the world, then we have the right to demand of our government these principles," J. J. Brown, commissioner of agriculture for Georgia, has written L. G. Council, of Americus, a letter attacking President Wilson's attitude toward the embargo on cotton. In his letter Mr. Brown says the president's recent statement as handed to the press shows conclusively "that the southern farmer's product is being used around the peace table, and it is clear to his mind that this embargo is being held over cotton for no other reason than to shape the commercial and industrial situation on the other side of the Atlantic ocean.

"If it is to the interest of America and her allies to shut off the raw cotton of the south to the open market of the world under the law of supply and demand at a time when this demand would cause cotton to bring not 35 cents, but far above that price," Mr. Brown wrote, "then I say it would not be asking for special privileges when we say to our great president: Let the people of our own nation and our allies bear the result of this embargo by taking over the cotton at a price that it would bring in the open markets of the world under the law of supply and demand; it would be a great deal more than we are asking for the cotton, namely, 35 cents."

BRUNSWICK VESSEL SAILS WITH GA. CARGO

Brunswick, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—A Brunswick-built schooner, carrying a complete Brunswick cargo, with part of a Brunswick crew in charge, sailed from this port yesterday for New York. It was the handsome schooner Thomas J. Lipton, built by the Brunswick Marine Construction corporation and launched at the plant of the company in February. The Lipton carried a cargo of rosin manufactured by the Yaryan Rosin and Naval Stores company. The schooner is one of the handsomest ever built in this port, and unlike other vessels, has been painted snow white, differing in looks from the average battleship gray, so conspicuous on the ocean here of late. The schooner is named after the well-known English sportsman, who is a close friend of the president of the local company.

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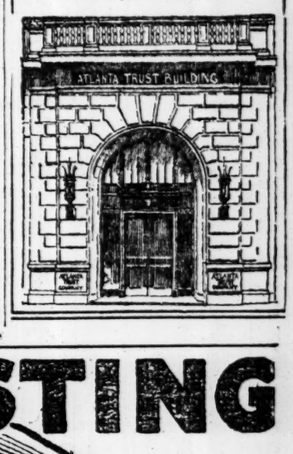

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Warmth in These "Knittex" Coats

They're unlined Spring Weights—but made of a wool-knit fabric affording warmth and comfort.

Especially adapted for a Spring Coat—for cool days — mornings — evenings.

Greens, Browns, Blues, Heathers—

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Another Spring Coat

in a beautiful Gray Oxford — silk-lined, extra good values, at

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Any of the above garments are indispensable as an all-round comfort Coat for cool summer nights in the mountains or on the lakes.

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LONG LASTING

The Flavor Lasts

∴ IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS ∴

CRACKERS OPEN SEASON AT HOME

Chattanooga Here April 24 — Mobile Plays Here on July 4 in Double-Header.

Memphis, Tenn., March 5.—The schedule committee of the Southern Baseball association last night completed its tentative draft of the schedule of 140 games for the 1919 season, beginning April 24 and ending September 7, which will be submitted for approval at the directors' meeting at New Orleans March 24.

The opening games will be played by Chattanooga at Atlanta, Nashville at Birmingham, New Orleans at Mobile and Memphis at Little Rock. The same teams will play the following day at Chattanooga, Nashville, New Orleans and Memphis, respectively. Closing games will be played by Nashville at Chattanooga, Memphis at Little Rock, Mobile at New Orleans and Atlanta at Birmingham.

July Fourth and Labor day dates are filled with double-headers, the Independence day games being played by Mobile at Atlanta, New Orleans at Birmingham, Memphis at Little Rock and Nashville at Chattanooga. The Labor day schedule calls for games by Atlanta at Mobile, Birmingham at New Orleans, Chattanooga at Nashville and Little Rock at Memphis.

BARNES UNAFFECTED BY SOJOURN IN ARMY

The fear expressed in some quarters that Jess Barnes, because of his few months service in the army, may be unfitted to resume his place as one of the leading pitchers of the National league, is not entertained by John McGraw. Barnes was not sent overseas, and though the life he has led since early last summer has been that of the average doughboy in training, there is no reason to believe that he has fallen into a rut. On the contrary, it is reasonable to believe that he has benefited greatly by his training, and that he has put on some needed weight, which will add to his effectiveness as a pitcher. Barnes pitched for the Camp Funston team for the greater part of the summer and was in wonderful form at the close of the season. He is now stationed at Fort Riley, Kas.

WORLD SERIES STAR GOES TO TORONTO

Boston, March 5.—The sale of George Whitman, outfielder, who was the star of the last world series, to the Toronto International league club, was announced today.

James Cooney, outfielder, was sold to Detroit, and Infielder Eibel was returned to the Richmond (Virginia league) club.

City Prep League Situation Still In Big Muddle

Neither Team Tied for Honors Knows When the Title Game Will Be Played.

By W. C. Munday, Jr.

Although city prep fans are still clamoring for a championship basketball game between Boys' High and Tech High, no steps have been taken by the officials of the league for such a game. The fans have increased their efforts for the playing of such a conflict, especially since the meeting of the directors of the league on Monday night, when by a vote of 5 to 2 it was decided that the G. M. A.-Boys' High game of last Friday be declared official.

Boys' High has won eleven games and lost one by this ruling, while the Junior Smithies stand at the same percentage. It seems that a game should be played, in order that the best team may be awarded the rag.

Before the meeting of last Monday night, one Mr. Leonard Mumford, the wonder of the Tech High team, when asked if he felt that his team should play another game with the Boys' High, stated: "Well, we are not afraid to play those fellows. We beat them once and we can do it again. Anyway, who wants to buy a cow, when he's given one for nothing?"

Tech High Attitude.

By this Mr. Mumford meant that that it was not necessary to play Boys' High again, since the league directors at a meeting a few nights before, had not voted to reopen the schedule. The Boys' High-G. M. A. combat, although played on last Friday, was not declared official until Monday night.

At the meeting Monday night, Professor Smith, of Commercial, who had been excused from voting at the first meeting, declared that he did not think it fair to prep fans and justice to the Tech High players themselves if the pennant be awarded the latter on a technicality. He voted for declaring the G. M. A.-Boys' High game official, as did Mr. Hopkins, of Fulton, who had voted against such action at the last meeting.

Professor Edward L. Floyd, who represented Boys' High school at the meetings, asserted Wednesday night that he considered it only justice to the people of Atlanta who are interested in prep sports, for a game to be played between Boys' High and Tech High to determine the prep championship of the city. He further asserted that no official action has yet been taken in the matter of fixing a date for the game.

Captain Bennett's View.

When asked his views on the situation at the same time, Captain Joe Bennett, leader of he Tech High squad, stated that he is not of the opinion that such a game for the championship will be played. Further questioned, he asserted that his team has not practiced basketball since the game with Boys' High and that, even though officials should rule that the game be played, it would probably be a week or more before his team could be rounded into shape for another battle.

Whether or not officials will take any immediate action in the matter that is the basis of conversation for every high school boy, remains to be seen. It is to be hoped, however, that something definite will be done concerning the squabble at the earliest possible moment.

GEORGE HARRISON MAY BE UMPIRE

President Martin Mails Contract of the Southern League Arbiter to the Wounded Atlanta Officer.

Memphis, Tenn., March 5.—John D. Martin, president of the Southern association, announced today that he had tendered contracts for the 1919 season to Dan Pfenninger, William Brennan, William Carpenter and Jack Kerin, of last season's staff of Southern association umpires, and to George Harrison, former Boston National league player.

Harrison, if he agrees to the terms offered, will be the first of four soldier umpires whom President Martin plans to appoint for the coming season. Under the plan the staff of arbiters would be composed of four veteran umpires, who will act as umpires-in-chief, and four soldiers, former baseball players who have been incapacitated by wounds received in the war from returning to the game as players.

It is understood that the George Harrison referred to in the above dispatch, is the George Harrison who captained Georgia's baseball team several years ago, played with the Crackers and had a try-out with Stallings' Braves.

The well-known Atlanta officer who is now stationed at Fort McPherson with a badly wounded arm, stated Wednesday night that he had heard nothing of an offer from President Martin, adding, however, that he is the only George Harrison who ever played with Boston.

A telegram from Memphis late last night stated that President Martin has mailed the contract to Atlanta, and Harrison will probably receive it in a very short time. The wounded officer made no statement Wednesday night as to whether he will accept or refuse the offer to become a Southern league umpire, though his voice betrayed the pleasure he felt at news of the offer.

COLEMAN TO MANAGE MOBILE BALL CLUB

Mobile, Ala., March 5.—Bob Coleman, who caught a majority of the games for the Mobile club last summer, will manage this year's team. Announcement to this effect was received today from Secretary C. Z. Colsson, who is in St. Louis. Coleman, two years ago, was with Columbus, of the American association.

Giants Will Go To First Game In Airplanes

McGraw Leaves Air Trip to Philadelphia to Players' Personal Desires. Giants' Training Schedule.

New York, March 5.—Invitation to the New York National baseball team to travel by airplane from New York to Philadelphia for the opening game of the season on April 23 was received today at club headquarters. Manager McGraw, who signified that he would grant approval, said that the players would make the trip by air at their own volition, however.

New York, March 5.—The New York National league club announced today that the spring training trip of the team will include the following games:

March 29, April 4 and 5, Boston Americans at Tampa, Fla.; April 7 and 8, Boston Americans at Gainesville, Fla.; April 9, Boston Americans at Columbia, S. C.; April 10, Boston Americans at Spartanburg, S. C.; April 11, Boston Americans at Winston-Salem, N. C.; April 12 and 13, Baltimore Internationals at Baltimore; April 14, Washington Americans at Newport News; April 15, Washington Americans at Petersburg, Va.; April 16 and 17, Washington Americans at Norfolk; April 18, Washington Americans at Richmond; April 19 and 20, Washington Americans at Washington; April 22, Yale at New York.

AUBURN QUINTET WINS FAST GAME FROM LOCAL "Y"

Auburn, Ga., March 5.—Southeastern Christian college defeated the champions of the Atlanta Y. M. C. A. on the local court this afternoon, 40 to 37.

The game was fast and clean throughout. The playing of the visitors was good and but for the work of Credle and McConnell at guard would have resulted in many more points.

Credle's man got only one field goal during the entire game. This was his first game at guard, having played forward all the season. While this defensive work was going on, E. Anthony was scoring 24 points for the locals, leaving 12 for M. Anthony and two each for Cain and McConnell. Manos starred for the "Y" boys, scoring 23 of his team's points.

The line-up was as follows:

SOUTHEASTERN (40)	Pos.	Y.M.C.A. (37)
E. Anthony (24)	F.	Price (2)
M. Anthony (12)	F.	Manos (23)
McConnell (2)	G.	Edwards
Credle	G.	Sullivan (6)
Cain (2)	C.	Seigle (6)

Referee, Check. Time, halves 20 minutes.

GENERAL WOOD HEADS BOXING

Board of Boxing Control Includes Generals, Admirals, Senators and College Presidents.

New York, March 5.—The army, navy and civilian board of boxing control, in a statement made public today announcing that Major General Leonard Wood had accepted the presidency of the board, made known its aims and purposes. The board was organized with the aim that eventually it would become the national boxing association in this country, controlling both amateur and professional branches of the sport. General Wood fills the place that was to have been filled by the late Theodore Roosevelt.

In addition to the active leadership of General Wood, the new organization will have as patrons and advisers many men prominent in army, navy and political life, including Admiral Henry T. Mayo, fourteen major generals of the army, fourteen rear admirals, Governors Boyle, of Nevada, and Harding, of Iowa, five United States senators and five college presidents.

The prospectus of the board states that it desires to develop boxing in this country to a higher level and prepare the way for entry into the sport of men returning from service abroad. It seeks to have a law permitting boxing passed in every state and to develop champions in states, among colleges, in various industries and among nations. Control of the amateur as well as the professional sport will be sought in order to make boxing safe from promoters.

The organization will be governed by a board of governors, advisory council and standing committees.

10TH BATTALION BEATS CAMP BASE HOSPITAL

The Tenth Training battalion Wednesday swamped the Camp Gordon base hospital nine in a fast game of baseball which at first promised to be a real battle, but developed into a veritable runaway after the third inning. The score was 11 to 4.

The features of the game were the fielding of Collins, at second base, who handled numerous chances on a rough field with only one error, and the batting of Mann, who delivered two singles and a double in four trips to the plate. For the losers Sanford pitched a steady game and the work of O'Keefe at first base was a feature.

This was the sixth game the Tenth had played this year, they having won five and tied one.

The Box Score.

TENTH.	AB.	R.	H.	E.
Collins, 2b	4	0	2	1
Fucello, cf.	4	0	1	0
Joyce, rf.	4	2	1	0
Roberts, 1b-p.	3	3	2	1
Corbett, lf.	4	2	2	0
Hollingsworth, 3b	4	1	3	0
Mann, ss.	4	1	3	0
Dehaney, c.	3	1	1	0
Brindley, p.-1b	3	0	0	0
Totals	28	11	13	2
BASE HOSPITAL.	AB.	R.	H.	E.
Sanford, p.	2	1	0	0
Curtis, c.	4	1	1	0
Cranford, lf.	4	2	1	0
O'Keefe, 1b	4	0	1	0
Stokes, 3b	3	0	1	0
Bauchto, ss.	3	0	0	1
McAlister, cf.	3	0	0	0
O'Brien, rf.	3	0	0	0
Cardiff, lf.	3	0	1	0
Totals	27	4	5	2

Umpire—Captain Weathersby.

LABOR CANDIDATES BEATEN IN SEATTLE

Seattle, Wash., March 5.—"Seattle's citizens by their ballots yesterday repudiated attempts to establish soviet authority in Seattle just as much as they repudiated such attempts by police authority a few weeks ago," Mayor Ole Hanson declared in a statement today, expressing his gratification at the re-election of three city councilmen over candidates endorsed by certain labor leaders.

He continued:

"This election is evidence to me that every true American citizen will repudiate preaching of class hatred if given the opportunity. Seattle remains loyal to our government."

FORMER DETROIT CLUB PRESIDENT PASSES

Augusta, Ga., March 4.—William H. Yawkey, of New York, multimillionaire mine owner and former president of the Detroit American baseball club, of which organization he owned about half interest, died at a local hotel today after an illness which had confined him to his bed for several days.

Mr. Yawkey was known from coast to coast because of his prominence in the baseball world, and for his financial interests. He was the owner of valuable iron ore deposits in Minnesota. The remains will be shipped to New York today. Mr. Yawkey was a former resident of Detroit.

HAL CHASE TO PLAY FIRST WITH GIANTS

New York, March 5.—The New York National baseball club announced today that Hal Chase had signed a contract to play with the Giants at first base this season. His case against the Cincinnati club has been settled out of court, it was announced.

MIKE GIBBONS BEATS SOLDIER BARTFIELD

St. Paul, Minn., March 5.—Mike Gibbons, of St. Paul, middleweight, beat Soldier Bartfield, of Brooklyn, nine rounds out of ten here last night.

ARMSTRONG AND STYLES WILL PLAY OFF TIE

Pinehurst, N. C., March 5.—(Special.)— Wight L. Armstrong, of Oakmont, and Edward Styles, of the Washington Golf club, who tied in the medal for the spring tournament at Pinehurst yesterday, will play 36 holes to decide the tie on Friday and Saturday. Both won their first round matches easily today and will doubtless come through to oppose each other in the final.

Armstrong defeated W. H. Fuller, of Worchester, today by 5 and 4 and Styles disposed of Joe Bydolek, of Buffalo, by 4 and 3.

CADETS WILL NOT PLAY HOWARD IN FOOTBALL

Cambridge, Mass., March 5.—Refusal of the war department to sanction a football game between Harvard and West Point heer on October 25 was announced today by Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of Harvard athletics. Terms had been agreed upon by the two managements, but were not approved when West Point sent its papers to Washington.

TODAY IN PUGILISM

1902—Patsy Sweeney knocked out Eugene Reardon in three rounds at New Britain, Conn.

1902—Buddy Ryan and Jack McClelland fought a six-round draw at Chicago.

Will Texas League Pennant Winner Be Victim or Victor?

Sport Writers Everywhere Disagree on Subject — Billy Smith Says Watch Texans in Dixie Title Series.

Will the Texas league be as fast and strong in 1919 as the Southern league?

Will the strongest team of the Lone Star circuit prove a worthy adversary or a victor over the pennant winner of the Southern association when the two teams meet to decide the Dixie championship after the 1919 season?

Or will the old Class A men easily mop up their opponents, who have only recently risen from the Class B stage?

These are questions that sport scribes throughout the south and farther west are devoting considerable attention and space to just at present, and they are problems worthy of sane consideration.

There is a wide variance in the opinions of sport writers on this subject. M. F. Scully, of the Shreveport Times, quotes Billy Smith, old Cracker pilot, as saying that the Texas league is going to give the Southern a jar in the title series.

Sport Writer Scully's article is along lines that will be of general interest in Atlanta and in Georgia in that it gives the outlook of the Texas leaguers. His article is as follows:

The Texas Viewpoint.

With the inter-league, post season series between the pennant winning teams of the Texas and Southern leagues practically assured, at last has come the chance for a final —yearly at least—decision of the dope battles which have been waged between the supporters of the two circuits as to the comparative class of the leagues.

The rise of the Texas league into Class A will do more than simply speed up the game in the Lone Star circuit. It is going to mean a white-heat race in both of the leagues with the fans worked to the highest pitch of interest and partisanship awaiting the outcome of the individual league campaigns and the decision at the grand windup.

The Texas league has for several years past been recognized as the top-notcher among the Class B organizations. It's speed has been out of proportion with its classification —and this same speed has been a thorn in the side of the ardent supporters of the Southerners. In one or two other instances the flag winners in the Morris combine have issued challenges to the champions of the Southern circuit which challenges have been calmly ignored.

To stoop to do battle with a Class B team for the Dixie championship would be below the dignity of the representatives of the Martin league —to say nothing of what some of the rude critics might say should the Texans administer a defeat to their Class A brothers.

Takes Different Aspect.

But with the leagues on an equal footing things are different. Walter Morris, Texas league head, has given the move his unqualified support and John D. Martin, president of the Southern, has graciously announced himself in favor of the proposition. The battle is on—a battle which will last from the training season until the last man is out in the championship series.

The agreement as to the series has brought the sport scribes of both circuits out with vast quantities of conjecture and arguments pro and con as to relative merits. Writers in the Southern cities can see nothing but a complete victory for the Martin representatives, while the Texas critics not only believe that the champions of this circle will settle the question in their own favor this fall, but that they could have done the same in any one of several years past.

All are in favor of the series, however. Not a dissenting voice has been heard from any quarter. Certainly not from the magnates or players who see visions of fat purses hanging at the end of a strenuous season with the plans for the "baby world series" under way.

Billy Smith Talks.

Billy Smith, Casser pilot, having attached three Southern league pennants to his string while leading the Atlanta Crackers in that company, to say nothing of having bossed the Buffalo team in the International, should be qualified to speak, so we approached him on this subject.

"The Texas league," said Billy, "has shown speed far above that of a Class B league for the past few years. It has approached nearer the class of an A league every year. Last year it arrived and received its just dues in A classification. In the present season I look for the league as a whole to show a spurt of class above that of the Southern for the same reason that a new store always sells more goods.

"I have seen a world of youngsters come up from the Texas into the Southern league and with few exceptions they have not only made good, but used the Southern as a stepping stone to higher classification."

Memphis Scribe Tells Why.

One Southern league scribe, Joe Williams, in The Memphis Commercial Appeal, seems to see the logical reason why the Texas circuit should outclass the Martin league in the coming season. He gives it as follows:

"A Texas league manager can play as many major league discards, or Class AA castoffs as he desires, whereas the Southern league manager, under recently created regulations, is compelled to limit the personnel of his club to seven players of Class A or higher experience. Unless the system of determining the relative strength of leagues has been all wrong in the past the Texas league is going to be a stronger organization in 1919 than the Southern, and by the same process of reasoning the winning team of the Southern is going to be just that much weaker than the victorious outfit in the Texas."

Which may or may not mean anything in our young lives.

STRANGLER LEWIS THROWS FREEBERG

Springfield, Mo., March 5.—Ed (Strangler) Lewis threw John Freeberg with a head-lock in 1 hour, 33 minutes and 30 seconds in a wrestling bout here tonight. Freeberg was knocked unconscious and declined to continue the match.

CATCHER ELLIOTT GOES TO OAKLAND

Oakland, Cal., March 5.—Harold ("Rowdy") Elliott, catcher for the Chicago National team, has been purchased by Oakland, it was announced today.

Ehmke Goes to Detroit.

Los Angeles, March 5.—Howard Ehmke, pitcher for the Detroit American League club, was discharged today from the navy at San Pedro, near here and immediately signed a contract to play the 1919 season with Detroit.

Chicago Lost the Honors.

Chicago, March 5.—Chicago lost the honors in the western conference basketball race to Minnesota by losing to Northwestern, 12 to 15, tonight. It was the first defeat for Chicago. Minnesota had a perfect percentage, with ten victories and no defeats.

England is preparing for a celebration next year of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Florence Nightingale, "the angel of mercy."

14 GIRLS WILL FACE ACCUSED INSTRUCTOR

After conducting a vigorous probe of the charges against W. C. Adamson, an instructor at Georgia Tech, who is now being held at the police barracks without bond, city detectives announced Wednesday that the teacher will have to face serious charges made by fourteen little girls, when he will be given a preliminary trial before the recorder Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The children, whose ages are from 9 to 14 years, live on Harris, Hayden, Luckie and Lovejoy streets. Adamson's arrest occurred Tuesday following charges made against him by J. R. Sullivan, of 82 Harris street, and Rowland Brown, of 23 Hayden street, who told the officers they had talked with the litttle girls.

At first the police believed that there were only about five or six little girls implicated in the case, but later they announced that Adamson would have to face charges made by as many as fourteen little girls, four of which are said to be of a serious nature.

The police alleged that Adamson enticed the little girls into his home, while they were on their way from school, by giving them candy and money. Adamson is a married man, but has no children. It is understood that his wife works and is not at home in the afternoon, according to the police.

It is alleged that when the little girls went to his home he would tell them if they told anybody about the occurrence they would get into serious trouble.

Adamson said at the police station that he did not have any children, and for this reason he was very fond of them. He made a complete denial of all the charges.

Jealousy the Cause Of Christy Killing, State Will Assert

Information coming from the solicitor's office leads to the conclusion that jealousy will be the motive ascribed by the state in the prosecution of William H. Albright for the murder of Carlisle H. Christy, when that case comes up for trial next Wednesday.

The defense which will be conducted by Attorneys Reuben Arnold, John S. McClelland and Ralph McCleland, has indicated that the plea of self-defense will be made. They state that they can substantiate the argument that Albright was in fear of losing his life when he shot at Christy.

There is no case which has been heard in Atlanta for a long time, barring the Abbott case, which has aroused greater interest. There is the prospect of a long drawn-out trial with many witnesses introduced by both sides.

RUSS IS CONVICTED OF EMBEZZLEMENT

The trial before Judge Humphries of George A. Russ, former assistant general manager of the Texas Oil company, for the embezzlement from the firm of $975 ended in his conviction Wednesday after which he was sentenced to serve twelve months in the penitentiary and pay a fine of $500.

The jury returned the verdict of guilty with the recommendation that the offense be considered a misdemeanor. Judge Humphries in passing sentence, said that if restitution of the funds was made in addition to paying the fine by Russ he would consider an application to modify the sentence.

There was a dramatic moment during the course of the trial when the young wife of the prisoner became hysterical and screamed so loudly that she had to be led from the trial, proceedings being halted meanwhile. She was accompanied to an ante-room by a friend who had escorted her to court.

GA. MANUFACTURERS WILL MEET APRIL 16

The fourth annual meeting of Georgia manufacturers and convention of the Georgia Manufacturers' association will be held in Columbus, Ga., on April 16 and 17, according to announcement today by Edward A. Kimball, secretary of the association.

The program committee appointed by Thomas K. Glenn, president of the association, has nearly completed its arrangements for one of the best meetings in the history of the association.

Mr. Kimball will spend Friday of this week in Columbus arranging details, and will announce the program and social features to be given on his return to Atlanta.

Two Negroes Sentenced.

Two burglary cases were among the many brought up before Judge Andy Calhoun on Wednesday. John Broughton, a negro, was ordered to pay $75 or serve 10 months when he was arraigned on a charge of stealing six pounds of shaving soap from the Atlanta Barber Supply company, to which he plead guilty. Another negro, Will Hampton, who was caught in an attempt to steal 100 pounds of coal from the yards of the Southern railway, was sentenced to pay $50 or serve 8 months. As he had a pistol in his possession at the time he was apprehended he was convicted on this charge also and given an extra fine of $50 or another 8 months.

Pickpockets Are Busy.

D. P. Bozeman, of East Point, has reported to the police that his pocket was picked as he was boarding a trolley car, and his wallet containing $14 was stolen. He said that he was "rushed" by two men just as he was preparing to board the car, and when he felt for his money it was gone.

FILMS DEVELOPED
SOUTHERN PHOTO MATERIAL CO.
SEVENTY-TWO NORTH BROAD

FARMERS, STOCKMEN, OIL MEN, ATTENTION!

DO NOT MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

Auction Sale
OF
Government Mules and Horses

An additional 1002 horses and mules will be sold at Auction to the highest bidder at 8:30 a. m., March 14th and 15th, 1919, at Camp Travis Remount Depot, Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas.

520 CAVALRY HORSES.
196 ARTILLERY HORSES (Draft) 1200 to 1500 lbs.
250 DRAFT MULES.
36 PACK MULES.

These animals are serviceable in every respect and are free from disease.

The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Cash or certified checks necessary at time of sale.

Stock will be allowed to remain at depot 24 hours after sale.

A halter and shank will be furnished with each animal, free of charge.

Arrangements can be made for shipping the animals from the depot.

Transportation for bidders will be furnished from Travis Park, southwest corner, and from the end of Alamo Heights car line to sale.

Lunch can be obtained on the grounds.

For additional information, address

COMMANDING OFFICER,
Auxiliary Remount Depot
No. 329,
CAMP TRAVIS, TEXAS.

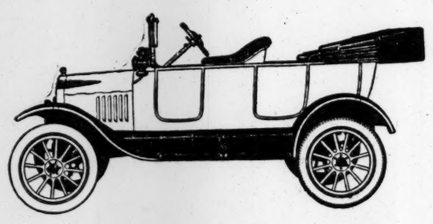
FOR SALE

Following is a list of the
Machinery and Equipment
of the Base Hospital Exchange Printing Office:

MACHINERY.
1—12x18-inch New Series Chandler & Price Platen Press.
1—½-horsepower Kimble Friction 60-cycle 220 A. C. Motor.
1—30-inch Chandler & Price Paper Lever Cutter.
1—Boston Staple Binder, ¼x¾ No. A-7079.
3 Sets 12x18-inch C. & P. Rollers.
1 Set 12x18-inch C. & P. Rollers, Morgan Expansion Trucks.
3 Pairs Roller Bearers, Steel.
1—No. 1 American Lead and Rule Cutter.
WOODEN EQUIPMENT.
1—Double City Type Stand No. 2.
1—Labor Saving Wood Regiet & Case, No. 4.
1—Labor Saving Wood Furniture & Case, No. 10.
1—Dearing Accent Case.
22 California Job Cases.
2 Lead and Slug Adjustable Cases, No. 2.
1 Harris Rule Case No. 1.
2 News Lower Cases.
1 Wells 2-Font Cap Case.
14½ pounds 72-point Adv. Figures.
2 lbs. 8-point Harris Roman Figures.
6½ lbs. 8-point Harris Extra Roman Caps.
TYPE FACES.
20½ lbs. 10-point Caslon Light Face.
3¼ lbs. 10-point Caslon Light Face Extra Caps.
5¼ lbs. Spaces and Quads.
65 lbs. Harris Roman.
3 fonts 10-point Harris Roman Caps.
2 fonts 10-point Harris Roman Lower Case.
2 fonts 12-point Harris Roman Lower Case.
2 fonts 12-point Harris Roman Caps.
1 font 14-point Harris Roman Lower Case.
2 fonts 18-point Harris Roman Lower Case.
2 fonts 18-point Harris Roman Caps.
2 fonts 24-point Harris Roman Caps.
2 fonts 24-point Harris Roman Lower Case.
1 font 30-point Harris Roman Caps.
2 fonts 10-point Caslon Light Face Italic Caps.
2 fonts 10-point Caslon Light Face Italic Lower Case.
3 fonts 6-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
4 fonts 6-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
6 fonts 8-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
5 fonts 8-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
5 fonts 10-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
5 fonts 10-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
2 fonts 12-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
2 fonts 12-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
2 fonts 14-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
2 fonts 14-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
2 fonts 18-point Cheltenham Bold Caps.
1 font 18-point Cheltenham Bold Lower.
3 fonts 6-point Cheltenham Wide Lower.
3 fonts 6-point Cheltenham Wide Caps.
5 fonts 8-point Cheltenham Wide Caps.
5 fonts 8-point Cheltenham Wide Lower.
5 fonts 10-point Cheltenham Wide Lower.
5 fonts 10-point Cheltenham Wide Caps.
1 font 14-point Cheltenham Wide Caps.
2 fonts 14-point Cheltenham Wide Lower.
1 font 18-point Cheltenham Wide Lower.
1 font 18-point Cheltenham Wide Caps.
21¼ lbs. 12-point New Model Remington Typewriter.
5½ lbs. 12-point New Model Remington Justifiers.
1 font 6-8-10-point Cheltenham Italic.
QUADS AND SPACES.
5¼ lbs. 6-point Quads and Spaces.
10¼ lbs. 8-point Quads and Spaces.
5¼ lbs. 10-point Quads and Spaces.
5¼ lbs. 12-point Quads and Spaces.
5¼ lbs. 14-point Quads and Spaces.
5¼ lbs. 18-point Quads and Spaces.
6 lbs. 8-point Quads and Spaces.
1 font 6-point Cheltenham Bold Accent, French.
1 font 8-point Cheltenham Bold Accent, French.
1 font 10-point Cheltenham Bold Accent, French.
1 font 10-point Caslon Lightface Accent, French.
1 font Panel Rule No. 2082, 2-point 1 to 50 ems.
2 fonts 8-point Harris Italic Caps and Lower.
2 fonts 14-point Harris Roman Caps.
3 lbs. 8-point Harris Roman Figures.
STRIP LEAD.
40 lbs. 2-point Strip Lead.
20 lbs. 1-point Strip Lead.
20 lbs. 6-point Strip Lead.
BRASS RULE.
74 ft. 1-point Brass Rule, No. 602.
40 ft. 1-point Brass Rule, Hairline Center Face, No. 501.
60 ft. 2-point Brass Rule No. 604.
10 ft. 4-point Brass Rule Parallel Hairline No. 622.
10 ft. 8-point Brass Rule No. 611.
26 ft. 1-point Brass Rule, Keystone No. 602.
30 ft. 1-point Brass Rule, Keystone No. 764.
MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT.
36 lbs. Ink, Assorted Colors.
10 reams Paper Stock, Assorted.
1 24x36-inch Stone.
Assortment of Borders, Ornaments, etc.
2 A Brass Galleys, 9x14.
1 A Brass Galley, 12x18.
1 6x2½ Improved Stick, Comp.
2 12x2½ Improved Stick, Comp.
1 Paragon Tabulator Press.
1 10-inch Bunch Perforator.
2 Steel Chases, 12x18.
Cost of above outfit, $2,000, practically new.

BASE HOSPITAL EXCHANGE,
Camp Wheeler, Ga.
W. B. SUMMERALL, Maj. M. C., U. S. A.
Exchange Officer.

PLACE YOUR
Ford
CAR AND TRUCK
ORDERS NOW!



With One of These Atlanta Authorized Dealers:

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO., 169 Marietta Street
A. L. BELLE ISLE, Buckhead
DAVID T. BUSSEY, 188 Peachtree Street
JAMES H. PRICHARD MOTOR CO., East Point
C. C. BAGGS AUTO CO., 95 South Pryor Street
E. F. TUGGLE, Decatur

CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For Coughs and Colds, Croup and Sore Throat.

Keep it on hand for sudden attacks, as Coughs and Colds are dangerous.

Sore throat is frequently the first symptom of diphtheria and scarlet fever, while a slight irritation of the throat may end in tonsilitis or even diphtheria the next day. Grippe and Influenza often end in pneumonia or consumption, and they begin usually with a fever and sore throat. For this reason prompt attention to the first symptom is the best safeguard, and for this purpose it is desirable to use Cheney's Expectorant, which is recommended by physicians for throat, bronchial and catarrhal troubles. Cheney's Expectorant assists nature in removing the mucous and restoring the sore throat to its natural healthy condition. Cheney's Expectorant has been used for years to arrest and relieve all forms of colds, coughs, sore throat, bronchitis, croup and whooping cough. Cheney's Expectorant has been a household remedy for over thirty years. It is not meant to displace the family physician, but is an efficient household remedy for all forms of throat troubles, colds, etc. It should be kept constantly on hand for any sudden attacks. It quickly soothes the lining of the throat and gives prompt relief. Try it yourself. Any druggist can supply you.—(adv.)

THE CONSTITUTION'S NEWS FROM

Gordon and the other Camps

Edited by Loyd A. Wilhoit

MORE GEORGIANS RETURN TO STATES

New York, March 5.—(Special.)—Transports docking here have brought the following Georgians:

Private Joseph B. Chambless, company C, 307th Field Signal battalion, Graves Station; Private Ray Burgus, company B, 15th infantry, Amsterdam; Private George T. Hudson, 310th Supply company, East Point; Corporal Henry Moore, 31st M. T. C., Texas; Corporal Howard S. Fling, company I, 167th infantry, Cabbageville; Private George W. Wright, 306th R. R. Supply detachment, Augusta; Private James Jackson, company B, 514th engineers, Kennesaw; Private William Wiggins, company H, 370th infantry, Waynesborough; Private John Ballard, company C, 151st Machine Gun battalion, Columbus.

Corporal V. O. Daniels, medical detachment, Abbeyville; Private Howard Odom, Woodbury; Private Brady Collier, Augusta; Private Aaron Jones, company B, 527th engineers, Tifton; Private Sylvester Shields, company G, 372d infantry, Kingston; Private Clarence Greer, Forsyth; Private Bert Brooks, 78th Machine Gun battalion, Tennville; Private Henry Vesley, company I, 370th infantry, Madison; Private O. A. Smith, battery F, 350th field artillery, Gray; Private John R. Flynn, company C, 15th Machine Gun battalion, La Grange; Private Claude E. Jenkins, company C, 165th infantry, Flowery Branch; Private William Walsh, company C, 15th engineers, Savannah; Private John Williams, company B, 9th infantry, Acworth.

Georgia officers and men disembarking here Saturday from the transports America and Niagara were:

Lieutenant Robert G. Williams, company C, 367th infantry, Macon; Lieutenant William H. Hathaway, medical corps, La Grange; Lieutenant O. B. Hooper, infantry, Columbus; Sergeant Henry A. Frye, battery E, 67th Coast Artillery corps, Monroe; Private B. B. Bailey, 349th Machine Gun company, Newman; Private Joe Style, Marietta; Private Miles Dundy, field artillery, Macon.

Build Up the System After Dangerous Grippe

Prompt Assistance Needed to Regain Your Lost Strength.

If you have been fortunate enough to survive an attack of this dangerous disease, which has been so severe in all parts of the country, you know the damaging effects which it leaves. Your pain-racked body has been through one of the most trying ordeals of your life, and even if you have won over the millions of disease germs that threatened your life, the effects of the attack are still with you.

Your strength is about all gone, and your vitality is at a low ebb. Experience has proven that no disease leaves the system in a more run-down debilitated and depleted condition. There is a soreness throughout the body, a reminder of the torturing pains that you suffered; the nerves are all unstrung, and your sense of weakness almost borders upon complete helplessness.

The system is "all shot to pieces," resembling very much a war-stricken land that has been devastated by a ruthless enemy. As soon as you are able to be up and about, you realize the important repair that the system needs to restore your former robust vigor.

Nature is the great healer, and when all hindering obstacles are removed, nature does her work well. But the process is slow, and assistance is needed, if you wish to lose no time in being fully restored. The rebuilding of wasted tissue and restoration of lost strength must come through the blood, which is the source of all life, and it is through this vital channel that the repair work must be done.

The one remedy that has proven of such invaluable assistance in rebuilding the broken down system after influenza, or lagrippe, is the well known blood purifier and system tonic, S. S. S. This standard preparation is recognized as the most reliable and satisfactory blood tonic ever discovered, and its use throughout the length and breadth of the land for more than fifty years, is the strongest evidence of its merit. S. S. S. is sold by drug stores in every state in the union.

Those who are endeavoring to overcome the ill-effects of grippe will find S. S. S. of great aid in restoring the system to its former strength and vitality. This tonic builds up and enriches the blood supply, through which every part of the body is toned up and strengthened, and a few bottles will prove a great aid in bringing back your old-time health.

S. S. S. is a purely vegetable preparation, being made from the medicinal roots and herbs of the forests, and there is not a particle of mineral in a thousand bottles. It is nature's own remedy. You can always obtain S. S. S. from any drug store.

Get a bottle to-day, and give all possible help to your broken down system, so that your health and strength may be promptly restored. And if you wish any special advice, you can obtain same without cost by writing all about your case to Chief Medical Adviser, 104 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga. —(adv.)

AUCTION SALE

Government Horses and Mules

There will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, by the United States Government at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., on Wednesday, March 12th, beginning at 9 a. m., two thousand head good mules and horses. These animals were purchased by the Government to be shipped overseas, but are now in excess of peace requirements and must be sold.

There will be offered for sale on March 12th, 1919, one thousand mules and one thousand horses. Ages of horses and mules are good.

Both horses and mules will be presented singly, in pairs, or in lots of any number to suit buyers. Buyers will be given opportunity of selecting and classifying stock and having same presented in auction ring according to their selections.

Arrangements have been made with railroad agent to have cars placed at camp loading pens before day of sale, so there will be no delay to buyers who wish to ship by rail. Stock will be loaded by remount men under direction of buyers only. Leather halter will be given with each animal sold.

Lunch can be obtained on grounds.

This is an unusual opportunity of obtaining horses and mules at your own price.

Remember the date—Wednesday, March 12th, 1919, and the place—Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.

For further information, communicate with

R. W. LINDENSTRUTH
Captain Q. M. C.

Quartermaster, Auxiliary Remount Depot 309
CAMP McCLELLAN, ALA.

Boxing Carnival at Camp Meets With Great Success

"Y" Auditorium Packed With Soldiers Wednesday Night to See Cream of Gordon's Talent Perform.

By Sergeant Jack Rielley.

Captain Paul G. Macurda, athletic officer at Camp Gordon, outdid himself last night by staging the best boxing exhibition ever held at Camp Gordon. Walter Hanson, director of athletics of the Y. M. C. A. for Camp Gordon, transformed the main "Y" building into a real boxing arena and a "knock-down" stage took the place of the entertainment platform.

The first bout was scheduled for 7:30 o'clock but long before the time for the opening mill, more than 500 soldiers representing every unit at the camp, were packed into the front seats. At 7:30, General Cameron and a number of staff officers entered the building and occupied ringside seats. So successful was the event last night that Captain Macurda has decided to hold a series of boxing and wrestling tournaments for the various organizations and then match the pick of the camp with the best material available from nearby camps.

The first bout was between James Tomasello, of the quartermaster corps, and H. M. Hawley, of headquarters company. This was a three-round, two-minute each affair. Tomasello was declared the winner.

O'Brien Shows Promise.

Buck O'Brien, a find from the hospital company, licked the stuffing out of John Shields, the pride of the M. P.'s. O'Brien, who has had very little ring experience, packs a punch and is as clever as they make 'em.

A draw was clearly defined by Thomas Stokes, of the hospital company, and Thomas McGeoy, of headquarters company. These soldiers fought all over the ring and both showed themselves to be as game as can be found. Lieutenant G. A. Peterson, the referee, decided that they were about evenly matched.

Another well-matched pair were S. C. Dehaven, of demobilization headquarters, and James Delgrosso, of headquarters company. So good was their bout that Captain Macurda will engage them in fistic prowess matches.

Oscar Soekle, of the provost guard company, had the better of a decision over Thomas Krammer, of the 45th infantry. Both were fast and put up a very good exhibition.

Laughable Bout.

Outside of the prowess and speed of the other fighters, the amusing incident of the evening was the concluding number in which Peter Simons, "Buck" Robinson and Willard Knowles, three colored battlers from the 406th depot brigade, won in a battle royal from their colored opponents from the Second Development battalion. The losing team was composed of Sterling Johnson, Ira Stanley and Lester Frost. These six men fought three rounds of two minutes each.

Secretary Weaver of the Y. M. C. A. forces at Camp Gordon, and Finney and Bryan, from the 45th infantry, entertained with tricks in juggling and athletic stunts. F. B. Magee was indeed clever in his swinging of five clubs. "Kid" Williams, the eccentric colored dancer, won additional honors by his dancing prantics.

Too much credit cannot be given Captain Macurda for his untiring efforts in arranging this show. Although the popular athletic officer has been out of the hospital but a short time, he again took up the athletic reins of the camp and entertained the boys in fine fashion last night. Mr. Hanson, who is always doing things to help while away the time of the soldiers at the camp, ably assisted Captain Macurda.

Sergeant King, the famous colored band leader, and his force of jazz producers were on hand.

CAPTAIN HERMANN RETURNS TO HOME WITH WAR CROSS

Captain Ferdinand Herrman, son of Dr. Jefferson D. Herrman, of Eastmah, who was formerly a well known interne at Grady hospital, is back at home after a lengthy period of service "overseas" as surgeon of the Second engineers of the Second division, bringing back with him the Croix de Guerre, a palm and a citation for conspicuous bravery.

Captain Herrman was one of the first internes at Grady to volunteer for service and he is one of the last to return. The division with which he served suffered one-tenth of the casualties reported by the A. E. F. and captured one-fourth of the prisoners taken, Captain Herrman states.

The Eastman officer was decorated for bravery on the occasion of his dressing station being blown up by a German shell on the night of October 9-10. Captain Herrman extricated himself from the mass of dirt that covered the station, dug another officer out and remained on duty until all were out of danger. He was also cited for continuing at work at his post under heavy fire in an advanced dressing station at Soissons on July 19.

The Croix de Guerre was conferred upon the captain at Engers, Germany, by Major General John A. Lejoune, U. S. marines. Captain Herrman is now on his way to his home in Eastman.

Refrigeration Rates Will Not Be Changed Until Hearing Is Had

B. J. Christman, manager of the Georgia Frui exchange, has just returned from Washington, where he went to attend a hearing last week before the United States railroad administration on the subject of increased rates of refrigeration and revised rules in connection therewith.

"There was a very complete hearing given the shippers concerning the rules and regulations," said Mr. Christman, "and it is quite safe to predict that the rules will be greatly modified and in a way which will be quite satisfactory and fair to the shippers. The question of rates was not gone into except in a very general way. The administration, however, announced positively that no refrigeration rates would be advanced until the shippers had been given a further hearing, either before the administration or before the interstate commerce commission.

"It is also true that under general order No. 58 increased rates will, before becoming operative, be submitted to state railroad commissions. Hearings of this character will require so much time that it is quite improbable that they will be completed in time to make such rates effective before the close of this year's shipping season.

"The owners of the Fruit Growers' Express refrigerator car line no doubt will serve notice of refusal to operate longer in the southeast unless increased rates are immediately granted. It is hard to forecast what answer this will bring from the railroad administration, but it is pretty well understood that the administration will be in a position to furnish refrigerator cars and service to protect all shipments offering and that the transition to service furnished by the railroads versus by private car lines will be marked by little confusion or loss, the same as wa sthe case when the Fruit Growers' Express service was withdrawn from California and the railroad-owned cars known as the Pacific Fruit Express, were substituted."

Corporal Ziegler Back.

Corporal Emanuel Ziegler, one of the oldest members of the Atlanta provost guard detachment, Wednesday was back at his desk at police barracks after a two weeks' furlough at his home in New York city. This is the first time that Corporal Ziegler has been home in about seventeen months. He was one of the first arrivals at Camp Gordon.

On Nation's Honor Roll

Only 443 names are included in Wednesday afternoon's and Thursday morning's casualty lists. Of this number 77 deaths are listed, while only 2 are reported as missing, and 264 are carried in the wounded columns. The grand total of all casualties corrected to date are 271,900.

The names of the following Georgia men appear in the lists: Died of disease, Wagoner James B. Byles, Valdosta; Privates Willie Arnold, 544 West Hunnicutt street, Savannah; Charles L. Hammett, Cairo. Died of accident and other causes, Private Arthur Thompson, Harrison. Wounded in action, Privates Kenneth Scarborough, Marietta; Calhoun C. Cook, 307 West Liberty street, Savannah.

Army Casualties to Date—	Reported Yesterday.	Previously Reported.	Total.
Killed in action	14	31,326	31,340
Lost at sea	0	381	381
Died of wounds	0	13,212	13,212
Died of accident or other causes	12	3,048	3,060
Died of disease	51	20,275	20,326
Total deaths	77	68,242	68,319
Wounded	264	191,110	191,474
Missing, including prisoners	2	6,341	6,343
Grand total	443	265,693	266,136

Marine Corps Casualties to Date—	Reported Yesterday.	Previously Reported.	Total.
Deaths	0	2,252	2,252
Wounded	0	3,126	3,126
Prisoners	0	386	386
Total marine casualties	0	5,764	5,764
Total army casualties			266,136
Grand total army and marine casualties to date			271,900

Southern Casualties in Thursday Morning's List

Washington, March 6.—The following southern casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

DIED OF DISEASE.
Sergeants.
LAWHON, Francis Parker, Clinton, N. C.
SUDDRETH, Thomas Lee, Lenoir, N. C.
THOMAS, John Mitchell, Spartanburg, S. C.
Corporals.
SMITH, Sam B., Murfreesboro, Tenn.
THOMPSON, Obbie, Waynesboro, Miss.
Wagoner.
BYLES, James B., Valdosta, Ga.
Cook.
ALEXANDER, Jesse H., Myrtle, Miss.
Privates.
AMYX, Riley S., Rogersville, Tenn.
ARNOLD, Willie, Savannah, Ga.
BETHEA, William, Reidsville, N. C.
BOND, Armstead, Woodward, N. C.
BROWN, Joe, Clara, La.
CLEGHORNE, William R., Nashville, Tennessee.
DUNCAN, George, Auburn, Ala.
EASTER, Charlie, Radium, Va.
ECHOLS, Willie, Byhalia, Miss.
HAMMETT, Charles L., Cairo, Ga.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.
Privates.
Kenneth Scarborough, Marietta, Ga.; Harold V. Turner, Athens, Ala.

MISSING IN ACTION.
Private.
Claire M. Easley, Morristown, Tenn.

WOUNDED, DEGREE UNDETERMINED.
Captain.
Walter R. Lawson, Birmingham, Ala.
Lieutenants.
Lloyd G. Boone, Franklin, Va.; John W. Lee, Richmond, Va.
Sergeants.
William T. Mastin, Lewisport, Ky.
Corporals.
Roy S. McAliley, Clinton, Ala.; Irvin Q. Wood, Columbia, Va.
Privates.
James S. Baker, Parsons, Tenn.; James George, Bessemer, Ala.; Dock Boggs, Eolia, Ky.; John H. Carlton, Lenoir, N. C.; William Beale Carneal, New Town, Va.; Rolla A. Hines, Trinity, Ky.; Ruben H. Jackson, Lebanon, Tenn.; Arthur Jordan, Conway, S. C.; Mack McGhee, Atmore, Ala.; Chester Newsome, Phoenix City, Ala.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.
Sergeant.
Henry Murry, Lancaster, S. C.
Corporals.
Jason A. Daigle, Patterson, La.; James Ruble Storie, Little Crab, Tenn.
Privates.
William E. Sloane, Cliftonforge, Va.; Dalton Smith, Franklinton, N. C.; William Younce, Athens, Tenn.; Thomas P. Glynn, Paducah, Ky.; Charles Mchaniel, Gaylesville, Ala.; William R. Lee, Caledonia, Miss.; Lafayette McGrew, Garrison, Ky.; John Nolan, Irvine, Ky.; James E. S. Wood, Albany, Ky.

Southern Casualties in Wednesday Afternoon's List

Washington, March 5.—The following southern casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

KILLED IN ACTION.
Sergeant.
GRAY, Walter T., Long Ridge, Ky.
Private.
BROCK, Walter Stephen, Seagate, N. C.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES.
Privates.
EAGLE, Samuel Rembert, Doe Hill, Va.
LANGFORD, Thomas, Cookeville, Tenn.
THOMPSON, Arthur, Harrison, Ga.

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED).
Privates.
Calhoun C. Cook, Savannah, Ga.; Zavern V. McCartney, Bradford, Tenn.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.
Sergeant.
William S. Wilson, Charlotte, N. C.
Corporal.
Otis A. Chesson, Plymouth, N. C.
Privates.
John Clark, Roxboro, N. C.; John D. Conner, Cherry Hill, Miss.; Edward F. Gum, Pittsburg, Ky.

HOSPITAL MEN'S CLUB GIVES FIRST SMOKER

The first of a series of smokers was held by the members of the non-commissioned officers' club of the base hospital at its club rooms at Camp Gordon on Tuesday evening. Nearly all of the members were present and enjoyed the program which was arranged by the committee in charge.

Plenty of cigars and cigarettes were in evidence, and refreshments consisting of sandwiches, punch and ice cream, were served. Everyone was called on for a speech of some nature, and among those who spoke were the two guests of the evening, Hospital Sergeant John T. Stratton and H. H. McLees, of the Y. M. C. A.

The entertainment consisted of violin selections by Sergeant First-class Harry C. Culshaw and Sergeant First-class Henry I. Bohmerman, songs by Corporal William Hartman, Sergeant First-class Carl E. Johnson and the glee club. This is composed of Sergeant Gilbert B. Creighton, Sergeant First-class Carl E. Johnson, Sergeant Benjamin H. Houghton and Sergeant First-class Harry C. Culshaw. Recitations were also given by Corporal Herman Gerber and Corporal William Hartman. Sergeant First-class Gordon Rowe played on the mandolin and Private David J. Nelson officiated at the piano.

The new officers of the N. C. O. club of the base hospital, who have just been elected, are: President, Sergeant First-class Harry C. Culshaw; vice president, Sergeant First-class Gordon Rowe; secretary, Sergeant First-class Frank M. Coakley, and treasurer, Sergeant Ollie Anderson.

Soldier Convicted.

Anniston, Ala., March 5.—(Special.)—Convicted by court-martial of negligently shooting Private Carl M. Streiback and causing his death, Private Noel Diagenault, of the provost guard company, has been sentenced to six months' hard labor and to forfeit two-thirds of his pay for that period. Private Streiback died in the base hospital at Camp McClellan on January 27, after he had been shot in the head with a pistol in the hands of Private Diagenault. The shooting was claimed to be accidental, but Diagenault was arrested after an investigation by military authorities and his conviction followed. Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Lewis has reviewed the findings and approved the sentence.

Just the drink for thoughtful, economical folk—
Instant Postum
a delicious cereal beverage

Sentiment at Capital In Favor of Extensive Road Work, Says Winn

Sentiment, as indicated by legislation at the national capital, is strongly for extensive work on road improvements this year, stated W. Tom Winn in a telegram received Wednesday. Mr. Winn, president of the Georgia State Automobile association, who is now in Washington, added that the railroad administration has just authorized a reduction of freight rates on all paving material.

The automobile association will devote itself to a campaign of statewide information on the need of good roads legislation in the effort to bring about the passage at the next general assembly of laws which will give Georgia a permanent road system.

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GAVAN'S

Captain Coburn Recovers From Wounds Received In Action in France

Word has just been received in Atlanta that Captain W. S. Coburn, commanding what was formerly Company M, Fifth Georgia regiment, has recovered from severe wounds received in France November 9, two days before the signing of the armistice.

Before going into the army Captain Coburn was a prominent member of the Atlanta bar, and enjoyed a wide acquaintance. His scores of friends will be glad to hear of his recovery and wish him a speedy return to Atlanta.

Captain Gray Home.

Waycross, Ga., March 5.—(Special.)—Captain Walter A. Gray, a Waycross boy who has spent more than a year and a half in the service of the United States as a captain in the 106th Engineers, has been honorably discharged and has returned to Waycross. During his term of service he was stationed at Camp Wheeler, Washington, Boston and Portland. He received orders several times to go overseas, but before the time for sailing had arrived the order was revoked. Captain Gray and Lieutenant Harper, both Waycross boys, organized a local company of engineers and were among the first to get into training at Camp Wheeler after war was declared.

MANY PEOPLE SUFFERING NOW WITH COLDS

Because They Don't Know What To Do.

People often try to cure a cold with cough drops and sprays when the real way to find relief is to go to the seat of the trouble and eliminate it through the bowels.

If you are suffering with neuralgia, headache, have bad breath and feel half sick, take two Lamarine Wafers, "The Ideal Laxative," tonight, and tomorrow you will feel bright and fresh, and all without the slightest discomfort. Eat them like candy, and do not go another day feeling poorly when you can easily feel well and strong. Lamarine Wafers have a peculiar toning effect upon the bowels and are especially useful in eliminating cold. There is nothing else like them. Do not accept anything else. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Lamarine Wafers today. Remember, they are guaranteed. Price, 30c.

For free sample package address Desk 39, Lamarine Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

HERE'S WARMING, SOOTHING RELIEF FROM YOUR RHEUMATIC ACHES

For prompt relief from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or Lumbago, you can depend on Sloan's Liniment. The warming, soothing, counter-irritant effect is the quickest way to overcome the inflammation, swelling or stiffness. A few drops go right to the sore part, draw the blood from the congested place and remove the cause of the ache.

The great penetrating power of Sloan's Liniment makes rubbing needless. It is easier and cleaner to use than plasters or poultices. It does not stain the skin or clog the pores. A bottle of Sloan's Liniment is all you need for quick rest and relief from the pains of sprains, bruises, backache, stiff neck and most forms of rheumatic twinges. Generous size bottles at druggists everywhere—30c, 60c, $1.20.—(adv.)

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Liniment

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"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
FOR MEN FOR BOYS

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Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W.L.Douglas to protect his customers. The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

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Best in the World
$3.00 $3.50 $4.00

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Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated,
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SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending December 31, 1918, of the condition of the

Atlas Assurance Company, Ltd.

OF LONDON

Organized under the laws of Great Britain, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal Office—100 William Street, New York, New York.

II. ASSETS.

1. Market Value of Real Estates owned by the Company		$ 35,000.00
3. Stocks and Bonds owned absolutely by the Company Par Value $2,973,850; Market Value (carried out).		2,819,377.02
5. Cash in the Company's principal office	$ 7,634.43	
6. Cash belonging to the Company deposited in Bank	346,015.70	
7. Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission	694,933.53	
Total	$1,048,583.66	
Total Cash Items (carried out)		1,048,583.66
9. Amount of Interest actually due, and accrued and unpaid		38,400.64
11. All others Assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore		15,724.25
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value		$3,957,085.57

IV. INCOME DURING THE SECOND SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1918.

1. Amount of Cash Premiums received	$1,428,339.50
3. Received for Interest and Rents	72,754.18
4. Income received from all other sources: Profit on sale of Bonds	2,457.50
5. American Branches of Foreign Companies will please report amount of remittances from Home Office during the six months	10,745.65
6. Total Income actually received during the second six months in cash	$1,514,296.83

III. LIABILITIES.

2. Gross Losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed Losses	$337,993.49	
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and all other expenses thereon	21,360.00	
4. Total Amount of Claims for Losses	359,353.49	
5. Deduct Re-Insurance thereon	127,452.32	
6. Net Amount of Unpaid Losses (carried out)		231,901.17
11. All other claims against the Company		2,419,597.19
Expenses	$ 2,308.44	
Taxes	50,000.00	
Contingent Commissions	25,000.00	77,308.44
13. Surplus beyond all Liabilities		1,228,278.77
14. Total Liabilities		$3,957,085.57

V. EXPENDITURES DURING SECOND SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1918.

1. Amount of Losses Paid		$ 578,869.67
3. Amount of Expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to Agents and Officers of the Company		566,169.59
4. Paid for State, National and Local Taxes in this and other States		
5. All other Payments and Expenditures, viz: Repairs and taxes on real estate		2,798.56
Loss on sale of bonds		3,433.15
Agents' balances charged off		3,204.68
6. American Branches of Foreign Companies will please report amount sent to Home Offices during the second six months		13,225.63
Total Expenditures during the second six months of the year in cash		$1,167,701.28

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—

Personally appeared before the undersigned M. O. Rowland, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Chief Accountant of Atlas Assurance Company, Ltd., and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

M. O. ROWLAND.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of February, 1919.

P. M. RAYMOND (Notary Public Queens Co., No. 2476. Certificate filed in New York Co., No. 400. New York County Register's No. 10270. Commission expires March 30, 1920).

Name of State Agent—JOHN H. RAINE.

Name of Agent at Atlanta—CLIFF C. HATCHER INSURANCE AGENCY, INC.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

EXCHANGES WILL REOPEN THURSDAY

Both New York and New Orleans Markets Closed Yesterday So Trade Might Adjust Itself to Amendment of Cotton Futures Act.

New York, March 5.—The cotton exchange, which remained closed by direction of the board of managers today in order that the trade might adjust and familiarize itself with conditions created by the passing of the amendment of the cotton futures act yesterday, will reopen at the usual hour tomorrow.

Trading in the old-style contract will be limited to the liquidation of old accounts, and all business otherwise will be in the new-style contract conforming to the amended law. Deliveries of spot cotton in liquidation of old contracts will be permitted under the old rules and regulations, but seven of the lowest grades are not deliverable on the new contracts, and all cotton delivered under the new law must be classed by the government.

According to an announcement by the board of managers of the exchange there is no necessity for immediately closing out existing trades in old contracts, but it is expected the outstanding interest will be steadily reduced.

Spot cotton nominal; middling, 26.25.

New Orleans Market Closed.

New Orleans, March 5.—Directors decided to close the local cotton exchange until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock in order to give members time to make arrangements to comply with the new contract law.

THE TEN PAYMENT PLAN

Buy an Income Month by Month

Savings and Dividends Bring Independence

Saving is necessary to success in life. After you save, invest wisely. Do not speculate. Buy only stocks of prosperous corporations paying substantial dividends.

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The New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad

We have prepared a booklet giving a brief history of this important southern railroad, recently acquired from British owners by the Southern Railway System.

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IN THE STOCK MARKET

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THE GUIDE PUBLISHING CO.
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Protracted Advance in Stocks Abruptly Halted Wednesday

FEBRUARY REPORT OF FAILURES BY DUN

While varied and far-reaching changes in business have occurred during the nearly four months that have elapsed since the signing of the armistice, no reflection of the readjustment which is everywhere in progress yet appears in the insolvency statistics. Following January's remarkably favorable exhibit, commercial defaults in the shorter month of February, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co., disclose further reduction, numbering only 602 in the United States and supplying $11,480,183 of liabilities, exclusive of receiverships of three traction, light and power companies in the south, involving upwards of $20,000,000. With these bankruptcies eliminated, the February failures contrast with 673 in January for $10,736,398 and 980 reverses for $12,829,182 in February of 1918, when the showing was considered highly gratifying. Although the February indebtedness is some $750,000 above that of January, it is less than in any other month since last August and is the lightest of any February back to 1907, while the number of insolvencies is not only 71 below that of January, but is the smallest of any February on record. Comparing with the 2,278 defaults for $32,404,630 of February, 1915—the top point for the period—the numerical decrease is 1,676, or 73.6 per cent, and the contraction in amount $20,915,447, or 64.5 per cent.

The number of failures each month during recent years is presented herewith:

	Number				
	1919.	1918.	1917.	1916.	1915.
January ...	673	1,178	1,540	2,009	2,848
February ...	602	980	1,165	1,688	2,278
March	...	1,142	1,272	1,690	2,060
April	...	905	1,069	1,399	2,063
May	...	880	1,296	1,482	1,707
June	...	804	1,186	1,227	1,754
July	...	786	1,157	1,207	1,739
August	...	720	1,140	1,394	1,395
September ..	...	674	963	1,154	1,414
October ...	...	660	1,082	1,240	1,599
November .	...	570	981	1,251	1,565
December ..	...	683	1,055	1,252	1,704

Of the 602 failures for $11,480,183 in February, 161 for $5,158,253 were in manufacturing lines; 384 for $3,647,513 in trading occupations, and 57, with an indebtedness of $2,683,437, among agents, brokers and other concerns not properly included in either of the two leading divisions. The manufacturing reverses contrast with 180 for $5,125,067 in January, and with 255 for $4,232,561 in February of 1918. It thus appears that the February manufacturing liabilities slightly exceed those of January and are also $925,000 larger than in February, 1918; yet, with the latter exception, they are the lightest of any February since 1907, while the number is not only moderately less than in January, but is the smallest on record for February, aside from the 153 such defaults reported in 1899. An even more strikingly favorable exhibit is made by the trading insolvencies, which compare with 438 for $4,340,455 in January and 663 for $6,640,086 in February of 1918 and which are, in fact, less in number than in any previous February, with an indebtedness that has only once been smaller in February—namely, the $3,566,881 of 1906. The class embracing agents, brokers, etc., also makes a good showing, while the 57 such failures for $2,683,437 disclose increases in both number and amount over January, and though the liabilities are larger than in February, 1918, and 1916 of recent years, the number is the smallest for the month since 1913.

In the following table comparison is made of the number of commercial failures in the United States, covering three years, by leading classes of trade, and the liabilities reported in each class for February, this year:

	—Number—			Liabilities
Manufacturers	1919.	1918.	1917.	1919.
Iron & F'dries.....	3	3	3	$773,819
Machinery, etc.	19	13	12	1,295,326
Woolens, etc.	1	..	3	35,000
Cotton and Lace...	2	4	3	28,012
Lumber, etc.	12	26	41	170,585
Clo. and Mill'y....	23	32	30	178,730
Hats and Gloves..	3	2	3	83,500
Chem. and Drugs..	4	4	4	133,013
Paints and Oils...	2	1	1	11,500
Printing, etc.....	6	13	10	44,200
Milling and baking.	9	25	26	151,356
Leather and Shoes.	3	7	3	99,797
Liquor and Tob....	2	5	10	6,800
Glass, etc.	6	8	8	101,185
All Other	66	112	105	2,044,810
Total Manf'g 161	255	262	$5,158,233	
Traders—				
General Stores.....	62	59	114	$695,967
Gro. and Meats...	90	177	279	774,245
Hotels and Rest...	23	33	35	65,310
Liquors and Tob...	24	43	52	97,900
Clo. and Furn'g...	20	68	62	165,039
D. G. and Carpets.	20	37	40	226,236
Shoes and Rubbers.	14	17	28	281,925
Furn. and Ckry....	9	15	21	112,207
H'ware and Stvs...	9	15	10	240,000
Chem. and Drugs...	20	32	35	74,504
Paints and Oils....	4	3	10	314,000
Jwlry. and Clks...	9	27	36	73,667
Books and Pprs....	3	6	3	7,800
Hats and Gloves....	2	3	4	9,800
All Other	66	128	106	508,913
Total Trading....384	663	841	$3,647,513	
Brokers and Agts.. 57	62	62	2,683,437	
Commercial 602	980	1,165	$11,480,183	
Trac'n, L'g't&P'r 3	..	..	20,296,904	

COTTON MOVEMENT

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Atlanta spot, nominal.
Receipts, 640 bales.
Shipments, 356 bales.
Stocks, 24,395 bales.
Sales, none.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Receipts, 3,769 bales; stock, 461,395 bales.

Galveston—Receipts, 9,148 bales; exports, 18,035 bales; stock, 317,041 bales.

Mobile—Receipts, 79 bales; stock, 20,835 bales.

Savannah—Middling, 27.00; receipts, 2,786 bales; exports, 15,482 bales; stock, 217,246 bales.

Wilmington—Receipts, 285 bales; stock, 42,918 bales.

Texas City—Receipts, 307 bales; stock, 19,457 bales.

Norfolk—Receipts, 314 bales; stock, 98, 988 bales.

Baltimore—Stock, 6,779 bales.

Boston—Middling, 26.25; stock, 14,100 bales.

Philadelphia—Middling, 26.50; stock, 8,201 bales.

New York—Middling, 26.25; stock, 91,534 bales.

Minor ports—Stock, 11,576 bales.

Total today—Receipts, 16,828 bales; exports, 33,577 bales; stock, 1,364,225 bales.

Total for week—Receipts, 51,107 bales; exports, 79,040 bales.

Total for season—Receipts, 4,108,224 bales; exports, 3,110,080 bales.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Receipts, 2,111 bales; shipments, 3,052 bales; stock, 291,290 bales.

Memphis—Middling, 26.50; receipts, 2,058 bales; shipments, 1,345 bales; sales, 400 bales; stock, 377,927 bales.

Augusta—Middling, 25.50; receipts, 682 bales; shipments, 1,032 bales; sales, 427 bales; stock, 190,750 bales.

St. Louis—Receipts, 88 bales; stock, 25,570 bales.

Little Rock—Middling, 26.50; receipts, 293 bales; shipments, 56 bales; sales, 56 bales; stock, 43,338 bales.

Atlanta (semi-weekly)—Stock, 24,394 bales.

Total today—Receipts, 5,232 bales; shipments, 6,385 bales; stock, 928,895 bales.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, March 5.—Cotton spot in fair demand; prices weak; good middling 16.31; middling 15.68; low middling 14.63; good ordinary 13.11; ordinary 12.58; sales 2,000 bales, including 800 American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 9,500 American. Futures closed irregular: March 16.01; April 15.19; May 13.75; July 13.38; September 12.90.

Liberty Bonds.

New York, March 5.—Final prices today on Liberty Bonds were:

3½s	98.84
First 4s	94.10
Second 4s	93.50
First 4¼s	94.96
Second 4¼s	93.92
Third 4¼s	95.24
Fourth 4¼s	93.90

$12,000
Tax Free Short Term Bonds
State of Georgia
(School Warrants) due Feb. 1, 1920,
in pieces ranging $100 to $3,000
To Yield 4½%
Free of Federal Income and All Other Taxes
R. N. BERRIEN, JR. & CO.
309-10-11 Fourth National Bank Building. Ivy 2511.

DECIDED ADVANCE IN CORN VALUES

Aggressive Speculative Buying Boosts Market, But Most of Gains Are Later Lost on Profit-Taking.

Chicago, March 5.—Aggressive speculative buying due largely to assertions that commercial values of corn were much below the feeding worth led to a decided advance in the corn market today, but most of the gain disappeared under profit-taking. The close was unsettled, ⅛c net lower to ¾c up, with May $1.29¼ to $1.29⅜, and July $1.24¾ to $1.24⅞. Oats finished ⅜c to ½c higher, and provisions down 2c to 20c.

Many big houses became active on the buying side of corn and there was a scarcity of offerings until figures had been touched overtopping any since the middle of January. The heavy snowfall east of the Mississippi, it was said, would tend to curtail the movement from the farms and increase the average amount for this season of the year and as farm reserves were generally believed to be light, attention focused a good deal on reports of decreased corn acreage and on the large number of hogs still in the hands of growers. In the last part of the day, however, many longs yielded to the temptation to realize on their holdings and there were signs also the new advance had led to freer country selling.

Oats merely followed corn.

Packers selling more than offset in the provision market the strength of grain and hogs.

Cash Grain.

Chicago, March 5.—Corn, No. 3 yellow, $1.36@1.37; No. 4 yellow, $1.34@1.35; No. 5 yellow, $1.32@1.33.

Oats, No. 3 white, 59¼@60¼c; standard 60¾@61¾c.

Rye, No. 2, $1.49@1.49½.

Barley, 92@97c.

Timothy, $7@10.

Clover and Pork nominal.

Lard, 25.62.

Ribs, 24.00@25.00.

St. Louis, March 5.—Corn, No. 3, $1.37; May, $1.32¼.

Oats, No. 2, 61½@62c; No. 3 white, 62@63½c; May, 61½c.

Kansas City, March 5.—Corn unchanged; No. 2 mixed, $1.40; No. 2 white, $1.41@1.43; No. 2 yellow, $1.39@1.40.

Oats steady to ¼c higher; No. 2 white, 63c; No. 2 mixed, 59½@60¼c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, March 5.—United States bureau of markets: Hogs—Receipts, 21,000; market early 25@40c higher; closed dull, 10@20c lower than opening; estimated receipts tomorrow, 30,000. Bulk of sales, $18.10@18.45; butchers, $18.15@18.35; lights, $17.65@18.25; packing, $17.25@18.15; throwouts, $16.75@17.25; pigs, good to choice, $15.00@17.00.

Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; good and choice beef steers, strong to 25c higher; others and good she stock steady; canners mostly 25c lower; calves steady; feeders and bulls, 15@25c lower; estimated receipts tomorrow, 10,000. Beef cattle, good, choice and prime, $16.50@20.00; common and medium, $10.50@16.50; butcher stock, cows and heifers, $7.50@15.50; canners and cutters, $5.75@7.50; stockers and feeders, good choice and prime, $11.15@14.75; inferior, common and medium, $8.00@11.15; veal calves, good and choice, $17.25@18.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market mostly 25c higher; fat Colorados and fed western lambs, $19.75; estimated receipts tomorrow, 11,000. Lambs, choice and prime, $19.60@19.75; medium and good, $18.25@19.60; culls, $15.25@16.75; ewes, choice and prime, $13.50@14.75; medium and good, $11.00@13.50; culs, $6.00@9.00.

Kansas City, March 5.—Hogs—Receipts, 13,500; market higher. Bulk, $17.35@18.00; heavy, $17.80@18.25; packers and butchers, $17.55@18.10; lights, $17.25@17.40; pigs, $12.00@16.00.

Cattle—Receipts, 8,000; market steady. Prime fed steers, $18.00@19.00; dressed beef steers, $12.00@18.00; southern steers nominally $7.00@13.00; cows, $10.00@14.50; heifers, $8.50@14.50; stockers and feeders, $12.00@16.50; bulls, $9.50@12.50; calves, $1.00@14.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,500; market higher. Lambs, $19.00@19.50; yearlings, $16.50@17.50; wethers, $14.00@16.00; ewes, $13.00@13.50.

St. Louis, March 5.—Hogs—Receipts, 12,300; market higher. Lights, $17.85@18.25; pigs, $13.00@16.40; mixed and butchers, $18.00@18.40; good heavy, $18.30@18.50; bulk, $18.00@18.40.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,300; market steady. Native beef steers, $11.50@18.50; yearling steers and heifers, $9.50@16.00; cows, $12.00@13.50; stockers and feeders, $10.00@13.50; fair to prime southern beef steers, $10.00@12.00; best cows and heifers, $7.50@15.00; canners and cutters, $5.50@7.25; native calves, $7.75@16.50.

Jacksonville, Fla., March 5.—Hogs—Receipts, medium; prospects steady to strong; extra choice heavy, $13.75@14.00; ordinary choice heavy, $13.25@13.75; rough heavy, $12.00@13.25; lights, $11.00@12.50; pigs, $9.50@10.00.

Cattle—Receipts heavy; prospects strong; steers, $7.25@7.50; bulls, $6.50@10.00; yearlings, $6.50@7.50; cows, $6.50@10.00; heifers, $6.50@9.00; veal calves, $7.50@12.00; canners, $4.50 up.

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	74	72¾	72¾	73¼
Am. Can	47	46⅛	46⅜	46⅞
Am. Car & Fdry....	91	90	90	91
Am. Locomotive....	66¾	65	65	66⅜
American Linseed ..	47¼	45½	45½	46¾
Am. Smelt. & Ref...	67½	66⅜	66⅛	66⅝
American Sugar	119¼	117⅛	117⅛	118¾
Am. Tel. & Tel.....	105½	104⅜	104⅜	105⅞
American Tobacco...	195½	195¼	195¼	195¼
Anaconda Copper ...	60	58⅛	59¼	60
Atchison	91⅜	91	91	91⅝
Atlantic Coast Line...	....	....	95	95
Atl. Gulf & W. Ind.	105	102	102	103¼
Baldwin Locomotive.	79¾	77⅝	78	79⅞
Baltimore & Ohio....	47	46¾	46¾	47½
Bethlehem Steel "B"	66½	64¾	65⅝	64½
Canadian Pacific ...	160	159½	159⅝	160⅝
Central Leather	66⅜	65½	65⅝	64⅜
Chesa. & Ohio.....	57⅜	56½	56½	57½
Chi., Mil. & St. P..	36	35	35¼	36¼
Chi., R. I. & Pac...	24	23⅜	23⅝	24⅛
Chino Copper	33¼	32¼	32¼	33¼
Colo. Fuel & Iron...	....	....	37	38⅝
Corn Products	48½	47½	47½	48¼
Crucible Steel	62½	60⅝	60⅞	61⅜
Cuba Cane Sugar....	22½	21½	21⅝	21⅜
Erie	16⅜	16⅛	16⅛	16⅜
General Electric	155	153⅝	153⅝	153¼
General Motors	156¼	151½	151⅝	155
Gt. Northern pfd....	92⅞	92½	92⅝	93½
Gt. Northern Ore Ctfs	39¼	39	39	39¼
Gulf States Steel....	....	....	52½	55¼
Illinois Central	97	96⅜	96⅞	97⅝
Inspiration Copper...	44⅜	43⅜	43⅜	45
Int. Mer. Marine....	24½	23⅝	23⅝	24⅜
Int. Mer. Mar. pfd..	103¼	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
International Paper.	46	44	44⅜	45¼
Kennecott Copper ..	30½	29⅝	29⅝	30⅜
Louis. & Nash.....	114⅞	114⅜	114⅜	115
Maxwell Motors	34½	33¼	33½	33
Mexican Petroleum..	180⅝	175⅝	176⅛	176⅝
Miami Copper	22⅜	21⅝	22⅜	22⅝
Midvale Steel	42¼	41⅝	41⅝	42
Missouri Pacific	24¼	23½	23½	24⅞
New York Central..	73⅝	72⅞	72⅞	74⅛
Norfolk & Western..	103⅞	103¼	103¼	104⅝
Northern Pacific	91⅞	91	91¼	92¼
Ohio Cities Gas.....	36⅜	36½	36½	36½
Pennsylvania	44⅝	44½	44½	44⅝
Pittsburg Coal	46¼	45⅝	45⅝	46½
Pay Cons. Copper....	19¾	19⅜	19½	19¾
Reading	84½	81	81	82⅞
Rep. Iron & Steel...	77	75⅞	75⅞	77
Seaboard Air Line..	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	8½
Seab'd Air Line pfd.	17¾	17¼	17¼	17½
Sinclair Oil & Ref..	35⅞	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
Sloss. Shef. S. & I..	48⅝	48¾	48¾	48⅝
Southern Pacific	100⅝	99⅝	99⅝	100⅛
Southern Railway ..	28⅞	28⅝	27⅝	28¼
Southern Ry. pfd....	....	....	....	67½
Studebaker Corp.	60⅞	58	58¾	58⅝
Tennessee Copper...	12⅝	12½	12½	13
Texas Co.	193⅜	192	192¼	192¼
Tobacco Products...	86⅝	85½	85½	85⅞
Union Pacific	130⅞	129⅝	129⅝	130⅝
United Cigar Stores.	133⅞	131½	132¼	131⅝
United Fruit	164	164	164	164½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol..	113	111⅛	111½	112⅝
United States Rubber	83¼	80⅝	80⅝	82⅝
United States Steel.	93⅜	91⅜	92	93⅜
U. S. Steel pfd.....	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅜
Utah Copper	69	66⅞	67¼	69½
Vir. Car. Chem.....	54⅜	54	54	53¼
Wabash pfd "A"....	33½	32¾	32¾	33⅛
Western Union.....	88¼	88⅛	88¼	88⅜
Westinghouse Elec..	45⅜	44⅜	44⅝	45½
Willys-Overland	27¼	26	26	27¼
Total sales, 790,400.				

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered, bid.....	97½
U. S. 2s, coupon, bid.....	97½
U. S. 3s, registered, bid.....	89
U. S. 3s, coupon, bid.....	89
U. S. Liberty 3½s	98.84
U. S. 4s, registered, bid.....	103⅜
U. S. 3s, coupon, bid.....	104⅜
American Foreign Securities 5s.....	99⅝
American Tel. & Tel. cit. 5s.....	91
Anglo-French 5s	97 5-16
Atchison gen. 4s	82⅞
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s.....	83
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s.....	78⅛
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s.....	89½
Cent. of Ga. Consolidated 5s, bid....	91
Central Leather 5s, bid.....	96¼
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s.....	85½
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s.....	95⅝
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s.....	79
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s....	72⅝
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s.....	77⅞
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s.....	70½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931).....	97⅝
Erie gen. 4s	53⅜
Illinois Central ref. 4s.....	81¼
Int. Mer. Marine 6s.....	98⅝
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s, bid...	83
Liggett & Myers 5s	91¼
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s, bid...	83¼
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s, bid...	65
Missouri Pac. gen. 4s.....	61¼
New York Central deb. 6s.....	98⅞
Norfolk & Western con. 4s, bid.....	83⅝
Northern Pacific 4s	83¾
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid...	95
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s	86⅝
Reading gen. 4s	84½
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940), bid...	93
St. Louis & San. Fran. adj. 6s.....	64⅝
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s.....	48
Southern Bell Tel. 5s, bid.....	91
Southern Pacific cv. 5s.....	102
Southern Railway 5s	93½
Southern Railway gen. 4s.....	66¾
Texas Company cv. 6s.....	101¾
Texas & Pacific 1st	90
Union Pacific 4s	85½
U. S. Steel 5s	100⅛
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s.....	95½
Wabash 1st, bid	93½

Money Market.

New York, March 5.—Mercantile paper 5¼@5½; sterling, sixty-day bills 473; commercial, sixty-day bills on banks 472¾; commercial, sixty-day bills 472½; demand 475 7-16.

Time loans easier; sixty and ninety days 5¼@5½; six months 5¼@5¾.

Call money easy; ruling rate 4½.

Bank acceptances 4½.

France, demand 547¾; cables 546¾. Gilders, demand 41; cables 41¼. Lire, demand 637; cables 635. Rubles, demand 13½; cables 14, nominal. Mexican dollars 77½.

Government bonds easy; railroads bonds irregular.

Metals.

New York, March 5.—Copper somewhat steadier; electrolytic 4¾@5.

Iron quiet; No. 1 northern and No. 1 southern 34.00; No. 2 northern and No. 2 southern 32.25.

Metal exchange quotes lead quiet; spot and March 5.30@5.40; spelter easier; East St. Louis delivery, spot and March 6.20@6.35.

At London—Spot copper £74, 5s; futures £70 5s; electrolytic spot £80; futures £76. Tin, spot £220 10s; futures £222 10s; lead, spot £28; futures £23 10s. Spelter, spot £38; futures £35.

Sugar.

New York, March 5.—The local market for raw sugar was quiet and no sales were reported. Prices were unchanged at 7.28c for centrifugal to the refiner. The harbor strike is interfering to some extent with the shipment of sugars. Latest advices from Cuba indicate the weather there was favorable the past week with 101 centrals now grinding, against 104 a year ago.

Business in refined sugar continues of fair proportions and prices remain on the basis of 9c for fine granulated. Refiners are said to be able to make prompt delivery.

Rice.

New Orleans, March 5.—Rough rice, no sales; receipts, 841 sacks; millers' receipts, 841 sacks.

Clean rice: Sales, 122 pockets; Blue Rose at 5¼c; receipts, 4,443 pockets.

London Money.

London, March 5.—Money, 3½ per cent. Discount rates: Short and three-month bills, 3 17-32 per cent.

Dry Goods.

New York, March 5.—Some improvement was shown today in the demand for cotton goods for export and moderate amounts of spot goods were sold in the home trade. Yarns were irregular. China raw silks were lower. Burlaps were easy and quiet.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, March 5.—Cotton seed oil was dull and unchanged. Prime crude 17.50; prime summer yellow, spot 21.50.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, March 5.—(Special.)—With the wheat guarantee bill which passed yesterday and was signed by the president, there went a rider which amended section 5 of the United States cotton futures act so that cotton below the value of low middling or if tinged, below grade of middling, or if yellow stained below strict middling, or if blue stained below good middling, shall not be delivered on contract. These amendments went into effect immediately and it was necessary therefore to keep the exchanges closed until tomorrow when trading will be begun in "contract new style," which contract conforms to the amended law. Old style contracts are not affected, except that they will be traded in only for liquidation. It is also provided that with the new contracts the classing shall be done by the department of agriculture.

Opinion is naturally much confused as to whether these changes will advance the price of cotton as intended and as to what will be the effect on the outstanding old style contracts. It is probable that there may be some monetary confusion, but we doubt if there is any sharp change in the market tomorrow with the present grade differences. The old contracts are cheap, and while at first glance the new should command a premium, it remains to be seen what that premium will be when the trade takes the present value of old contracts due to these grade differences into consideration. As to the broad question of the price of cotton, that depends and always has depended on questions which cannot be legislative—namely on the laws of supply and demand, modified as they are in actual practice by business conditions and the judgment of the trade on business conditions.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

New York, March 5.—(Special.)—While the legislation of last night revolutionizes the contract markets, we see in this no reason for the immediate liquidation of old contracts.

J. W. JAY & CO.

Country Produce.

Chicago, March 5.—Butter higher; creamery, 45@57c.

Eggs lower; receipts 17,932 cases; firsts 39¼c.

Potatoes higher; receipts 23 cars.

Poultry, alive higher; springs 33c; fowls 32½c.

New York, March 5.—Butter firm; receipts 9,096; firsts, 54½@57½c.

Eggs firm; receipts 17,048; fresh gathered extras, 46½@47c.

Cheese strong; receipts 4,756; average run 31@31½c.

Dressed poultry quiet; prices unchanged. Live poultry steady; others unchanged.

St. Louis, March 5.—Poultry and butter unchanged.

Eggs 38@38¼c.

ARMENIANS DESIRE AMERICAN CONTROL

Washington, March 5.—Miran Sevasly, chairman of the Armenian national council of America, was in Washington today conferring with officials regarding the question of the United States becoming the mandatory for Armenia under the proposed league of nations. Mr. Sevasly said the people of Armenia as well as Armenians in America and Europe desired that the United States act as mandatory for their country and that, while they would have to accept the will of the majority nations, they did not wish to have a European nation as mentor.

President Wilson discussed this question with the congressional foreign relations committees at the white house dinner conference a week ago and was quoted by senators as saying the United States probably would desire to become a mandatory for Armenia. Some officials said today there probably would be less opposition to accepting the mandate over Armenia than over any of the other new nations whose future must be guided by one of the great powers acting under authority of the league.

Mr. Sevasly, in discussing today the responsibility which would be involved, said the trust would be a light one and would not necessitate the sending of more than one regiment of American soldiers to Armenia.

"There are now more than 50,000 Armenian soldiers in the Caucasus and Silesia," said Mr. Sevasly. "Who will be placed unreservedly at the command of the American mandatory, but the conviction that the American eagle is soaring over Mount Ararat will do more than any army to keep out intruders and disperse trouble-makers."

PLACES OF MEN TAKEN BY WOMEN OF BRITAIN

London, March 5.—The vast extent to which British women replaced men in industry and commerce during the war is disclosed in a white paper issued today. Not only did the number of women ordinarily employed show an increase, but more than a million and a half additional came forward to take the place of the men. Making all necessary deductions and additions, it is estimated the net increase in female workers employed outside their own homes was 1,200,000.

The number of females employed in industrial concerns and government establishments in April, 1918, were:

Munitions, 701,000; other government work in industry, 774,000.

The number of females employed as permanent work people in agriculture in July, 1914, was 80,000; in 1918, the number was 113,000.

The number of women employed in government hospitals had risen from 700 in July, 1914, to 13,600 in January, 1918, and the number in hospitals under the Red Cross society increased from 5,300 to 28,600 in the same period.

In July, 1914, there were only about 1,500 women employed in banks; there are now 37,600 engaged in such employment.

CHARGE OF PERSHING DENIED BY N. Y. PAPER

New York, March 5.—The New York Telegram denied today that its campaign "cleaning" alleged unsanitary conditions at the American embarkation camp at Brest was in any sense inspired by the court-martial of Major Alfred W. Birdsall, formerly connected with that newspaper, as stated in a recent cablegram from General Pershing, made public by the war department.

Answering the American commander's charge that "violent newspaper attacks" upon the Brest camp began about the time Major Birdsall returned to the United States, after having threatened to "get someone at Brest," The Telegram asserted its first information regarding soldiers' complaints against the cantonment was received eleven days before Birdsall sailed. The source of the information, the newspaper added, was a statement prepared by a group of officers arriving in New York.

Until a dispatch containing General Pershing's charge was received here, the newspaper states, "no employee who has had anything to do in connection with the Brest expose" knew of Major Birdsall's trial.

The Telegram published a letter from Secretary Baker, acknowledging a copy of the officers' statement forwarded to him, in which the war department said:

"I am deeply touched in reading the letter and am immediately handing it to Secretary of War Keppel to have a thorough investigation made."

'RAINBOW' NOT COMING FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN

Washington, March 5.—The 423 (Rainbow) division can not be brought home in time to participate in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. Secretary Baker wrote Secretary Glass today that it would not be possible to re-arrange the schedule of returning troops so as to advance the sailing date of this division several weeks from April 26.

Mr. Baker, replying to the request of the secretary of the treasury, said he recognized the popularity of the Rainbow division "both because of its composition and because of its splendid achievements in France," but explained that "it would be a serious strain upon the transportation facilities in France to get this division to the ports in time for such sailing."

FIDDLERS' CONVENTION WILL BEGIN TONIGHT

If the main streets in Atlanta today appear to have been invaded by the backwoodsmen from up in the mountains, there is no reason to suspect an uprising of the moonshiners, for fifty or more such visitors are expected to compete in the Georgia Old-Time Fiddlers' convention, which opens tonight at the Auditorium.

The advance guard of the fiddlers arrived Wednesday. Fiddlin' John Carson was here, and Red-Necked Jim Lawson and Shorty Harper. R. L. Porterfield, 83 years old, but full of ginger, was challenging the world to buck-dance against him.

The trains today are expected to bring hundreds of out-of-town visitors who will cheer their favorites at the sessions of the fiddlers' convention, for these annual gatherings of the country musicians are to the lovers of old-time music what grand opera is to the "high brow."

The convention will open at 8 o'clock tonight and on Friday and Saturday nights, and a special matinee for the old folks and children is announced for Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Tickets, at 35 and 60 cents, are on sale at the drug store of Franklin & Cox. The Scottish Rite Hospital for Crippled Children will share in the receipts.

COST OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time . . . . 10c a line
Three times . . . 9c a line
Seven times . . . 8c a line
Thirty times or more . . 7c
} Each Issue

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Rooms.
For Rent—Rooms furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Situation Wanted—Female.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Count six ordinary words to each line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

TELEPH

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta Terminal Station and Union Passenger Station.

The following schedule figures published as information and not guaranteed.

(Central Standard Time)

Atlanta Terminal Station

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves.
6:05 am	Waycross-Thomasville-Brunswick	7:15 am
5:35 pm	Waycross-Thomasville-Brunswick	10:00 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
12:40 am..	New Orleans-Montgomery ..	6:00 am
7:55 pm.....	Newnan-Columbus	7:10 am
7:15 pm.....	Montgomery—Local	8:05 am
2:40 pm..	New Orleans-Montgomery ..	2:10 pm
10:55 am.....	Newnan-Columbus	4:05 pm
8:40 am.....	West Point—Local	5:40 pm
11:50 am..	New Orleans-Montgomery ..	6:50 pm

Central of Georgia Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
5:40 am.....	Jacksonville-Tampa	12:15 am
4:05 pm.....	Savannah	7:50 am
8:40 pm.....	Albany—Local	7:50 am
7:00 am.....	Macon—Local	12:30 pm
11:00 am.....	Macon—Local	4:00 pm
8:15 am.....	Jacksonville	9:10 pm
7:00 am.....	Savannah	9:45 pm
2:30 pm.....	Macon	11:00 pm
5:40 am	Thomasville-Albany-Montgomery	11:00 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
11:35 pm....	Cincinnati-Louisville	6:00 am

Seaboard Air Line Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
9:00 pm....	Hamlet-Monroe—Local	6:10 am
8:15 pm....	Birmingham—Local	8:10 am
5:00 pm....	New York-Washington ..	12:15 pm
5:00 pm.....	Richmond-Norfolk	12:15 pm
8:50 am.....	Abbeville—Local	4:00 pm
10:00 am.....	Piedmont, Ala.—Local ..	4:10 pm
11:59 am....	Birmingham-Memphis	5:10 pm
8:00 am.....	New York-Washington	8:25 pm
8:00 am.....	Richmond-Norfolk	8:25 pm

Southern Railroad Lines.

Arrives—		— Leaves
5:40 am....	New York-Washington	1:00 am
2:35 am....	Miami-Jacksonville	1:30 am
1:10 am....	Cincinnati-Chattanooga	3:55 am
11:25 pm..	Kansas City-Birmingham ..	5:50 am
9:10 pm..	Chattanooga-Rome—Local ..	6:25 am
4:40 pm.....	Charlotte—Local	6:30 am
9:35 pm.....	Columbus—Local	7:20 am
8:15 pm..	Brunswick-Macon—Local ..	7:50 am
6:10 pm.....	Jacksonville-Macon	9:45 am
6:15 pm	New York-Washington-Richm'd	11:40 am
6:30 pm....	New York-Washington	12:20 pm
9:00 pm.....	Greenville—Local	12:55 pm
11:10 am..	Chattanooga-Rome—Local ..	3:00 pm
8:10 am.....	Toccoa—Local	4:45 pm
11:20 am.....	Columbus—Local	4:45 pm
11:15 am.....	Fort Valley—Local	4:55 pm
11:10 am.....	Macon—Local	5:00 pm
12:30 pm.....	Birmingham	5:15 pm
9:25 am.....	Cincinnati-Chattanooga ..	6:25 pm
7:45 am..	Shreveport-Birmingham ..	10:20 pm
7:45 am.....	Charlotte	10:40 pm
5:35 am....	Jacksonville-Brunswick	11:55 pm

Following Southern Railroad trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:

Arrives—		—Leaves
3:00 pm.....	Birmingham	1:15 pm
1:10 pm.....	Washington-Richmond	3:08 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
8:45 pm.....	Chicago-St. Louis	8:35 am
8:45 pm....	Nashville-Chattanooga	8:35 am

Union Passenger Station

Georgia Railroad.
* Daily except Sunday.

Arrives—		—Leaves
1:55 pm.....	Augusta	6:00 am
6:10 pm.....	Augusta	11:45 am
8:25 pm.....	Augusta	3:25 pm
*7:30 am.....	Monroe	6:10 pm*
7:50 am....	Charleston-Augusta	7:30 pm
7:50 am....	Wilmington-Augusta	7:30 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
5:10 pm...	Knoxville via Blue Ridge ...	7:20 am
10:35 am.....	Blue Ridge—Local	3:40 pm
12:30 pm....	Cincinnati-Louisville	4:00 pm
12:30 pm..	Knoxville via Cartersville ..	4:00 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Arrives—		—Leaves
7:15 pm....	Nashville-Chattanooga	7:30 am
10:30 am..	Rome-Chattanooga—Local ..	5:10 pm
8:30 am.....	Nashville-St. Louis	8:30 pm

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190.

ANSLEY TAXI SERVICE
Ivy 7640.——Ansley Hotel——Ivy 7640.

Situation Wanted—Male

SHIPPING clerk with capacity and executive ability wants to connect with concern who can use a first-class, experienced man. Address T-441, Constitution.

CHEMIST—Discharged soldier, experienced in fertilizers and cotton seed products, etc., wants good position now; fast and accurate worker; knows his line and has the experience. Address T-440, Constitution.

EX-SALESMAN-SOLDIER, open for A-1 position; eight years' business training. Prefer auto or real estate work. T-383, Const.

Situation Wanted—Female

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in use of dictating machines, desires position with a responsible firm. My record warrants a good position and a salary commensurate to my proven ability. Address T-468, Constitution.

EXPERIENCED stenographer wants position at once. A., P. O. Box 1128, city.

Typewriters and Supplies

TYPEWRITERS
ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $6.00; visible, three months for $7.50 and up. Call, phone or write for catalogue C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 7340.

TYPEWRITER REPAIRS
EXPERT service on all standard makes of typewriters.
Special Service on Underwoods
K. M. Schell, 184½ W. Alabama. Main 2705.

WANTED—Used typewriter. Must be bargain. Address T-456, care Constitution.

REBUILT Monarch typewriter. Just from fact'y. Bargain for cash. Russell, t. 3381.

TIMBER—For Sale

3,600 ACRES pine timbered land on railroad in south Florida at a bargain. For full information write J. W. Meldrim, Fort Green, Florida.

LUMBER—Wanted.

WE want to buy from you. Desire dogwood 5 inches minimum diameter at small end and of any length 16 inches and over. We pay you cash on draft against bill of lading. Make it to our interests to buy from you regularly.
SHAMBOW SHUTTLE COMPANY,
WOONSOCKET, R. I.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

CHICKENS.

SIX Barred Rock pullets, 1 cockerel, $25. Eggs $1.50 setting. A. L. Dick, Smyrna, Ga.

EGGS.

THOROUGHBRED eggs for setting. S. C. White Leghorns, 15 eggs, $1; the finest strain R. I. Reds, 15 eggs for $1.50 and $2. Telephone W. E. Richardson, Hemlock 151.

DOGS.

POMERANIANS
CHOCOLATE colored; one pair can be bought cheap. Reason for selling, master died. Can be seen at 141 South Ashby St., or call Main 4596 or West 1488-J.

SEEDS.

WANNAMAKER'S pedigreed Cleveland cotton seed. First everywhere. Most prolific cotton ever found; earliest highest per cent of lint, no disease. Our seed grown on our own farm from carefully selected seed; ginned on our private gin; clean, pure, sound. $2.50 bushel. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

FOR SALE—Old-style Florida Velvet Beans. Re-screened. Chufas, pinders, peas, bagger weed seed, Natal grass seed and Watson melon seed. W. F. Bozeman, Leesburg, Fla.

GENUINE frost-proof cabbage plants; 100, 25c; by parcel post 30c, 100; 500, $1.40; 1,000, $2.50. Parker Seed and Plant Co., 33 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

PLANTS.

FROST-PROOF cabbage plants, 100, 25c; 30c parcel post; 1,000, $2 express; all kinds seed beans, 30c full pint parcel post. Booking orders for potato slips April 10 delivery. Porto Rico and Nancy Hall, $2.50 1,000; large lots, $2 per 1,000 cash with orders. H. P. Cottongim, 37 South Broad.

SHRUBS.

FASTEST-GROWING and most beautiful flowering tree, Japanese Pavlowania. Will make a shade tree 20 feet high, 15 feet spread, in four years. Flowers like violets in color and perfume. By mail, $1; $4 for 6. Insured to live. C. N. Meriwether, Trenton, Ky.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

COTTON, COTTON, COTTON—Gross returns $446.46, net $379.41, on one acre Get-there-first short cotton, farm demonstrator measuring, pickings carefully determined, sworn affidavit by Lieutenant Governor O. Max Gardner, Raleigh, N. C.; this record Get-there-first highest ever recorded in the county, though seasons more unfavorable exceeding by 31 72-100 per cent the production of the best other variety made year before by same experimenter, being a difference in favor of Get-there-first over all others of $31.72 on every hundred dollars; though seasons bad, M. S. Britt, Little Rock, S. C., makes sworn statement production 2,948 pounds Get-there-first seed cotton on one acre; L. C. Braddy, Dillon, S. C., 3,610 pounds; two and a quarter bales per acre made on my best lands eighty-five days after germination, a record that will never be approached by any other variety; cotton came up 7 May; August first drought so severe that all fruit, save ⅜ to ⅞ grown bolls stripped off, the stalks then putting on at rate twenty-odd blooms per stalk a day, Mr. E. H. Oswald, president Allendale Bank, and I taking a stalk at random, counting thereon 27 red blooms, 23 white, the red representing the openings of the day before, the white of that day—50 blooms per stalk in two days—such formation of fruit indicating a conservative prospective yield of four bales per acre; dense setting of fruit on medium lands, thus the best lands to pick each per day 450 to 500 pounds, sworn affidavits supporting; big boll, big seed, 41¼ per cent lint; limbs short jointed, two bolls at most joints, Get-there-first possesses every requisite for joining with its record for high yields and rendering it ideal for combating the boll weevil, of which there are, however, none on my farm, all shipments seed to bear certification from State Bureau of Entomology; one-half area under cultivation to ton, other to foodstuffs, most productive seeds planted, liberally fertilized, means for cotton the highest possible yield on a restricted area—not over 12-million-bale production likely, with consequent probable 35 cents per pound value next fall, carries with it maximum profit for maximum yield—the half cotton, half foodstuff apportionment emphasizing also maximum foodstuff with its concomitant maximum stock and the obvious corollary maximum prosperity; an approximate number of bales being desired, it is self-evident that economy and progress demand that we make it on the least possible acreage, the actual cost of working one acre being the same whether the yield be one bale or three; fertilizer and Get-there-first will make the three; when men of reliability, high in government affairs, banking activity and agriculture, not interested in Get-there-first, voice its unstinted praise—"blow the other fellow's horn"—it behooves the public to "stand and take notice;" get busy, prove or disprove by correspondence; the dollar is shown to you—pick it up; plant twenty acres your best land in Get-there-first, fertilize well and make 60 to 75 bales; two pecks per acre will insure good stand, the investment for seed being only $35; rush order; cashier Allendale Bank will bear witness that last season I could not meet the inquiry at the present following rates: bushel, $4; 5 bushels at $3.75; 10 or more at $3.50. L. A. Stoney, Allendale, S. C.

PHONE
CITY COAL COMPANY
AND GET THE BEST.
M. 3546

Burn-Well Jel. Coal Co.
MAIN 2901. ATLANTA 1906.

Wood Sawing Outfit
4½-H. P. OLDS engine and wood saw, cheap. Can be seen at 160 Marietta street.

Gasoline Pumps and Tanks
LUBRICATING oil tanks and storage systems, air compressors. Best make. Lowest price. Easy terms. Address P. O. Box 1201, Atlanta.

Rich KINDLING Wood
CITY COAL CO. Phone 3546

ARMY OFFICER, leaving city within four days, will sacrifice complete 12-piece set or half set Royal Minton hand-painted imported china. Also punch bowl, mugs, breakfast plates, cups and saucers, Royal Doulton (imported) coaching pattern. Address T-470, Constitution.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 64 West Mitchell street.

FRESH pork, pure pork sausage, country eggs, butter. 32 E. Ala. St. D. L. Thomas.

Mainspring Put in your watch, 50c. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

Gibson mandolins, Holton cornets, etc. We buy, sell, exchange, and repair. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

For Furniture and Stoves
GO to Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor st. New and used home and office furniture. Ivy 1611.

STOCKS Coal, Wholesale and Retail Co. Phones M. 528, Ivy 543.

DIAMOND—Perfect blue-white, about carat; bargain. Ivy 3648-L. Ad. T-469, Const.

FOR SALE—White Spanish peanuts in new 100-lb. bags, at 6c per lb., f. o. b. Parrott. No order less than 1 bag. Cash must accompany order. J. W. Tilley, Parrott, Ga.

NEW PIANOS for rent. Ludden & Bates, 80 North Pryor st.

SLIP shuck ear corn, $40 ton; baled shucks, $19 ton; peanut vine hay, $26 ton; all delivered in carload lots; pure Georgia cane syrup, 35-gallon barrels, $38. Dan Shipp, Flintyston, Ga.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and heavy hauling. Main 666-J. Mr. Hutt.

GUANO—Acid, Soda, wholesale. Carlots. W. E. McCalla, Atlanta Natl. Bank Bldg.

Scales— The Howe Scales Co., 18 South Forsyth St.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Brick mill building, 150 h. p. boilers and engines, adapted for various manufacturing, cattle feed mixing, knitting, etc.; railroad running four directions. H. N. Alexander, Raymond, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE BUY House and office furniture, refrigerators and gas stoves. Ivy 1611.

WANTED—1,000 bird barrels, 100-lb. size, with double head. Will pay fancy price. F. O. B. Panama City, Florida, Panama City Sea Food Co.

WANTED—4 or 5 large ferns. Phone Ivy 4270. Call Mr. King.

WANTED—Computing scale, cash register, refrigerator, counter show case, 6-foot floor case in good condition for cash. East Point 211-J.

OLD clothes, shoes and ladies' clothes. Call L. Pfeffer, 139 Decatur. Main 1320-L.

Furniture BOUGHT and sold for cash. S. M. Snider, 63 South Broad street. Main 2610.

THE Salvation Army needs old clothing. Atlanta 1736.

WANTED—Old brick, cleaned or uncleaned. Any amounts considered. Can use some rock if in first-class condition. Ivy 7175-J.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co., 10-12 E. Mitchell. M. 2424.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson, M. 4647.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR USED FURNITURE. MAIN 156.

HIDES MILES & COMPANY, M. 4698. 305 Marietta St.

WE pay highest cash price for used furniture, stoves and ranges. Moving, packing and shipping a specialty. Wonder Furniture Co., 20 E. Mitchell street. Main 1157.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—4-year-old mule, $185; pair 5-year-old, $200; large 6-year-old mule, $90; pair large 6-year-olds, $250. We have 60 country mules to sell this week. You can buy the kind here you are looking for. Prices from $50 up. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

FOR SALE—Pair large mules, little rock sore. $150 buys the pair; pair young mules, little thin, $85. Just received 25 cheap mules, prices $35 up. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

FOR SALE—6-year-old, black chunky mare, $95. Also 5-year-old mare, $125; small pony, $35. Must sell them out this week. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

DONKEY, cart and harness for sale. Address T-460, Constitution.

WANTED—A Shetland pony if at a bargain. Address R, care Constitution.

HORSES and mules for sale cheap. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

LIVE STOCK

FOR SALE—4 fresh in Jersey milk cows. Phone Hemlock 1905.

HOGS.

PIGS FOR SALE—10 weeks old; good stock, $10. Ashford Dairy, between Adamsville and river.

GOOD grade pigs for killing, eight weeks, $7.50 each, crated, f. o. b. here, cash with order. Write for prices. Shoats, bred sows. G. G. Murrah, Richland, Ga.

COWS.

10 FINE registered Shorthorn calves; come and select. Sheddan Farms, Raymond, Ga.

CORD WOOD

CORD WOOD FOR SALE—PAUL LEACH, ABERDEEN, GA.

BEST dry pine delivered, 2 cords $18, 4 cords $32; full measure. Mr. Yates, 276 Peachtree. Ivy 9170.

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CYLINDERS REBORED
WELDING MACHINE WORK
RIDDELL BROS., Inc.
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Gentry-Riddell Auto Painting Co.,
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A CAR OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

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AUTO TOPS
Re-covered out of the best material and done "Quickly."
Ford Tops ready to set on.
WALKER ROOFING CO
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Auto Top and Seat Covers
New tops, old tops recovered. For seat covers, come to headquarters.
"We do it better."
ATLANTA AUTO TOP AND TRIMMING CO.
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WE SPECIALIZE ON WIRE WHEELS and REPAIRS.
BRIGMAN MOTORS CO.,
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INQUIRE about Mystic WINDSHIELD CLOTH at 317-318 Peters building.

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AUTO TOPS, SEAT COVERS, SLIP-ON cushions, curtains and trimmings, made on short notice.
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32 Gilmer St.

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GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS – The American Oil, Pump and Tank Co., 23 Auburn avenue.

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SMITH & POWELL
GARAGE AND REPAIR SHOP
General Automobile and Truck Repairs.
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All work guaranteed or money refunded.
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Fire-proof Storage.
Vulcanizing.
Washing and Polishing Cars
A specialty.

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CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
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By Skilled Mechanics.
Reasonable Prices. Work Guaranteed.
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Builds, repairs all makes auto radiators; frozen work a specialty. Prompt attention to out-of-town work. 71 Ivy st. Ivy 2399.

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ALL MAKES of electric starters, generators, magnetos, carburetors and igniters repaired.
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SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros., Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings. $1 each

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LANE'S DANCING Monday, Wed. and Saturday nights. Private lessons daily. Ivy 5786.

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FOR SALE—Pope, twin cylinder, late model, original tires; machine needs a few minor repairs; $75 for quick sale. Atlanta Photo Co., 92 N. Forsyth st.

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FOR SALE.

GOOD USED CARS

Reo 7-pass., 1918 model, 2 tops	$1,200.00
Ford Light Delivery, Panel Body	337.50
Ford 5-passenger, Overhauled and Painted	415.00
Ford 5-passenger, Seat covers, overhauled	275.00
Ford Light Delivery Express Body	240.00
Maxwell Five-passenger	200.00
Chevrolet Baby Grand, New Tires, Top and Paint	450.00
Chevrolet 4-90 5-passenger	300.00
Overland 5-passenger, New Top and paint	600.00
Packard Roadster	685.00
Oakland Sedan, 1918 model	800.00
Studebaker 1-ton Truck	585.00
Buick Light Truck, Overhauled	500.00
Overland Roadster, Repainted	400.00
Republic 1-ton Truck	600.00
Studebaker 5-passenger, Good Shape	350.00
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To responsible persons we will make satisfactory terms.

J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.-Grant Co. Inc.
229 Peachtree Street.

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USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

We Are Offering Today

1919 Ford Touring, new	$502
1917 Ford Touring	385
1917 Chevrolet Touring	400
1918 Maxwell Touring	425
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1917 Chalmers Touring	425
1917 Buick "6" Touring	525
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LEGG & PICKETT
118 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 415.

Fords SEDANS, Dodge, Oakland "6," Oldsmobile 8, Paige roadster. Ford Auto Exchange, 30 Wall st. Main 5297.

MITCHELL—5-passenger. John Lottridge Motor Sales Co., 204 Peachtree st.

USED CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO., 246 P'tree. Ivy 1694.

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree.

Used Cars Georgia Velie Sales Co., 457 Peachtree Street.

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO. 169-171 Marietta St.

USED CARS APPERSON SHOW ROOMS, 239 P'tree St.

SEE US for motor truck bargains. Fegder Motor Co., 255 Peachtree.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

USED TRUCKS. Brigman Motors Co., 493 Whitehall street.

FOR SALE—For cash, at a bargain, one Smith Form-a-Truck, too light for purpose purchased. Atlanta Constitution.

AUTOMOBILE.

WILLYS-OVERLAND—89-6 club roadster. Bought new a year ago. $1,500. Run 12,000 miles; good tires; fully equipped. Must sell. Can be seen at 92 North Forsyth st.

1918 Oakland touring Sensible Six, used 4 mo. Real bargain. 18 Walton.

FOR SALE—Hudson 40-H. P. roadster, 3-passenger. Self-starter, electric lights, top, side curtains; paint in good condition. Motor and transmission recently overhauled. Will sell for $350 cash. Call Ivy 2126, ask for A. P. L. Will demonstrate.

1-TON Smith Form-a-Truck; good as new. Bargain. Address T-467, Constitution.

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THE BUSINESS BROKER
723-4-5 Atlanta National Bank Building, Main 1706—PHONES—Atl. 1808.

$2,500 BIG BARGAIN in central located EUROPEAN HOTEL for quick CASH sale; 38 rooms; splendid furniture; clearing about $500 month.

$2,000 PAYS chance for man or woman; MULTIGRAPH business; old established; business for February over $500; some terms.

FOR SALE—Biggest money-making saw mill in the country; modern and complete; 100,000,000 feet pine timber; more can be had if desired. Write J. J. Scholl, Jr., 801 Mason Bldg., Houston, Texas.

MODERN hotel, going good, in middle or north Georgia, North Carolina or South Carolina. Must be in large town or city. Will buy. Address T-396, care Constitution.

GO IN business for yourself. Get our list of "100 Business Opportunities" today. Lightfoot's, 317-18 Peters Bldg. M. 5172.

BUY your fig grove from the Great Food-Producing corporation, head office 709 Silvey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

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SPECIAL prices on pictures and frames. We do picture framing. Columbian Book and Stationery Co., 39 South Broad street.

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GUDE BUILDER. Ivy 646. Candler Bldg.

ALL KINDS CARPET CLEANING.

ALL kinds of shades cleaned and reversed. Look as new. Also lace curtains. 28 Lamar street. Main 5027.

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CITY CARPENTER AND REPAIR SHOP.
GENERAL contractors and builders; alterations and repairs a specialty. 48 South Forsyth street. Main 1655.

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TRINITY Furniture Repair Shop, 114 S. Forsyth st. M. 132.
Let Us Remodel Your Old Furniture.

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Potts & Moore CONTRACTORS, 159 Marietta St. M. 5554.

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ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
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WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790. Atlanta 5000.
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Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

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COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. M. 1652-J. 224 Peters st.

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ATLANTA house cleaning preparation has moved from 115 West Mitchell to 54 Irwin street. Cleaning white woodwork and hardwood floors. Ivy 6670-J. Carson & Frederick.

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COMBUSTO Draft System on your furnace saves 10 to 30 per cent fuel; 20 to 40 per cent labor. Combusto Sales Co., 87 South Pryor street.

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We do HEAVY hauling.
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OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

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BUTTONS covered, 1st-class work. Mail orders given prompt attention. Atlanta Hemstitching and Plaiting Co., 73½ Whitehall.

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GOULD MULTIGRAPHING CO
Multigraphing and Printing.
Quick Service.
Lowest Prices in Town.
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WE MOVE, pack or store your goods. Call Main 2757-J. West Side Transfer Co., Main 2810.

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XCELO Musical Instrument Service. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

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DUPLICATING LENSES A SPECIALTY SILVEUS OPTICAL CO., 19 S. Broad St.

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GEO. N. MITCHAM,
THOS. P. WRIGHT.
CIVIL AND CONSULTING ENGINEERS.
712 FLATIRON BUILDING, ATLANTA.

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SEE ME for first-class house painting. Outside or in. Ed Mitchell, West 9-J.

C. F. CRISSON—Interior and exterior painting, tinting. Atl. M. 1433; Bell, M. 9154.

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CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 62 South Forth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

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SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barrett, 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

ROOF REPAIRING.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable. Hemlock 1056.

SOUTHERN ROOF REPAIRING CO.—All kinds of roofs repaired. Low prices. Work guaranteed. Ivy 5508.

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GWINN'S NO. 2 S. Pryor st., across R. R., opp. Kimball house; No. 6 Luckie st., opp. Piedmont. Shoe repairing while you wait. Established 1897.

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WHITEHALL GUN AND LOCKSMITH CO.
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AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

MAKE US PROVE IT
WE are giving auto owners the service they have long been looking for.
The management has an inherent desire to make good this claim, because we know exactly the kind of service a motorist expects. We also know from long and sad experience the kind of service they oftentimes get.
Our place is operated on a business-like and systematic basis. Our mechanics are positively the best obtainable and we guarantee a full dollar's value for every dollar expended.
We are strong on details, such as seat and fender covers. Your car is protected against grease and tool scratches.
We specialize in cylinder grinding (not boring), pistons and piston rings. Your old motor can be made new again. We accomplish this by modern work—exactly as it is done in the best automobile factories. And what is more, you know the exact cost in advance.
If these statements appeal to you, call in person, write or use the phone. Again we invite you to make us prove our claims.
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Phones Ivy 6271-2581.

RENEWED CADILLACS

1918 Cadillac "8,"	4-passenger.
1918 Cadillac "8,"	7-passenger.
1917 Cadillac "8,"	7-passenger.
1917 Cadillac "8,"	4-passenger, wire wheels.
1915 Cadillac "8,"	7-passenger.

OTHER STANDARD MACHINES

1918 Ford	Sedan.
1917 Hudson,	7-passenger.
1918 Hudson	Sedan (new).
1917 Stearns	Limousine.
1918 Willys-Knight	"4," 7-pass.
1916 Dodge,	5-passenger.
1916 King "8,"	7-passenger.
1917 Willys-Knight	Coupe.
1917 Hudson	Sport model.
1917 Roamer,	5-passenger.

THE ATLANTA CADILLAC CO.
183 PEACHTREE ST.

DODGE
AND
HUDSON
USED CARS

Hudson 6-40	$ 850.00
Hudson Super-Six	$1,400.00
Hudson Speedster	$1,565.00
Dodge, 5-passenger	$ 625.00
Dodge, 5-passenger	$ 800.00
Dodge, 5-passenger	$ 750.00
Dodge Sedan	$1,300.00
Dodge Roadster	$ 600.00

These cars have been overhauled, repainted and new tops installed.

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229 PEACHTREE ST.,
ATLANTA, GA.

USED CARS AND TRUCKS.
BRING US YOUR USED CAR.
WE WILL SELL IT FOR YOU.

1918 Ford Touring	475
1918 Ford Touring	500
1917 Ford Touring	400
1916 Ford Roadster	250
1916 Chevrolet Touring	350
1918 Dodge Touring	775
1918 Buick "4" Roadster	550
1917 Overland "6" Touring	675
1916 Oldsmobile Touring	475
1918 Studebaker Touring	450
1918 Paige Little "6" Touring	950
1917 Paige Little Six Touring	750
1913 Packard Touring	350
1917 Reo Touring	375
1918 Briscoe Chummy Roadster	375

We Buy, Sell, Trade or Auction Used Cars.
USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE,
Second Floor—181 Marietta St.—Main 4231.

REGAL roadster, one of the prettiest cars in town, engine thoroughly overhauled and good as new; newly painted, new top, reupholstered and newly covered. Worth $500 or more, but to make quick sale first $275 cash gets car just as it stands. See car at Odom's Garage, 19 James st.

7-SEATED Speedwell cheap. L. Parks, rear 20 East Linden. Ivy 292.

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QUICK SERVICE
BEST TERMS
LOANS of any amount on furniture, pianos, Liberty Bonds; bring your financial troubles and business worries to us; we can help you.
O. F. WHITTEN CO.
201 Flatiron Bldg.
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LOANS
MADE PROMPTLY ON
PIANOS AUTOMOBILES
FURNITURE LIBERTY BONDS
Or any good collateral security.
Easy terms and rates.
SURETY LOAN CO.
408 FLATIRON BLDG.
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MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy terms; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY
For salaried people without indorsement. R. D. IRON COMPANY, 201 PETERS BLDG.

SMALL LOANS ON LIBERTY BONDS AT LOW RATES
WE lend full value $50 to $500. Atlanta Discount Co., 818 Atl. Natl. Bank. Bldg.

$12,500 at 6% Interest
TO LEND on first class residences. Other amounts at 7 per cent for first mortgages. W. O. ALSTON,
1206-7 Third National Bank Bldg.

Money furnished salaried people. Business confidential. C. G. Mathis, 33½ South Broad St. Bell Main 3397.

MONEY to loan. Current rate. Fulton Investment Co., 1701 Hurt Bldg.

LOANS on automobiles. Fidelity Discount Co., 1006 Fourth National Bank bldg.

W. P. WOLL
LOANS $25.00 AND UP
ON household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
Room 301-02 Peters Bldg.
Main 3771—Phones—Atlanta 677.

SALARIES BOUGHT—Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076.

BRITAIN TO FREE IRISH PRISONERS

In Order to Prevent Great Demonstration Prisoners Will Be Returned to Ireland in Small Batches.

London, March 6.—The British government has decided to release all Irish political prisoners, says The Daily Mail today.

In order to prevent a great public demonstration, the newspaper adds, the prisoners will return to Ireland in small batches.

SOUTH MUST WAKE UP, ASSERTS CHAMP CLARK

Knoxville, Tenn., March 5.—"It is time for the south to wake up and take possession of the trade of South and Central America," said Hon. Champ Clark, speaker of the house of representatives here tonight in the inaugural address of the Appalachian Merchants' Annual Short Course held under the auspices of the University of Tennessee. He pointed out that because of its nearness to the nations of South and Central America it has even better opportunity than other parts of the country for building up a strong trade system with them and for replacing the products supplied before the war by Germany and other European nations. With characteristic humor, the speaker replied to the loud applause that greeted his first utterances with the quotation, "The sweetest incense that ever greets the nostrils of a public man is the applause of the people."

In taking up his discussion of the possibilities of foreign trade for the United States, the speaker told briefly of trade conditions in several great countries before the present war, and explained that Americans have failed to get the trade they should have, because they let other countries outstrip them in shipbuilding and general extension policies.

Outlining the policies that must be adopted in order to gain the South American trade, Speaker Clark said the people must do four things; Teach Spanish in the universities and training schools, make our goods as they want them made and pack them as they want them. They know better than we do what they want and what meets their needs, and, finally, arrange satisfactory banking facilities.

The speaker pointed out that the South American people are in the practice of paying their bills every six months, and that if the people of America trade with them, settlements must be made according to their rules of doing business.

Police Seeking Boy.

The local police have been asked to aid in the search for a 16-year-old boy, who was given $25 by his employer and told to go to the bank and get change and failed to return. According to the manager, during the rush Wednesday the money was given to the boy, who was told to go to the Lowry National bank, only a block away. The boy was known around the store as "Jim," and claimed to live in West End. He came to Atlanta a short time ago from Greenville, S. C., and had been at work here for the last several days.

Individual Service

We are told by science that no two objects in nature are exactly alike. Even the particles of sand, which appear so uniform, are found to be different when absolutely compared.

While this may be an extreme application as regards practical optics, it is nevertheless a logical and correct illustration of the importance of having glasses fitted to INDIVIDUAL REQUIREMENTS.

Eyes differ vastly. There are thousands of combinations of lenses. It behooves you when in need of glasses to have them fitted with the utmost skill and accuracy. We offer you a service unexcelled.

A. K. Hawkes Company

OPTOMETRISTS AND OPTICIANS,
Established 1870. 14 Whitehall St.

ANALYSIS:

Fixed Carbon	62.2
Volatile Matter	34.2
Moisture	2.5
Ash	1.1
British Thermal Units	15.512

The most famous domestic and steam Coal in America. See the analysis. Write for further information and prices.

Exclusive Agents for Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina.

SEABROOK COAL CO.

Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta's Live Store for Men

This Is a Demonstration in Clothing Values for Atlanta Men—

JUST because the price range of our superior clothes is from $18 to $75 some men may make the mistake in thinking that our assortments at $18 and $25 aren't very large.

That's why we have collected our $18 and $25 Suits—placed a display of them in our window and invite men who want good clothes at those prices to come in and inspect what we consider are the best suits that $18 or $25 can buy anywhere in the South.

More and more men in Atlanta are getting to the point where they just naturally come to Eiseman's for always-reliable clothes. And small wonder—for our assortments are exceptionally broad in all sizes—our fitting service is accurate to the extreme, and we refund money as cheerfully as we take it in should any dissatisfaction arise.

If you come in we promise a demonstration in value giving that will be an eye-opener for you and a sale closer for us in our regular suits at

$18 and $25

Most Young Men will find their models in the range at $18.

Other distinctively styled Spring Suits—$30, $35, $40 upwards to $60 and $75. Tailored by the House of Kuppenheimer and High-Art.

When you come in let us show you the New Spring Hats—they're winners, every one!

The Daylight Corner — EISEMAN'S — One Whitehall Street

50 YEARS IN ATLANTA

AMUSEMENTS

"A Tailor-Made Man."

(At Atlanta Theater Tonight.)

Cohan and Harris have added another winner to their long list of successes in "A Tailor-Made Man," a brilliant American comedy by the late Harry James Smith, which played to crowded houses at the Cohan and Harris theater, New York, for one solid year. Local play-goers will have an opportunity to pass approval on this play at the Atlanta theater, where it will be presented for three nights and matinee, beginning tonight.

It has been said that more than any comedy brought out in recent years, "A Tailor-Made Man" is truly and emphatically American. It fairly breathes the American spirit of progress and push. It exhales the American atmosphere in the business office, and it has a philosophy that is at once stimulating and energizing.

"Chin Chin"

(Coming to Atlanta Theater.)

"Chin Chin," which comes to the Atlanta theater on Monday night for three nights and Wednesday matinee, is a musical comedy, or concoction, that "turned them away" on a previous engagement. Charles Dillingham thought it over and resolved that he had a piece of theatrical property far too valuable to pack away in the storehouse. He had no concern about its fate if he could get a pair of comedians with enough talent to play the parts of the two Chinese. Walter Wills and Roy Binder came up to the specifications, and so the new "Chin Chin," with as much pains taken upon it as the original production, was sent on tour. Yet "Chin Chin" does not depend wholly upon the chief comedians. Its melodies, already familiar everywhere, are ingratiating. The "Good-by Girls" song, "The Love Moon" and other numbers are delightfully tuneful, and the sprightliness of the complete score is fetching. The seat sale opens tomorrow (Friday) morning.

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Two celebrated musical comedy stars, Muriel Hudson and Dave Jones, come to Loew's Grand today and for the balance of the week. For the first time together in vaudeville in Atlanta, they will present their new musical sketch, "On the Bridal Path." It will be found a delightful skit, and one overflowing with catchy songs and many laughs. Miss Hudson was a former member of the Ziegfeld Follies company, and Dave Jones has for the past season been featured with the Winter Garden show, "From Paris to Broadway." Another offering that will please is that of Leonore Simonson, late with the New York Hippodrome show, "Hip, Hip, Hurray!" where she was the prima donna. Other acts are Bevan and Flint, in "A Slight Interruption;" Beck and Stone, harmony singers; the Cavana Duo, in a circus act, and Gladys Brockwell, in the photoplay "The Forbidden Room."

Clara Kimball Young.

(At the Criterion.)

"Cheating Cheaters," in which Clara Kimball Young is being starred at the Criterion theater this week, is a picture containing all the necessary factors that make for success, and that take it from the rut of the ordinary. The supporting company is of the highest order; it has capable direction and beautiful investiture; all of Miss Young's gowns were created especially for her by Lucile, Lady Duff-Gordon, the world-famous designer of gowns, and the story is of the suspense-to-the-last-minute kind. "Cheating Cheaters" is an adaptation from the stage success of the same name, and as a play ran for two years on Broadway.

D. W. Griffith's "Birth of a Nation," the standard of all photoplay comparisons, is scheduled next week at the Criterion. The advance sale opens Friday at the Criterion box office.

William Russell.

(At the Savoy.)

A most unusual picture, laid among the Texas Rangers, is "When a Man Rides Alone," a William Russell production, which will be shown at the Savoy theater today. It is the third of a series of eight with William Russell in the leading role. It was made for the American Film company, and is to be released through the various Pathe exchanges.

Charlie Chaplin.

(At the Alpha.)

Charlie Chaplin in "Shoulder Arms" will be presented at the Alpha theater today. This is the first time this picture has ever been shown for 5 cents in Atlanta. Charlie plays the part of a doughboy in the trenches. His experiences in the army are screamingly funny. Friday, the fourteenth episode of "The Lure of the Circus," entitled "Flames," will be presented with Eddie Polo and Eileen Sedwick in the leading roles.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

Belle Montrose and company will offer a most pleasing entertainment as the headliners of the bill which opens at the Lyric theater today. In addition there will be Julia Curtis, singer, the Five Princeton girls, a musical number, Bessye Clifton in art studies, and the Three Chums in songs.

Arbuckle and Burke.

(At the Forsyth.)

Fatty Arbuckle and Billie Burke will be the attraction presented at the Forsyth theater beginning today, and a splendid program is assured everybody. Fatty will be seen for the fourth day now in "Love," in which he has been scoring a wonderful success, and Billie Burke comes in her latest picture, "Good Gracious Annabelle," in which this young and charming star of the screen and of the stage is at her best. Great crowds have been attending all performances this week at the Forsyth and and antics of the jolly comedian, Arbuckle, and his helpers, have proved very amusing.

Alla Nazimova.

(At the Rialto.)

Alla Nazimova, whose first three pictures brought to her the title of "The Wonder Woman," has proved in her fourth offering, "Out of the Fog," that every one of her productions is a better one than the one which went before. Here she is shown in two roles, the last being that of a young girl, on whose head is blamed the faults of her mother. In it is staged a tremendous fight between the girl and a brutal mate of a steamer, from which she is rescued by the young hero. In the end there comes a very successful ending and one that is most satisfactory.

Bates and Bosworth.

(At the Strand.)

Blanche Bates, the celebrated stage star, has scored an ephatic triumph in her first appearance in motion pictures as co-star with Hobart Bosworth, eminent screen player, in "The Border Legion," a vivid picturization of Zane Grey's famous story, which Goldwyn presents at the Strand theater. The role of Joan Randall, a daring girl of the west, gives Blanche Bates wider scope for her famed dramatic talents than even the character she portrayed in "The Girl of the Golden West."

Big Crowds Throng Tudor to Witness Wonderful Picture

Great crowds continue to flock to the Tudor to witness Alan Holubar's wonderful war picture, "The Heart of Humanity," which is now being presented for the third week by The Constitution.

Presenting impressive scenes in which loyalty to the flag and love for homeland are so graphically depicted, "The Heart of Humanity" is universally conceded to be the nation's greatest picture of patriotic appeal.

The strongest tribute paid the master production was the popular clamor from theater patrons that it be allowed to run two weeks longer than its scheduled time. During the third week the performances will be continuous, from 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

An idea of the magnitude of the film superspectacle can be gleamed from the fact that its production cost approximately $335,000, while 8,000 feet of film depicting battle scenes are shown.

BOY IS BITTEN BY DOG; ANIMAL IS CAPTURED

Suffering from numerous bites about the face which were inflicted by a strange dog, W. J. Bicknell, Jr., a 6-year-old boy who lives at 544 West Peachtree street, Wednesday was reported rapidly recovering at his residence. The boy was bitten while playing in the yard at 579 West Peachtree street woth a companion, when a strange dog appeared and attacked him. Neighbors drove the dog off, and Call Officers Anderson and Webb were notified. The officers captured the dog a short time later, and the canine will be examined for rabies.

BANKS OF LOUISIANA PREPARE FOR LOAN

New Orleans, March 5.—With total subscriptions of $4,175,000 to February 13 series of treasury certificates in anticipation of the Fifth Liberty Loan, the banks of Louisiana put the state in the lead of other states in the sixth federal reserve district, Marcus Walker, manager of the New Orleans branch of the federal reserve bank announced. These figures, Mr. Walker said, do not include banks in northern Louisiana, which is in the eleventh federal reserve district.

Georgia banks, including the entire state, subscribed $2,417,000 worth of the certificates, according to Mr. Walker. Other states took the following amounts: Alabama, $2,154,500; Florida, $2,355,000; Mississippi, $723,500, and Tennessee, $3,656,000.

The certificates which are sold to banking institutions yield money with which the government meets immediate expenses.

GEORGIA TAKES ACTION TO FIX BOUNDARY LINE

Washington, March 5.—The state of Georgia in motions filed today in the supreme court asks permission to institute original proceedings for the purpose of having finally determined the boundary line between that state and South Carolina from the mouth of the Savannah river to the headwaters of Tugalo river. The motion was taken under advisement.

Authority to institute the suit was given in a resolution adopted on August 21, 1917, by the Georgia legislature and grows out of contentions made by Georgia authorities that the eastern boundary of that state is the northern or eastern bank of the rivers Chattooga, Tugalo and Savannah.

FRANCE TO ESTABLISH POPULAR RESTAURANTS

Paris, March 5.—The chamber of deputies today passed without discussion a bill authorizing the government advance 25,000,000 francs for the organization of popular restaurants.

MORE OVERSEAS MEN REACH UNITED STATES

"New York, March 5.—The transport Powhatan, with 61 officers, 2,465 troops and 4 civilians, arrived here today from Bordeaux.

Units aboard included the 66th coast artillery corps complete; part of the 47th coast artillery corps, detachments of the 335th and 336th field artillery of the 87th division (troops of Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi) for Camps Dodge, Funston, Dix and Pike; and convalescents and casuals.

The transport Sierra also arrived from Bordeaux, with 68 officers, 1,401 troops and 3 naval officers.

Organizations included Bordeaux convalescent detachments Nos. 72, 109, 110, 111, 123 and 124; the 312th ammunition train complete (87th division); 221 sick and wounded and casual officers.

Bringing 45 convalescent officers, 51 nurses and 2 civilians, the army transport Santa Marta arrived from Bordeaux. The invalids were of Bordeaux convalescent detachment No. 122 and base hospitals Nos. 3 and 32.

Four Transports Sail.

Washington, March 5.—Departure from France of four transports, the Espagne, the Patria, the Panaman and the Calamares, bringing 320 officers and about 5,500 men, was announced today by the war department. The ships are due at New York March 14 and 15. Units on board consist mainly of coast artillery, tank corps and engineer troops, including a headquarters detachment of the 31st brigade coast artillery for Camp Hancock, Georgia.

The detachment also announced that the 310th trench mortar battery had sailed on the Iowan, instead of the 210th as previously reported.

The steamship Argentina has sailed from Marseilles for New York with 3,500 American troops aboard.

AMERICA HOLDS ALLIES TO FOOD AGREEMENT

Paris, March 5.—Difficulty is being experienced in arranging for the promised abatement of the cost of living in France through the importation on the government account of large amounts of food supplies from America because of the hesitation of the French government to expend specie in purchase abroad, fearing that the high cost of exchange will be thereby still further increased by heavier adverse trade balances.

America also objects to the efforts of the entente allies to seek cheaper food supplies in South America and elsewhere, thus compelling reduction of prices at home below those guaranteed by congress to American farmers. The American contention is that these guaranteed minimum prices for wheat and pork were fixed to insure ample supplies for the entente armies and peoples, and that it is not fair now to require the American government to meet heavy losses which would result from cutting home prices to meet those offered in neutral markets.

The water of a Spanish river petrifies the sand in its bed and cements together stones thrown into it.

EMPLOYMENT WORK WILL BE CONTINUED

New York, March 5.—The United States employment service will continue to operate despite failure of congress to pass the administration deficiency bill, Dr. George W. Kirchwy, federal director of New York state announced tonight.

"I have been advised by the director general that the service will be continued in its present status for the time being," said Dr. Kirchwy, "and that efforts are being made to provide funds which will assure its maintenance until the next congress has had time to act at the call of the president."

Spain is believed to have 5,500,000,000 tons of coal in deposits scattered over nine provinces.

A. E. McLean International MOTOR TRUCKS

All Styles and Sizes
New and Second-hand
CASH or TERMS
92 S. Forsyth St. Main 481

Rheumatism Will Quickly Disappear

Just take Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Remedy as directed, and your rheumatism will begin to disappear at once. This old and long used remedy, well-known to everybody, has relieved thousands of sufferers from rheumatism and other complaints arising from disordered kidneys. It is purely a vegetable tonic which removes the cause of pain and irritation, thereby stopping the disease. It is a good alterative and diuretic, and a gentle but effective laxative. It will help you. Bottle $1.00, or postpaid on receipt of price.

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Alonzo Richardson and Co.
CERTIFIED Public Accountants
1421 to 1425 EMPIRE BLDG.
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The most sought after of all investments is the uptown store, leased for a period of years and immune from all fluctuations.

Such property often comes high; it is beyond the reach of the average buyer.

At this particular time an opportunity presents itself to the man of vision who will act with promptness.

This opportunity consists of the low-priced business lots that can be bought cheap and improved for tenants on leases.

WE HAVE BUSINESS LOTS ON
PEACHTREE STREET EAST MITCHELL STREET
IVY STREET WEST PEACHTREE STREET

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GROUND FLOOR HEALEY BUILDING

We are prepared to make loans on Real Estate at prevailing rates. Purchase money notes bought.

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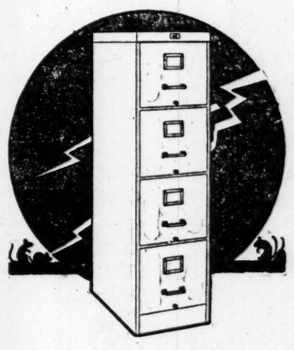
Dealers in Atlanta Mortgages for nearly thirty years.



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Will protect your valuable papers against loss from fire, dampness and vermin.

It is entirely practicable to buy one piece today, and another next year, and put them together just as you would a sectional bookcase.

Foote & Davies Company

Edgewood At Pryor : : Phone Ivy 4600

45 Days Extension

INCOME TAX RETURNS

Corporations unable to compile returns by March 15 are allowed to estimate tax due, pay 25 per cent and file Tentative Returns on Form 1031T, by March 15.

JOEL HUNTER & CO., ATLANTA

MONEY FOR MORTGAGES

We are prepared at all times to negotiate loans on real estate, city, suburban or farms.

Current Rates—Prompt Service.

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Green, Tilson & McKinney, Attorneys.
1701-10 Hurt Building.

INCOME AND EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS PROPERLY PREPARED.

5 Years' Experience in the Internal Revenue Office—District of Ga.

J. C. MURPHY

Rooms 922-25 Atlanta National Bank Building.
Phone Main 93. ATLANTA, GA.
Prompt, Efficient Service. Charges Reasonable.

LODGE NOTICES

Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons.

A regular meeting of the coordinate bodies of the Scottish Rite will be held in the Masonic Temple this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock, to transact general business and elect officers in the Consistory. Visiting brothers cordially welcomed.

A regular communication of Chamblee Lodge No. 444, F. & A. M., will be held in their hall at Chamblee, Ga., this (Thursday) p. m., at 7 o'clock. Work in Entered Apprentice degree. Brethren at Camp Gordon cordially invited.

P. C. COKER, W. M.
O. L. COWAN, Secretary.

The regular communication of Fulton Lodge, No. 216, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple, this (Thursday) evening, March 6, 1919, at 7:30 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred by Brother Junior Warden, F. M. Galbraith. Candidates for initiation and for examination will please present themselves promptly. All qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of

M. E. BODENHEIMER, W. M.
J. H. LEAVITT, Secretary.

A regular communication of John Rosier Lodge No. 608, F. & A. M., will be held in their temple, corner of Hemphill avenue and West Tenth street, this (Thursday) evening, March 6, at 7:30 o'clock. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred. All candidates for advancement are requested to present themselves for examination. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to attend.

R. L. O'CONNOR, W. M.
CLAUDE E. MARSH, Secretary.

A regular communication of Pythagoras Lodge, No. 41, F. & A. M., will be held at the Masonic hall in Decatur, Ga., this (Thursday) evening, March 6, 1919, at 7:30 p. m. The fellowcraft degree will be conferred. All qualified brethren cordially invited to be present. By order of

A. R. ALMON, W. M.
FLETCHER PEARSON, Secretary.

The regular meeting of Barnes Lodge No. 55, I. O. O. F., will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Initiatory degree will be conferred. All members of the lodge are requested to be present. We will be glad to have members of other lodges meet with us. Hall corner Broad and W. Alabama streets.

A. H. TATES, N. G.
THOS. J. BUCHANAN, Secretary.

B. P. O. OF ELKS—Election of Officers and Initiation.

A regular session of Atlanta Lodge, No. 78, B. P. O. of Elks will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to meet with us. Lunch will be served immediately after the session. Fraternally,

C. W. BERNHARDT,
Exalted Ruler.
THEO MAST, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

ADAMS—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Adams, Mrs. Carrie McPheeters, Mr. James R. McPheeters, of Detroit, Mich.; Mr. T. B. McPheeters, of Atlanta, and Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Speer, of Montgomery, Ala., are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. K. Adams this (Thursday) afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence, 292 Seaboard avenue, the body leaving Friday morning at 6 o'clock over the A. & W. P. and W. R. R. of Alabama for Montgomery, for the funeral and interment. Greenberg & Bond, funeral directors in charge.

AWTRY & LOWNDES CO.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Auto Ambulance

Don't get up at night. Drink the Celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine, costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drug store, Marietta and Broad Sts. Phone them. —(adv.)

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Arthur Heyman.
Brewster, Howell & Heyman,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building.
Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

LEN B. GUILLEBEAU
Attorney at Law
Fourth National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia
Telephone: Ivy 7199. Res. Main 911.

Notice of Stock Issue

Notice is hereby given that Dougherty County Power Company has made application to the Railroad Commission of Georgia for authority to issue Fifty Thousand ($50,000.00) Dollars par value of capital stock, the proceeds of the sale to be used in the purchase of real estate rights and privileges known as Porter Shoals property near Albany, Georgia.

This petition will be heard by the Railroad Commission at meeting beginning at ten o'clock A. M., March 12, 1919, at the offices of the Commission in the State Capitol, Atlanta. All parties desiring to be heard in connection with this matter should communicate with the Commission on or before the date above mentioned.

This notice is given in accordance with the requirements of the Railroad Commission.

DOUGHERTY COUNTY POWER COMPANY,
By DERMOT SHEMWELL,
President.
February 26, 1919.

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TILE FLOORS AND WALLS
Tile Work, Every Description
Cement Work, All Kinds
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